The Weather
Today—Mostly cloudy, occasional showers ending tomorrow morning, followed by less humid and little change in temperature. Yesterday—High, 82; low, 68.

The Washington Post

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UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AUG 12 1946 LIBRARY

Pilotless B17s Fly 2400 Miles, 'Bomb' Coast

U. S., Reds Clash on Vote; Byrnes Charges 'Dictation'

Highlights of Disagreement Between Byrnes, Molotov

The differences between Secretary Byrnes and Foreign Minister Molotov are pointed up by the following extracts from their speeches yesterday:

ON DICTATION TO THE LITTLE POWERS:

Byrnes: "What he (Molotov) was seeking to do was to have the Big Four council meet to dictate who should be elected chairman of the various commissions."

Molotov: "It was good to prepare a draft procedure in advance. It was not an attempt to dictate to the conference but only an attempt to advise the conference. We are far from dictating anything. The Soviet Union is just trying to persuade others to her views."

ON CONSISTENCY:

Byrnes: "Yesterday Mr. Molotov lectured the representatives of the United Kingdom and the United States for what he termed their inconsistency in supporting an amendment to the rules as to voting procedure . . . Mr. Molotov concluded his statement by offering an amendment to the same section of the rules . . . Only Mr. Molotov could have done that.

Molotov: "Not for the first time does the Soviet delegation find itself in a position where the decision adopted unanimously yesterday is being opposed today and we are left quite alone defending it."

Molotov Insists on 2-3 Ballot Regulation While We Hold for Simple Majority

BULLETIN

Paris (Wednesday), Aug. 7 (AP). The Peace Conference Rules Committee adopted today a British amendment on voting procedure permitting simple majority decisions to go before the Big Four Foreign Ministers Council as conference recommendation.

The vote was 14 to 6. One delegate abstained from voting.

The ballot was on a contested portion of the British amendment establishing two classes of conference recommendations—those backed by a simple majority an dthose supported by a two-thirds majority.

Paris, Aug. 6 (AP).—The United States and the Soviet Union clashed head-on today in a bitter debate over voting procedure, and Secretary of State Byrnes charged Soviet Foreign Minister Molotov with attempting to dictate to the peace conference.

The Russian statesman, labelling Byrnes' speech as "violent and perhaps bellicose," denied the charge and declared his delegation alone was defending the decisions of the Big Four Council.

In the midst of the pitched battle between proponents of the two thirds majority and those of the simple majority, Yugoslavia announced it would not consider itself bound by any decisions reached by anything less than a two thirds vote. A British spokesman said later the entire Russian bloc might leave the conference if the two thirds majority rule were modified.

After hours of oratory and recrimination, Molotov accepted Byrnes' challenge to have the American views published in the Soviet press.

Following the heated debate the Rules Committee at a night session rejected, 11 to 9, a New Zealand amendment which would have established a simple majority vote rule for all conference decision. One delegate abstained from voting.

Voting Roll Call

Voting affirmatively on the New Zealand proposal were Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Greece, India, New Zealand, the Netherlands and South Africa.

The opposing countries were the United States, Bylorussia, China, France, Great Britain, Norway, Poland, Czechoslovakia, the Ukraine, Russia and Yugoslavia.

Ethiopia abstained.

During the afternoon session Rules Committee chairman Paul-Henri Spaak of Belgium pleaded in vain with the members to reach agreement which would permit the work of the conference to continue.

But when the committee voted 11 to 8 to proceed to a vote on the various amendments to the rules on conference procedure, Molotov challenged it, maintaining adamantly that the amendments establishing voting procedure were substantive rather than procedural matters and required a two thirds vote.

Byrnes suggested that the chairman put to the committee the question whether establishing the method of voting procedure should itself require a two thirds majority.

Britain's Hector McNeil said he was "baffled by the Soviet attitude," and declared "Mr. Molotov knows that is true that any organization without a constitution proceeds by a simple majority to form one."

Byrnes also protested, stating it would be "a most unfortunate precedent" to establish the two-

See CONFER, Page 2, Column 5

Heirens Coolly Confesses To 3 Slayings

Student, 17, Reenacts Killings of Degnan Child, Wave, Woman

Chicago, Aug. 6 (U.P.).—William Heirens, 17, coolly confessed to three shocking crimes today—one the strangling and dismemberment of 6-year-old Suzanne Degnan—and then smilingly reenacted the crimes before a silent and grim crowd of several thousand persons.

For four hours the University of Chicago sophomore told the State's attorney how he strangled Suzanne with his hands last December 7; how he knifed and shot Frances Brown, former Wave, in her apartment last December 10; how he slashed and strangled Mrs. Josephine Ross, 43, a divorcee, in her apartment June 5, 1945.

The youth said he got "no satisfaction" from the slayings, but did derive sexual gratification—his underlying motive in all his crimes—from his many burglaries. He killed Mrs. Ross and Miss Brown when they surprised him burglarizing their homes. He entered the Degnan home intent on burglary, he said, and killed the child when she awoke.

20,000-Word Confession

Heirens, described by authorities as a person with a Jekyll-Hyde personality, told how he named his bad self "George Murman" and of his inner conflict between "myself and George."

After his 20,000-word confession, he was taken to the scenes of the slayings. In his reenactment at the Degnen home, a ladder was propped against the window and he climbed into Suzanne's bedroom, returning to the window in a few moments and climbing down.

He smiled faintly at several points in the reenactment. The child's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Degnan, who reportedly are expecting another child soon, were not at home.

A crowd of about 2000 jostled and shoved to get a look at the killer. He was then taken to the basement of an apartment building nearby where he had dissected the child's body.

Doesn't Recall Using Knife

After the reenactment was completed, he was taken to the homes of Mrs. Ross and Miss Brown to reenact those crimes.

In his confession of the slaying of Miss Brown, he told of climbing the fire escape of her apartment and entering through a window. When she screamed, he struck her four times with the butt of his gun and then shot her once in the head.

See HEIRENS, Page 2, Column 3

Smith Assured Of Victory in Early Returns

Hutchinson and Byrd Running Close in Nearby Virginia

Representative Howard W. Smith appeared reassured of renomination as Congressman from the Eighth Virginia District in early returns from 75 of 217 nearby Virginia precincts.

Tabulated were 4079 votes for Representative Smith, 676 for Mrs. Murray, 141 for Hurst and 198 for Major Tate.

But while Smith had a comfortable 3-1 lead over his three opponents in the race, the contest between Senator Harry F. Byrd and Martin A. Hutchinson, Richmond attorney, was running close in the nearby area.

In Alexandria, Hutchinson had polled 1059 votes to Senator Byrd's 780 with three wards reporting. Smith, however, had a count of 889, to 516 for Mrs. Murray, 122 for Hurst and 183 for Tate.

With 4 Arlington precincts reporting, Smith had 925 votes to Mrs. Murray's 247, 62 for Hurst and 129 for Tate. Byrd had a two to one lead over Hutchinson, with the Senator tallying 889 votes to Hutchinson's 489.

Prince William County, with 13 out of 17 precincts reporting, gave Smith 763 votes to 125 for Mrs. Murray, 50 for Hurst and 46 for Tate. In the Senatorial race, Byrd had 695 votes to Hutchinson's 306.

Fairfax, with all precincts reporting, gave Byrd 1686 votes to 1350 for Hutchinson. Smith tallied 2002, Mrs. Murray 803, Hurst 155 and Tate 220.

Loudoun County, with 26 of 28 precincts reporting, gave Byrd 1790 votes to Hutchinson's 284. Smith tallied 1808 votes, Mrs. Murray, 128; Hurst, 22, and Tate, 57.

Radio Active Element Found Over France

Paris, Aug. 6 (INS).—Discovery of a wave of radio-active particles in the stratosphere 20,000 feet over central France was reported tonight by the Puy-de-Dome Observatory. Research is under way to determine if the particles originated at Bikini.

Jap Peace Treaty Drafted

London, Aug. 6 (U.P.).—United States State Department and British Foreign Office experts have completed rough American and British drafts for a Japanese peace treaty, a well-informed diplomatic source said tonight.

Montgomery Asks British Army Be Liberalized

London, Aug. 6 (U.P.).—Field Marshal Lord Montgomery, chief of the Imperial General Staff, today proposed to abolish barracks, short term passes, lights out and the prohibition on associations between officers and enlisted men.

The idea is to make military life attractive.

Montgomery said his plans had to be gone over with commanders-in-chief overseas before they could be put into effect.

He pronounced roll call, minor parades and the ban on officers associating with enlisted men as petty and archaic. He said all officers should be required to pass through the ranks.

Montgomery will go from Canada to Washington on September 10 to inspect American military establishments at the invitation of Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower.

Hardy Ahead of Daughton

Byrd Leading Hutchinson 56,171 to 32,703 in Va. Primary

Richmond, Va., Aug. 6 (AP).—Unofficial returns from 625 of Virginia's 1718 precincts gave Senator Harry F. Byrd 56,171 votes tonight to 32,703 for Martin A. Hutchinson, his Richmond opponent, in today's Democratic primary.

In the Second District race for the House of Representatives, Porter Hardy, jr., Norfolk County farmer, took a lead of 3477 to 1563 over Representative H. Daughton of Norfolk, in the initial returns from 32 of the District's 137 precincts.

The Second District contest was regarded as one of the hottest of the five congressional races decided today simultaneously with the senatorial scrap.

In the Third District, returns from 60 of 125 precincts gave Minnie Folkes, jr., former Marine officer, 6568 vote to 6233 for Representative J. Vaughan Gary. Three of the seven precincts were in the city of Richmond and gave Folkes a lead there of 313 to 165.

In the Fifth District contest to fill a vacancy left by the elevation of Representative G. Burch to the Senate, returns from 42 of 236 precincts gave Thomas B. Staney of Henry County, retiring speaker of the Virginia House of Delegates, 2598 votes to 1604 for Lindsey L. Moore of Pittsylvania County, also a member of the House of Delegates.

Representative J. Lindsay Almond, jr., former judge of the Roanoke Hustings Court, took better than a 2-to-1 lead over John M. Goldsmith of Radford in early tabu-

See VIRGINIA, Page 2, Column 3

Vote Heavy In Missouri's 5th District

Balloting Elsewhere In State Is Light; 100 With Forged Papers Are Ejected

BULLETIN

St. Louis, Aug. 6 (AP).—Enos Axtell, running with Presidential blessing, took a 539-vote lead over Representative Roger C. Slaughter, whom Mr. Truman wants defeated, on the strength of returns from seven precincts in the Fifth District Democratic congressional primary.

Most of the wards reporting were from the north end where the Pendergast organization, backing Axtell, is particularly strong.

The vote: Axtell 844, Slaughter 305, Jerome 77.

St. Louis, Aug. 6 (AP).—Presidential intervention in Missouri's hotly contested Fifth Congressional District primary election drew a heavy vote today.

Election officials estimated 43,000 votes had been cast by late afternoon in the Kansas City race between Roger C. Slaughter, the man President Truman tagged for defeat, and his two opponents for the Democratic nomination in the district adjoining the President's home. They said the total might go above 65,000, unusually high.

By noon Election Commisioner Ludwick Graves reported more than 100 persons had been ejected from the polls in the Fifth District for trying to use forged Democratic challenger certificates. He said fraudulent credentials for poll watchers were found in six wards.

Otherwise, he said, the election was quiet with only one or two fist fights."

Voting Elsewhere Light

Slaughter's race against Enos A. Axtell, supported by the President and the Pendergast faction and Jerome Walsh, who was defeated by Slaughter two years ago, was the only one to arouse Missouri voters. Elsewhere in the State the voting for United States senatorial nominees and 12 other congressional seats ranged from light to very light.

Senatorial interest was concentrated in the Democratic primary, where Senator Frank P. Briggs, Macon newspaper editor who was appointed to succeed Truman two years ago, was opposed by B. Marvin Casteel and Robert L. Young, both of St. Joseph.

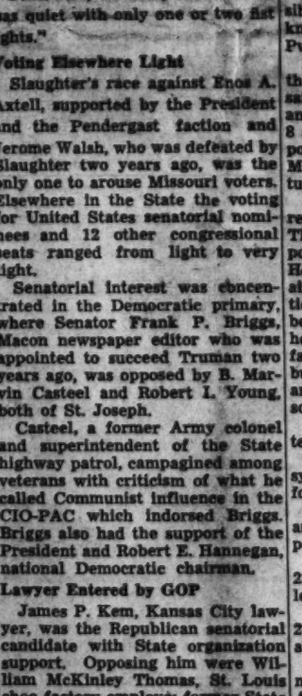
Casteel, a former Army colonel and superintendent of the State highway patrol, campagined among veterans with criticism of what he called Communist influence in the CIO-PAC which indorsed Briggs. Briggs also had the support of the President and Robert E. Hannegan, national Democratic chairman.

Lawyer Entered by GOP

James P. Kem, Kansas City lawyer, was the Republican senatorial candidate with State organization support. Opposing him were William McKinley Thomas, St. Louis shoe factory employe; former State Senator Ray Mabee of Unionsville, William P. Elmer of Salem, former

See MISSOURI, Page 2, Column 2

President Casts His Ballot



At Independence, Mo., President Truman votes in the primary election

2 Killed, 6 Hurt When Sedan Strikes Sidewalk Crowd

14th St. & New York Avenue Is Scene; Driver Can't Recall How It Happened

A heavy sedan which police said was speeding, ripped into a sidewalk crowd at Fourteenth st. and New York ave. nw., yesterday, killing two pedestrians and injuring six, including the driver.

The driver of the car, Cecil Patterson, 43, of 3414 Carpenter st. ne., told police from his bed at Emergency Hospital, that he had no recollection of the accident. He said he remembered nothing from the moment he turned off Massachusetts avenue at Thomas Circle down Fourteenth st.

The tragedy occurred shortly after the morning rush hour. Police said the car sped through the busy intersection, swerved as though to avoid a parked cab, jumped the curb and sent its victims hurtling through the air. It crashed into a tree, 30 feet south of the intersection.

The dead were:

Joseph A. Scannell, 45, of 1929 Pennsylvania ave. nw., a manufacturers' salesman.

John Lowe, 50, a mail carrier here for 23 years, who lived at 420 11th st. ne.

Police said that the impact of the two-ton Cadillac sedan threw Scannell 80 feet down Fourteenth st. Lowe was thrown about 55 feet in the same direction.

Bloodstains left on the pavement by the two bodies clearly showed the distance they were thrown.

Lieut. William J. Liverman, chief of the Accident Investigation Unit, said the car was traveling between 40 and 50 miles an hour at the intersection.

Patterson, who suffered a possible fracture of the skull, right knee and hip, gave his account to Pvt. A. B. Nichilson of the AIU.

Patterson, a linotype operator at the Government Printing Office said that he had worked all night and that he lef the job about 8 a. m. He drove a friend to Dupont Circle, and drove east on Massachusetts ave. intending to turn south at 14h st.

Patterson told Nicholson that he recalled rounding the turn at Thomas Circle, but beyond that point he must have "blacked out." He said he suffered from no heart ailment; that he had no recollection of having lost consciousness before. However, he did say that he remembered having occasional fainting spells when he was a child, but that he had not experienced any spells since that time, Nicholson said.

The injured in addition to Patterson are:

Harry Sydnor, 48, of 2510 Pennsylvania ave. nw., fractured left foot.

Robert James, 22, a Navy veteran, of 32061 Volta pl. nw., compound fracture, lower left leg.

Lillian Harris, Negro, 23, 1122 22d st. nw., compound fracture, left leg.

Lawrence Baldwin, 21, RFD No. 2, Alexandria, Va., minor abrasions and scratches.

Ensign Robert Marmet, of Portsmouth, Va., who was staying at the Ambassador Hotel, 14th and K sts. nw., abrasions, lacerations of the face and body.

James and Miss Harris were in critical condition at Emergency Hospital last night. Marmet was at Bethesda Naval Hospital in fair condition. Sydnor was released from Emergency after treatment and Baldwin did not require hospitalization.

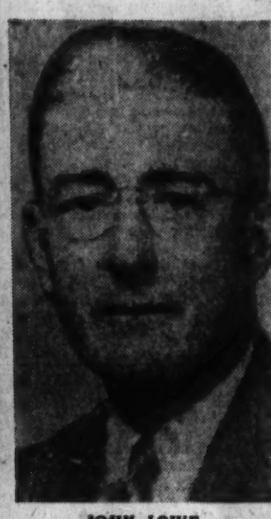
A few seconds before the accident occurred Louis P. Braxton, Negro, 30, of 1630 Florida ave. nw., pulled up his Skyview Cab about 30 feet below the intersection to take Marmet aboard.

Marmet had scarcely opened the cab door when the cab parked behind rammed the rear of Braxton's cab.

John O'Neil, 35, of 33 Franklin st. ne., said that he stopped his

See TRAFFIC, Page 7, Column 4

JOSEPH A. SCANNEL



JOHN LOWE

Pedestrians killed yesterday at 14th and New York ave. nw.

Crash Ends Downtown Auto Chase

GI Driver of Stolen Machine Hits 5 Cars In 20-Minute Dash

Three speed-minded GIs and a civilian companion eluded police for 20 minutes yesterday in a tense chase which led from Virginia into the District and through crowded downtown streets.

Only two soldiers remained in the automobile, which police said was stolen, when it came to a crashing halt at 13th and U sts. nw. The civilian and one of the soldiers jumped from the moving car during the chase. The civilian was captured.

During the chase, five cars were struck in the District by the GI-piloted car which bore two sets of Virginia license tags, one over the other. A police scout car struck but did not seriously injure a man at 12th and E sts. nw.

No Charge Placed

Those arrested were a 21-year-old technical sergeant and an 18-year-old private, both from Fort Devens, Mass., and a 26-year-old civilian from McColl, N. C. There were no immediate charges placed against any of the men.

Arlington Scout Car Patrolmen Robert Benton and Russell Runyon began the chase when they sighted a speeding car at 23rd st and No. 1 Highway in Arlington.

Benton said they intended only to stop the driver and warn him against exceeding the speed limit. However, when they motioned the driver, the technical sergeant, to pull over, he stepped on the gas and pulled in front of the police car.

Across 14th St. Bridge

The Arlington policemen chased the car across the 14th St. Bridge into the District, and then hung on as the car they pursued swung right on Constitution ave.

The chase continued east on Constitution ave. to 12th st., north on 12th st. to Pennsylvania ave., west on Pennsylvania ave. to 13th st., north on 13th st. to Massachusetts ave., west on Massachusetts

See CHASE, Page 7, Column 6

'Teddy's' Widow 85

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 6 (U.P.).—Mrs. Edith Kermit Roosevelt, widow of the late President Theodore Roosevelt, was 85 years old today.

Peril of Chlorine At Kalamazoo Gone With Wind

Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 6 (INS).—A north wind broke up a huge cloud of lethal chlorine gas today as authorities prepared to evacuate the northeast section of Kalamazoo.

The gas escaped from a pipeline at a paper mill, overcoming 13 employes and seven other persons and forcing dozens of families from their homes. The cloud moved five miles from the plant, following the Kalamazoo River to the city limits before it was broken up.

J. H. Sinclair, mill employment manager, is credited with saving scores by driving ahead of the gas to warn residents. Ten-year-old William Youngs, who returned to his home for the family cat, was overcome.

Justice Dept. Attorneys Get Garsson Case

Paisley Heads Team; 2 Income Tax Experts To Examine Returns

By Mary Spargo
Post Reporter

Attorney General Tom Clark disclosed yesterday that William A. Paisley of the War Frauds Section has been named to head a team of Justice Department attorneys assigned to work with the FBI in the investigation of the Garsson munitions combine.

At the same time Chairman James M. Mead (D., N. Y.), revealed that the Internal Revenue Bureau has loaned two experts to the Senate War Investigating Committee to aid in the examination of income tax returns in war profits cases.

In a joint press release authorized by the Attorney General and Mead, it was announced that the Department of Justice already is taking an active part in the action before the Federal Court in Chicago to appoint a receiver for the Batavia Metal Products Co., one of the Garsson combine.

The release was read to some 40 newsmen at the Capitol by Mead.

Public Hearings Closed

The War Investigating Committee chairman said that barring "unforseen developments," the committee has closed its public hearings into the Garsson case, leaving further action up to the Justice Department.

The Senate Committee has turned over to the Justice Department its record of more than two months of hearings into the Garsson "paper empire"—a record of a "shoestring company" htat wangled 78 million dollars in war contracts and received the assiduous wartime aid of Chairman Andrew J. May (D., Ky.) of the Senate Military Affairs Committee.

Indications mounted yesterday that May, termed the "guardian angel" of the munitions combine, will never be brought before the committee to give sworn testimony.

May quietly left Washington last week for his home in Prestonsburg, Ky., where his home town physician, Dr. John Archer, insists he is "critically ill."

Mead said yesterday the committee expects to hear Friday from Warren Magee, May's Washington attorney, and from his Washington physician, Dr. Henry Lowden.

Lowden has told reporters that he had advised against the Pres-

See PROFITS, Page 2, Column 1

'Trumped Up' Charges, He Says

Higgins, Shipbuilder, Accused Of Fraud in War Contracts

By Dillard Stokes
Post Reporter

Andrew J. Higgins, whose boats put troops on scores of beachheads, was accused yesterday of fraud and conspiracy in handling his millions of dollars in war orders.

Higgins said the charges were trumped up and that his companies were in the clear.

AssistantAttorney General James P. McGranery said nothing would be given out in Washington, but that the evidence would be placed before a Federal grand jury in New Orleans, where the charges became public.

There has been an investigation of Higgins' war orders and yesterday J. Frank Cunningham of the Justice Department War Fraud division filed his orders for a grand jury hearing in the Federal Court in New Orleans.

These were in the form of a letter to Cunningham from Attorney General Tom C. Clark, which names Cunningham a special attorney with all the powers of a Federal district attorney.

The letter said the Justice Department was informed that false claims were filed by:

Higgins Aircraft; Higgins Industries, Inc.; Higgins Plastics Corp.; Andrew J. Higgins, Frank O. Higgins, his son; Morris Gottesman, his secretary-treasurer, and Milton P. Charry, his former purchasing

See HIGGINS, Page 2, Column 1

Mother Ships Guide Drones In Hop to U.S. From Hawaii

History's Longest Unmanned Flight Kept a Top Secret, Takes 15 Hours

Muroc, Calif., Aug. 6 (AP).—Two Army drone B-17 bombers landed at this desert air base from Hilo, Hawaii, in the longest completely unmanned flight in history.

The two four-engined ships made the 2400-mile flight in approximately 15 hours. They were controlled by mother planes, flying from 200 feet to 3 miles distant from the pilotless craft.

The operation was classed as top secret until all planes had landed safely at Muroc.

Drops Practice Bomb

As it approached the California coast, one of the drones dropped a practice smoke bomb off Santa Rosa Island, involving opening the bomb bays, releasing the bomb, and closing them again, all by remote control.

[Col. Harvey Alness of Bayport, Minn., commander of the flight, told International News Service it proved that long-range push-button warfare is here to stay.

["From the futuristic standpoint, atomic bombs could well have been aboard our radio-controlled 'babes' and could have been guided into targets the length of the Pacific seaboard," he said.

["They could have been sent into those targets without sending our controlling aircraft within 100 miles of the California coast.

Other Nations Can Equal It

["Other nations, too, can equal that 2500-mile radius of action, can improve on it, and can bring almost any point within the United States into effective range.

["Such a flight as this made last night was essential to illustrate that push-button warfare and radio-guided missiles are no distant thing and no remote possibilities.

["They are here right now."]

Today's flight was made at from 150 to 165 miles an hour at approximately 6500 feet altitude.

A stiff wind was blowing across Muroc Field as the drones came in, and the first had to make two runs. It was blown slightly off course on its first approach, but on the second made a perfect landing.

As a safety precaution, the drones, or "beepers," were taken off Lyman Field where there were no hard to avoid populated areas, and landed at Muroc for the same reason. They arrived over California at sparsely populated points, avoiding Los Angeles and other cities.

The drones are launched and landed by ground crews, their equipment mounted on jeeps. When the drone clears the runway,

See DRONES, Page 7, Column 3

Lightning Hits Hospital Chapel; Bus Marooned

A violent electrical storm struck the Washington area late yesterday, with lightning striking the Providence Hospital chapel, and swirling waters marooning a bus load of passengers under the B. & O. underpass in Silver Spring.

Providence Hospital chapel, on the second floor of the hospital at 2nd and D sts. se., was struck during the height of the storm at 6 p.m. One outside electrical fixture was hit, knocking out the lights in the chapel. No one was injured, and there was no interruption to electrical service in the wards, hospital authorities reported.

W. B. Kelly, driver of an Oriole Motor Coach bus, operating between Bethesda and College Park, Md., said his bus was stalled under the B. & O. viaduct in Silver Spring for 20 minutes before it could be towed out. The eight passengers aboard the bus stood on the seats when the water came to just under seat level.

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HIGGINS

From Page 1

agent and other persons and firms not known to the department.

In General Terms

The Clark letter said the Higgins group held out important data, filed false bills and conspired to put the alleged frauds into effect.

The charges were all in general terms and did not say when, where or how the frauds were committed or how much money was involved.

Assistant Attorney General McGranery said none of these details could be made public and pointed out that hearing the evidence the grand jury might decide Higgins did nothing wrong.

Called 'Bar Room Gossip'

New Orleans, Aug. 6 (U.P.).—"Someone is going to pay for this," Andrew J. Higgins said today when he heard of the charges against him.

"These obviously are trumped up charges. "I know some of our people have gone down to answer some questions, but all of this can be cleared up. I don't see what right anyone has to make such charges until they are confirmed.

"Righ now they're just a lot of barroom gossip and can be cleared up. But the publicity from this bare accusation is enough to eat the heart out of a man who has worked so hard all during the war.

"I guess there are more enemies than Japs and Germans."

PROFITS

From Page 1

tonsburg trip and felt that his patient would be able to testify.

Decision on whether to subpena May a second time will be made Friday, Mead said, and will depend upon evidence of how serious May's heart condition is. Mead added that he doubted if the committee would "insist" that May appear if he is really ill.

Mead disclosed that the FBI investigation of the Garsson combine has been under way for four or five months.

He said that the investigation would include the financial ramifications of all the 16 companies in the combine, including the Cumberland Lumber Co., of Whitesburg, Ky., of which May was fiscal agent. May has denied profiting by his connection with the munitions makers.

Clark said a decision concerning possible criminal prosecution before a grand jury will be made after the FBI examination is complete. It was apparent, however, from the assignment of Justice Department attorneys to work with the FBI in analyzing evidence that the question of a preparation of a grand jury case is being given serious consideration.

Clark said the Justice Department hopes to protect the Government in the over-payment by the War Department of approximately one million dollars due to the over-statement by Batavia of its termination costs.

The Attorney General also has ordered an investigation of the amount of excessive profits of the Garsson combine's Erie Basin Co., now in dispute in the Tax Court. The Erie Basin Co. has filed a petition in Tax Court seeking to reduce the amount, $1,320,000, which the War Price Adjustment Board took away in renegotiation.

Girl Gives Alibi For Navy Man Held In Rape Slaying

Onset, Mass., Aug. 6 (U.P.).—A girl friend of Charles Russell Goodale came forward today with an alibi for the baby-faced naval veteran held as a "suspicious person" in the rape-slaying of Cape Cod vacationist Ruth McGurk.

Miss Emily Gallivotti, 24, Wareham stenographer, told authorities she saw Goodale in a roadhouse July 27 about the time Miss McGurk was strangled. She said he was accompanied by a girl who did not answer the victim's description.

Miss Gallivotti's story was corroborated by her escort, James Jacobson, 22.

A girl has identified Goodale as the man who took her from the same dance hall less than two weeks before the slaying and attempted to rape her.

Educator Defends Standing of Virginia

Luray, Va., Aug. 6.—Prof. L. J. Highsaw, founder of the Memphis Technical High Schol vacationing at the Mimslyn Hotel this week refuted the assertion that Virginia is near the bottom of the list on education. "In the contrary my opinion is that Virginia is much nearer the top than the bottom," he said.

The standing of a State in education can not be measured in terms of salaries paid to teachers or the value of equipment altogether. Mr. Highsaw said. "The best authorities base their estimates on three things which go hand in hand. These are wealth, education, and leadership. Since Virginia ranks twelfth among the States in wealth, and is famed for her leadership I think any other evaluation is worthless except possibly to expose a potential weakness."

Youth Confesses Part In Duce Body Stealing

Milan, Italy, Aug. 6 (U.P.).—Milan's chief of police today announced that another 20-year-old fanatic has confessed that he and four others snatched the body of Benito Mussolini from its unmarked pauper'sgrave on April 22.

The police chief did not disclose whether he had learned the location of the corpse.

Goshen Baptist Group

Fredericksburg, Va., Aug. 6 (Spl.).—The annual Sunday school rally of churches in the Goshen Baptist Association was held today at Mineral Baptist Church, Louisa County. The chief address was made by the Rev. Robert F. Caverlee, D. D., pastor of Fredericksburg Baptist Church.

MISSOURI

From Page 1

Representative in Congress, and Dr. German Grosby, St. Louis physician.

Seven Democratic and eight Republican candidates for Congress won automatic nomination as the only aspirants in their districts.

Heavy election eve rainstorms kept the rural vote down in some areas, but election day was hot and cloudy in most of the State.

Climax of Lethargy

Topeka, Kans., Aug. 6 (AP).—Cool, cloudy weather brought an unexpectedly large turnout at the polls today as the climax to one of the most lethargic primaries in the State's recent history.

Incomplete returns from 146 scattered precincts of the State's 2752, gave Representative Frank Carlson, candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor, a wide lead over his two opponents. The scattered vote, all from large population centers, gave Carlson 4369 votes to 1497 for William L. White, Lawrence engineer, and 331 for H. W. Turner, a farmer of Eureka.

(On the basis of these early returns, Carlson laid claim to the Republican gubernatorial nomination even before the polls had closed. None of Carlson's opponents had conceded his nomination, however.)

Harry H. Woodring, former Secretary of War and Kansas governor from 1931-33, was leading three opponents for the Democratic nomination.

The incomplete count from 87 precincts gave Woodring 657 votes, Ewell Stewart 55; Worden R. Howat of Wakeeney, 47, and Fred Hinkle of Wichita 45.

Dry Fence is Straddled

Most of the discussion in the dull primary centered around the State's prohibition law, repeal of which was advocated by Woodring. Hinkle and Stewart campaigned as drys, while Howat campaigned "to break up Woodring's Democratic machine."

Carlson did not take sides on the prohibition issue.

Although a complete set of State officials is to be elected, there was little interest evidenced in other races and no national issues were involved.

All the incumbent congressmen were candidates for renomination, with the exception of Carlson.

Roy Bailey, Salina Editor, Henry S. Buzick, jr., Sylvan Grove Banker, and Wint Smith, attorney from Mankato, sought the Republican nomination to succeed Carlson.

Kilgore in Lead

Charleston, W. Va., Aug. 6 (AP).—United States Senator Harley M. Gilgore, seeking Democratic renomination with the backing of the CIO Political Action Committee, took the lead over former State Purchasing Director J. Buhl Shahanin the first scattered returns from 34 of 2,799 precincts in today's West Virginia primary.

On the Republican side, former State Senator Thomas Sweeney of Wheeling, went to the front over Mayor Claude R. Hill of Oak Hill, also a vigorous critic of the CIO-PAC.

VIRGINIA

From Page 1

lations from the Sixth District. The first 28 precincts to report out of the district's 187 gave Almond 2121 to Goldsmith's 881.

Representative Howard W. Smith of Alexandria took a commanding lead over three opponents in the Eighth District. Returns from 75 of 217 precincts gave Smith 4079; Mrs. Elizabeth Chilton Murray of Fairfax, 676; Frank M. Hurst, 141, and Maj. James C. Tate, 196. Hurst and Tate are from Alexandria.

Ten Pittsylvania County precincts, the first reported in the Fifth District contest, gave Thomas B. Stanley of Henry County, speaker of the House of Delegates, 294 votes to 217 for Lindsey L. Moore of Pittsylvania County, a fellow member of the General Assembly. They are running for the vacancy left by the elevation of Thomas G. Burch from the House of Representatives to the Senate.

Preprimary forecasts that the total vote would reach or surpass the 200,000 mark did not appear too wishful on the basis of early reports from polling places in scattered sections of the State. To break the record the vote must go beyond the total of 193,274 votes cast in the 1937 primary when the late James H. Price won the nomination from Vivian L. Page of Norfolk.

At Lynchburg, a printing irregularity discovered among 200 ballots delivered to a precinct brought prompt word from Hutchinson that he would report the matter to the State Board of Elections and if necessary ask an attorney to investigate the matter for him. The irregularity was the omission of the check-off opposite Hutchinson's name on 69 of the 200 ballots. Three votes had been cast at the precinct before the exror was noted and the faulty unmarked forms weeded out.

Grin and Bear It

By Lichty

"Stop grumbling, Elmo—this vacation will do you good—You were getting pretty soft sitting in an easy chair in your air-conditioned office!"

HEIRENS

From Page 1

He said he could not remember sticking a knife into her throat or dragging her bleeding body to the bathroom, where it was found draped over the side of the tub. Nor could he remember washing blood from the body, he said, or removing the pajama pants. He said he did not attempt the sex act.

The slaying, he said, "did not bother me at all."

As in the Degnan crime, he said there was a period of which he has no recollection. He said he found himself lying on the floor of Miss Brown's apartment after the slaying. How long he was there he said he did not know.

In his confession of the murder of Mrs. Ross, he said he entered her home to burglarize and "got excited and took out a knife and stabbed her."

He said he did not attack her sexually, but obtained sexual satisfaction through the act of entering her apartment.

That slaying didn't "bother" him, either, he said. After ramming the knife into her throat during her life struggle, he said, he remembered nothing until he found himself seated in a chair.

Coffee After Slaying

During his grisly story of the Degnan slaying he attempted repeatedly to show his confused state of mind. He said he could remember disposing of the last part of the body—an arm—which he placed in a sewer.

Yet, after he had disposed of the body, he said he threw the knife onto an elevated railroad right of way, went to a restaurant for doughnuts and coffee, and returned to his dormitory and "studied" his lessons.

He said he left his classes at the university January 6 and started drinking with some friends.

"I had about six shots," he said. "I had gone to my room. I had taken off my coat and prepared for bed. Then it just came on me to go out and I went out."

He said he boarded a northbound elevated train, fell asleep and when he awoke got off at a station near the Degnan home on the North Side.

His parents were not present at the confessions.

More Blood Donations Needed for GI Patients

The Army still needs blood donations, the War Department said yesterday in reporting that gifts have dwindled.

Maj. Gen. Norman T. Kirk, surgeon general, noted there still are about 90,000 patients in Army hospitals. He said the American Red Cross is also "apprehensive" over the decline in donations.

The largest pyrophyilite mine in the world is located at Robbins, N. C. Locally, it is called a talc mine, since the material is used as talcum powder base.

WORLD NEWS
ALBERT L. WARNER
Distinguished Mutual Network Correspondent
6:00 P.M.
LOCAL NEWS
LOU BROTT
Reports On His "District Assignment"
6:10 P.M.
MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY
presented by
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"SALADA" TEA

CONFER

From Page 1

thirds rule and handicap international organization in the future.

The series of proposals and counter-proposals developed after the long and bitter debate between the Soviet and American delegates, during which Byrnes objected strongly to Molotov's charge of inconsistency.

Molotov had based that charge yesterday upon Byrnes' support of a Canadian resolution calling for foreign ministers council meetings to consider peace conference recommendations concurrent with the conference. Molotov said Byrnes had rejected this proposal when it was advanced by the Russians.

Byrnes retorted hotly that Molotov had distorted the facts and that "what he (Molotov) was seeking to do was to have the council meet for the purpose of trying to dictate" to the conference who should be elected chairmen of the various commissions.

He declared that "ever since the Potsdam agreement we have encountered at every step Soviet determination to restrict the right to make peace to the fewest possible number." He challenged Molotov to have this rebuttal published in the Soviet press.

Molotov Accepts Challenge

Molotov accepted the challenge and launched his own bitter attack against the press of the United States and Britain. He chided Byrnes for speaking in "a violent and perhaps bellicose manner." He repeated his charges of inconsistency.

"It has been said that the Soviet delegation had proposed the meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers to discuss the subject of the presidency of this committee. What is wrong with that? How can that change our work?"

He added that "there is no question, as Mr. Byrnes said, of dictating decisions to members of the conference. Certainly it would be easier to dictate decisions, but we are doing everything to convince the conference of the justice of our opinion."

"Unfortunately," Molotov said, "the unanimity that was revealed in the council has only lasted until the beginning of the discussion of this project. It is now that certain members of the council remember reservations they formulated. But the fact remains that unanimity had been attained.

"However," despite that, certain delegations seem to have adopted an attitude of 'everyone for himself.'

"The Soviet and French delegations have defended proposals that they presented, but the United Kingdom and the United States delegations have remembered their reservations. Is that being consistent?"

The argument became considerably more involved in the afternoon session. With Molotov's point of order on the question of procedure, debate raged over whether a vote to proceed with a ballot on amendments to the rules constituted a procedural or a substantive matter.

Molotov insisted that the United Nations Conference in San Francisco was a precedent for his contention that all substantive questions in committee should be decided by a two-thirds majority.

Replying, Australian Minister Herbert V. Evatt, said the rules had been freely adopted at San Francisco by the member nations at the outset.

Before Molotov's point of order, the committee called the roll on a Czechoslovak motion to appoint a subcommittee to iron out the differences in the amendments on voting procedure. Byrnes opposed it, and the committee rejected it, 11 to 8, with two nations abstaining. Russia favored the motion and Britain and the United States voted against it.

Byrnes Objects

Molotov then suggested that the two-thirds majority be required to adopt any of th evoting amendments. Byrnes objected.

"I am really surprised that the representative of the Soviet Union has suggested this," Byrnes said, pointing out that the Big Four Council suggestion for procedure called for a simple majority vote and for a two-thirds vote only on substantive matters.

Molotov retorted that Byrnes had forfeited the right to reply upon the Big Four Council proposal "because he has said he would not be bound by them." He said he feared 11 votes would be set off against 10 in a simple majority rule.

"Do we really wish to give these 11 the rights and powers of 21 votes?" he asked. "The Soviet delegation can by no means accept that position."

In his point-by-point rebuttal to Molotov's charges of inconsistency, Byrnes said that "whenever the Soviet representative could not have his way he has indulged in impugning the motives of his colleagues."

"When Mr. Molotov states that I agreed to support the rules of procedure (in the Big Four Council) this is a misrepresentation of the position of the United States and I want the members of this conference to know the facts," he said.

The secretary read from the minutes of the Big Four to show that the United States position was that it would not be bound by any previously agreed rules of procedure. This he said he repeated often because "I knew from experience that if we entered into a discussion of the rules with him (Molotov) without repeating time and again these statements, we would be expected to be bound by them."

As he read each passage from the record, Byrnes paused and added: "Mr. Molotov heard that."

"The United States has advised the conference," he said, "that it considers itself bound by decisions of the Council of Foreign Ministers on matters of substance but not on matters of procedure. The United States will keep its word in both cases."

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Texts of Byrnes, Molotov Exchanges Before Conference

Paris, Aug. 6 (U.P.).—The text of Secretary of State James F. Byrnes' speech before the rules committee of the Peace Conference this morning:

I MUST APOLOGIZE for taking the time of the commission, but it is necessitated by the remarks made yesterday.

Since this commission convened one week ago I have not uttered one word of criticism of any position taken by the representative of the Soviet Republic. I know you will agree with me that on no occasion have I questioned his motives.

Therefore I imagine you shared my surprise when on yesterday the Soviet representative chose to introduce this note into our discussions. I first address myself to the last statement he made in his reference to me.

Referring to my approval of the suggestions of Mr. Mackenzie King that when the Conference has made recommendations the Council of Froeign Ministers should meet to consider such recommendations. Mr. Molotov said that on the 30th of July he had suggested to the American delegate and certain other delegates that they meet, but the American delegate replied that there was no need for the Council of Froeign Ministers to meet.

He said if I now supported his proposal for a meeting it would make him happy. Clearly he wished you to believe that he desired the Council to meet as did the Canadian representative for the purpose of considering recommendations, but the Soviet representative knows that it is not in accord with the facts.

The evening of July 30, the day after the conference convened, the gentleman who acts as his interppreter called by secretary to say that Mr. Molotov wanted the council of foreign ministers to meet at 9:30 a. m. to consider the question of who should be elected chairman of this commission, the meeting of which was scheduled for 10 o'clock.

I sent Mr. Molotov word that it was for the members of this commission and not for the council of foreign ministers to decide who should be elected president and it would be unwise for the council of foreign ministers to meet for the purpose stated.

THIS suggestion has no relevancy to the proposal made by the Canadian representative.

Last Saturday I received another message from Mr. Molotov asking me to agree to a meeting of the council of foreign minister to discuss who should be named to preside over the various subcommittees when they are established by the conference.

I stated it would be unwise for the council to meet for that purpose, that the members of the conference and not the members of the council of foreign ministers should determine who would preside over the conference commissions.

This statement shows conclusively that Mr. Molotov was not asking as did Mr. Mackenzie King that the council of foreign ministers should meet later on to consider recomendations when such recommendations were made by the conference.

What he was seeking to do was to have the council of foreign ministers meet for the purpose of trying to dictate on that date to this conference who should be elected chairmen of the various commissions. And the conference may as well know this—ever since the Potsdam agreement we have encountered at every step Soviet determination to restrict the right to make peace to the fewest possible number of great powers. At London in September the issue was the Soviet desire to exclude France and China from any part in drafting the Balkan treaties.

At Moscow the Soviet government fought stubbornly for the smallest possible number of participants in this conference.

The struggle then moved on to fixing the powers of the conference and its procedure, culminating in this effort while the conference is in session to have the council meet to dictate even the officials of the conference.

AT various times whenever the Soviet representative could not have his way he has indulged in impugning the motives of his colleagues. He might as well realize now that such tactics do not help his cause and even the most patient people will finally resent them.

Because of my statement yesterday morning that I would support the amendment of the United Kingdom providing for the submission to the council of foreign ministers of a recommendation adopted by a majority vote as well as a recommendation adopted by a two-thirds vote, Mr. Molotov presumed to lecture me about consistency.

If you will look at the first paragraph of the proposed treaty with Hungary which was sent you by the council you will find listed the states Mr. Molotov agreed in the council should consider that treaty.

Yet last week the Soviet representative made a speech here in behalf of changing the suggested procedure and urged that Poland be added to the states to consider the treaty with Hungary. He didn't even claim he had made a reservation to change his view. He couldn't. But no member of the council or of the conference has thought of criticizing him for his action or of impugning hos motives.

Yeste day Mr. Molotov lectured the representatives of the United Kingdom and the United States for what he termed their inconsistency in supporting an amendment to the rules as to voting procedure, which was offered by the United Kingdom. Mr. Molotov conc ded his statement by offering an amendment to the same section of the rules. This amendment has been circulated and is now before the conference.

Now only Mr. Molotov could do that. He would have no hesitancy in criticizing the United Kingdom for offering an amendment to the rules which were suggested by the council, but he would be utterly surprised that anyone should criticize him for inconsistency in offering an amendment similar in some respects to the amendment offered by the United Kingdom and to the amendment offered by France yesterday afternoon.

When Mr. Molotov states that I agreed to support the rules of procedure this is a misrepresentation of the position of the United States and I want the members of this conference to know the facts.

On July 4 Mr. Molotov agreed to send out the invitations to this conference. At that time not one word was said about procedure. The next day he insisted that the invitations should not be sent out until the council had drafted rules of procedure for the conference. For days we reminded him of his agreement. However, we could act only by unanimous vote and the invitations were held up.

I WILL not read all of the statements I made during those days that I would not be bound by any rules of procedure the council drafted. I will read a few.

After discussing the subject for 24 hours on July 6 I stated among other things that the Council could submit rules to the conference as a suggestion, but I added, and now I subquote, "I would object to this being done unless the rules were only suggestions and no attempt was being made to usurp the power of the conference."

I said, "if some other government makes a suggestion which the Uinted States Government considered fair and reasonable, the United States would be prepared to agree to it."

Now Mr. Molotov heard that. Yet he speaks of the United States being bound by the rules of procedure.

The minutes show that later that day I made this statement as to the rules: "Mr. Byrnes wishes to make sure, however, that they would not be binding on the conference and the conference could draw up its own rules of procedure. He wished it further understood that the United States Government would not be bound to support any rules drawn up." Mr. Molotov heard that.

Mr. Bevin made substantially the same statement on several occasions.

Still laer on July 6th the minutes record: "Mr. Byrnes stated that the United States delegation considered as fundamental the right of the peace conference to determine its own procedure. The United States delegation did not agree to any proposal which would become binding on the conference or on it (the United States). With that understanding and if it were agreed to issue the inviations, Mr. Byrnes would be willing to consider the proposals made by Mr. Molotov and Mr. Bidault, but he was not going to be bound by anything."

On the evening of July 6th the minutes show: "Yesterday afternoon Mr. Byrnes had made clear the position of the Unied States delegation. He wished to make it clear again in order that there may be no misunderstanding he would agree to discuss rules or procedure only on the condition that the view of the council go forward to the peace conference as proposals and suggestions, and that the United States delegation as well as the conference should not be bound by them." Mr. Molotov heard that.

I was forced frequently to repeat my statement because Mr. Molotov persisted in his efforts to have the rules discussed and I knew from experience that if we entered into a discussion of the rules with him without repeating time and time again these statements, we would be expected to be bound by them, otherwise we would not have discussed them. Therefore time and time again before I would even agree to discuss the rules of procedure I repeated these statements.

On July 8 the record shows that I made the following statement: "If the invitations could be sent the United States delegation was entirely willing to enter into a discussion of rules of procedure which might be suggested to the inviting governments. The United States was already on record to the effect that it would not approve any procedure proposed by the four powers here as binding on the four governments which would be free to consider and to accept any other proposals on the subject which might be made by members of the conference. Mr. Bevin said that he took it that Mr. Byrnes' last remarks applied only to questions of procedure. Mr. Byrnes said that the statement meant that the conference could adopt its own procedure. If at the conference some government made a proposal concerning procedure which impressed the United States delegation as being reasonable and fair, the United States delegation reserved the right to vote for such a proposal." Mr. Molotov heard that.

AT THE afternoon session on that day when, after some discussion, some suggested rules were being considered in order to show there was no change in the United States position, the record shows that I made the following statement:

"The secretary, in agreeing to these proposals, said that he wished it clearly understood that when the conference convened the United States was entirely free to accept or reject on its merits any amendment or new proposals concerning rules or procedure which might be offered."

There is no need to read the rest of the statement which is already in the minutes of this conference. Mr. Molotov heard me make these and many other similar statements. He knows that while this matter was under discussion wherever there is a free press the newspapers were publishing the position of the United States. In the light of this record only Mr. Molotov would say that I had agreed to support the suggested rules of procedure.

Not content with rejecting the facts as to my position, Mr. Molotov states that if the United States delegation would reverse itself on questions of procedure it was possible to believe it would do the same on questions other than procedure agreed to by the Council of Foreign Ministers.

The United States has advised the conference that it considers itself bound by the decisions of the Council of Foreign Ministers on matters of substance but not on matters of procedure. The United States will keep its word in both cases.

I ame ntirely willing to leave the record I have read to be judged by you and by public opinion. In the United States we have a free press.

Therefore the Soviet representative can be sure that his charges impugning the motives of the United States have been published in the United States press. I challenge him to secure or permit publication in the Soviet Union of the statement I have now made.

I have confidence in the people of the Soviet Republic. When their backs were to the wall and they were making a gallant fight against great odds the United States promised aid. They didn't question the good faith of the United States. To the best of our ability we came to their aid. Today we have only admiration and respect for the people of the Soviet Republic and we will not permit that admiration and respect to be lessened by any attack by Mr. Molotov.

Battle of the Peace . . .

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

CLASH—Secretary of State James F. Byrnes (right), who angrily denounced Russian Foreign Minister Molotov (left) yesterday at the Paris Peace Conference for questioning his good faith, were pictured in this photo radioed from Paris last week as they attended a party in the Paris Opera

Texts of Byrnes, Molotov Exchanges Before Conference

Paris, Aug. 6 (AP).—The unofficial text of a statement by V. M. Molotov, Soviet Foreign Minister, at a session today of the Paris Peace Conference Rules Committee:

MR. BYRNES has spoken in a violent and perhaps bellicose manner.

My first reply to his intervention is a reference to the facts. We can then examine and judge the situation in calmness and objectivity.

Mr. Byrnes declared that since Potsdam the Soviet government has tried to limit the number of participants in the Peace Conference. But the proposal to crease a council of Foreign Ministers was made by the American representatives and the composition of the conference was established in accordance with the proposals of Mr. Byrnes.

Since then there has been no proposal to enlarge his council or to modify its composition.

It has also been said that the Soviet Union is trying even now to limit the number of participants in this conference. That is true. We made proposals and we reached an accord by the terms of which participation in this conference would be limited to the 21 nations today represented.

All agreed in the feeling that this composition was just and world opinion has confirmed it.

What then does Mr. Byrnes want? Does he want to reproach us that this conference is too resricted? It was proposed to us to increase the number of participants and to invite to this conference all states having declared war on interested enemy countries.

Let us take an example and we will see what would have taken place if the proposal had been adopted.

In the case of Italy, representatives of Guatamala, Costa Rica, Honduras, the Philippines, Nicaragua, Panama, the Dominican Republic, Salvador, Cuba and Haiti would have been invited.

Would that really have been more just that those countries be represented here? Nobody complains that we are so lonely at this conference, like orphans, one could say.

If we had invited all these states we would have reached agreement with perhaps more difficulties on the question of simple, two-thirds or three-fourths majority.

BUT the Soviet delegation doesn't believe that it would have been an ideal solution and nobody affirms it.

Another question—It has been proposed to convoke the Council of Foreign Ministers during the work of this conference. I will not go into detail on the question, but desire simply to recall facts.

It has been said that the Soviet delegation had proposed the meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers to discuss the subject of the presidency of this committee. What is wrong with that? How can that change our work?

It has also been said that the Soviet delegation desires a preliminary discussion of questions of procedure.

It is exact and that is what was adopted by Mr. Bevin and Mr. Bidault.

We have accepted certain rules of procedure, concerning which an agreement had been realized in the Council of Foreign Ministers, and that we have been discussing for a week.

What would have happened if we had not had this preliminary discussion? It is good that such a discussion was held.

There is no question, as Mr. Byrnes said, of dictating decisions to members of the conference.

Certainly it would be easier to dictate decisions, but we are doing everything to convince the conference of the justice of our opinion.

It is curious, however, that certain States not represented in the Council of Foreign Ministers defend certain opinions which are later supported by States in the council.

Such is not our case. We are defending our opinion here as we defended it in the Council of Foreign Ministers to meet during the work of the conference, to exchange views and discuss questions which will be examined by this conference. If this proposal appeared unacceptable to the American delegation, it could state it now.

It was necessary for Mr. Mackenzie King (of Canada) to recall at this conference that there exists a Council of Foreign Ministers having certain powers and certain rights.

I repeat I believe that it is useful for the Council to meet during the conference.

Mr. Byrnes added that the proposed rules of procedure studied by the Council had been accepted but with a series of reservations.

But gentlemen, you have all received the propsed rules of procedure presented by the Council of Foreign Ministers.

Unfortunately, the unanimity that was revealed in the Council has only lasted until the beginning of the discussion of this project.

It is now that certain members of the Council remember reservations they formulated.

BUT the fact remains that unanimity had been attained.

However, and despite that, certain delegations seem to have adopted an attitude of "everyone for himself."

The Soviet and French delegations have defended proposals that they presented, but the United Kingdom and the United States delegations have remembered their reservations. Is that being consistent?

It has been said that the Soviet delegation has made certain proposals concerning the voting. That is true. Three have been objections. We have been willing to discuss them. But the fundamental aim of the Soviet proposal is to avoid nullifying the common decisions on which accord has already been reached.

We are not proposing an amendment which would nullify the accord. When new proposals are made we are, of course, not bound by anything.

To cite an example, Mr. Byrnes stated that he would propose giving free access for the press to the work of the conference and its committees.

We made no objection. That was a new proposal. The conference was free to discuss it. We supported it.

In this domain and in others where there are no clauses agreed on by the four we are ready to listen with all necessary attention to the voice of any country.

The Soviet delegation is ready to discuss any new proposal that does not go contrary to the interests of this conference and will serve the cause of peace, whatever may be the position or the disagreement existing between the Soviet delegation and that of the country that made the proposal.

But when Mr. Evatt (of Australia) says that if a majority of two-third were accepted nothing contrary to the views of the Soviet Union could be recommended by this conference.

We thank him for his frankness. He reveals that there are projects contrary to interests of the Soviet Union that he desires to see adopted by this conference.

He can then go into the hall and seek votes and assistance.

I believe that he will not succeed.

It is more just to pose the question frankly and to try to convince the other delegations of the value of his position.

I do not want to dwell on the other details of Mr. B yrnes speech. There is nothing new there for the Soviet delegation.

Precedents already exist. Yesterday we took a common decision. Today we are alone in defending it.

But what I want to emphasize is that all that proves that we, more than others, defend the interests of countries interested in unanimous accord.

We are not only defending our owninterests, the interests of the three other members of the Council of Foreign Ministers and those of the 21 nations represented at this conference, but also the interest of others not participating.

The unanimity that we are seeking is for the good not only of the Soviet Union and the 21 nations, but also of the entire world whose eyes are turned toward us.

It is time to learn the lessons of the war. It is time for use to collaborate.

Finally Mr. Byrnes challenged me to publish his speech in the Soviet press.

HE ALSO said that mine had already been published by the American press. I have before me the New York Herald tribune of today and I find no trace of my speech. On the contrary, I even find criticism of this speech. How does Mr. Byrnes explain that?

Shall we act on a basis of reciprocity or another?

If reciprocity is chosen, the Soviet press should then publish the criticism of Mr. Byrnes' speech and not his speech.

But we don't believe that would be a just solution. We accept the challenge that was extended by the American representative. Let him give us his text. We will publish it and we will leave Soviet readers free to read and judge the situation.

I would like to add a few words on this question of freedom of the press.

When I hear all these references to a free press I would like to recall certain facts. I have perhaps not all the necessary qualifications, but I would like to refere to a book written by Mr. George Seldes in 1943 entitled "These Are the Facts."

It is the experiences of an old American newspaperman.

But in the United States that nobody has heard of the press trusts that exist in the United States, and that it calls the tune for the overwhelming majority of the newspapers?

Has nobody heard of the monopolies controlled by two or three bosses? Perhaps you know the ture bosses of the American press?

The English press has many similar aspects of the American press.

I refer to a declaration published by the Reuter Agency of the British Prosecutor Mr. Hartley Shawcross July 30 on his return from Neurnberg. He said each newspaper should publish the following article: "This newspaper belongs to Lord X. It seeks only economic advantages and expresses only the opinions judged adequate by Lord X. There is no guarantee that the facts expressed here are true; one can find everything except the truth."

One could also add that a biased choice of facts exists in this newspaper and that certain points of view are presented as reality.

Mr. Shawcross adds that without any doubt this hinders the functioning of a Democratic regime and that it is essential for democracy to be based not only on a free press but also on an impartial and objective press.

Mr. Shawcross is nostalgic for an objective and free press; we sympathize. He knew the situation well enough to make an authorized declaration. Let us take the example of the Daily Herald, the only newspaper defending the Laborite interests for years. All the rest of the English press is of a conservative tendency and the Labor Party which two years ago obtained more than two thirds of the votes of the English electorate is still forced to rely on one newspaper to defend its interests and present its point of view. I understand why Prosecutor Shawcross is nostalgic for an objective and free press. The Soviet delegation considers it necessary to aid the press so it can attain an unequaled impartiality and objectivity. It will do all in its power toward this end.

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AMERICAN AIRLINES

Rev. Danner Resigns Shepherdstown Charge

Shepherdstown, W. Va., Aug. 6 (Spl.).—The Rev. Donald Danner, paster of Christ Reformed Church here since July, 1944, has resigned, effective not later than October 31, it was announced yesterday by church officials.

There was no statement as to his future plans.

His pastorate here includes the congregation at nearby Karneystown.

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Maryland OPA Units Discuss Revised Law

Elkton, Md., Aug. 6 (AP).—The first in a series of State-wide conferences for the purpose of discussing the new OPA law was held here last night by Leo H. McCormick, Maryland OPA director, with the Elkton OPA board.

McCormick, who spent last week in New York with other State directors studying the bill, announced plans yesterday for a series of conferences in Baltimore and the State to acquaint OPA staff members, local boards and the public with the new bill.

McCormick will leave Elkton today for Easton where he will meet with the Easton, Centreville and Denton board members.

Southern Maryland meetings are set for next week and western Maryland meetings for the week of August 19.

McCormick, conferring with his division and subdivision heads in Baltimore yesterday, said he was convinced the present OPA bill was much stronger than the one vetoed by President Truman and believed that with support of the public prices could be held.

At the same time, he announced the enforcement staff would be increased and that particular emphasis would be put on restoring rentals to their June 30 levels. He said he had ordered Hugo Ricciutti, Maryland chief enforcement attorney, to "bear down" harder than ever on flagrant violators.

Local price boards, he said, would begin intensive work immediately conducting hearings on alleged violations and continuing surveys on price behavior.

"Not a second's time must be lost in getting the boards back into full action," he said, "because these price boards are the first line of defense against inflation."

Peaches Start Moving From Martinsburg

Martinsburg, W. Va., Aug. 6 (Spl.).—Movement of peaches from this fruit belt in carload lots is scheduled for this week, with the Hale Haven, a yellow variety, maturing.

Dealers said the fruit was selling around $3.25 to $3.50 per bushel, f. o. b. for first-class stock, 2 inches and up.

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Rivals for Virginia Nomination

HARRY F. BYRD AND MARTIN A HUTCHINSON, who sought the Democratic nomination for United States Senator from Virginia in yesterday's primary are pictured. They staged the hottest primary fight in 24 years

3-Man Strike Stops Railroad In Maryland

Grantsville, Md., Aug. 6 (AP).—Three men walked out on strike for higher wages on the Castleman River Railroad, and not only tied up the line's operations, but virtually stopped all other work in the valley.

Superintendent Dewey Yommer of the 14-mile railroad which runs between Jennings, Md., and Worth, Pa., said three trainmen walked out last Wednesday after completing their once-a-day run between the two towns.

The three are Engineer Harry Hoover, Conductor Bruce Yommer, both of Grantsville, and Fireman Stanley Wiley of Jennings.

Superintendent Yommer said the trio struck because John Hersker, the railroad owner, refused to raise the men's wages to the standard paid on other lines. He said that Hersker had offered an 18-cents-per-hour increase, but that the present scale is so low the 18 cents wouldn't bring the salary up to the standard.

Four firms which depend on the railroad have almost halted operation and about 150 men are out of work, with more to go soon if the strike remains unsettled, Yommer said.

The short line was built about 50 years ago and connects with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad at Worth, near Salisbury, Pa.

Sima Court Martial Will Begin August 14

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 6 (AP).—The Naval Academy announced today the general court-martial of Lieut. William R. Sima, sr., suspended leader of the academy band, would begin August 14.

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Police to Move Sit-Down Auto Striker

Towson, Md., Aug. 6 (AP).—Elmer C. Gregor, whose wife, Edith has staged a sitdown strike in his automobile for the past two weeks, will have to move his car from the Towson parking lot—wife or no wife.

"The parkin glot belongs to the community," said Sergt. Cyril Baumiller of the Baltimore County police in disclosing that Gregor had been ordered by police to appear in court.

"It is intended for the convenience of shoppers. Two weeks is too long for a person to park there. Mr. Gregor will be told to move on."

Chief Oscar M. Grimes said yesterday he had no intention of trying to remove Mrs. Gregor from the car.

Mrs. Gregor, separated from her husband for the past seven months, says she intends to remain in the car until he "comes to his senses."

Gregor has been sending $15 a week for the support of Mrs. Gregor and their 15-year-old daughter, Letha, to their Kingston (Pa.) home, she told Baumiller, but there was no breakfast money yesterday.

When she arrived here two weeks ago to seek reconciliation, she said, they talked for several hours, reaching no decision. Then Gregor drove to the parking lot and removed the keys and the ignition distributor. Since then Letha has been bringing food and water to the car.

Fredericksburg Outing

Fredericksburg, Va., Aug. 6 (Spl.).—The Fredericksburg Business Men's Club will hold its annual outing at Colonial Beach August 21. The event was not staged during the war.

Judge Schnauffer placed Billy and his sister, Jane Ellen, 18 months, in the custody of the Washington County Children's Aid Society, which arranged foster homes for them.

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Ingersoll Urges Need of Air Training Field

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 6 (AP).—The Naval Academy eventually will be compelled to quit Annapolis should its efforts eo obtain the 2400 acres Sandy Point-Tydings on the bay tract for air facility construction be blocked.

This is the consensus among naval air officers who served on any of the Academy's six boards that have studied the air facility problem, Vice Admiral H. Stuart Ingersoll, acting superintendent and commandant of midshipmen, said today.

Concurring in this view, the admiral explained the development of the academy's aviation program as an integrated part of officer training was closely linked with possession of the tract.

The area extends north from Sandy Point to Persimmon Point opposite Gibson Island across the Magothy River. It includes all land east of a line drawn south from Persimmon Point and all land north of the new State road leading to th eSandy Point ferry terminal.

While Congress has approved the broadened naval education program which makes acquisition of tthe air facility a nimmediate necessity, Admiral Ingersoll said, adjournment of Congress will postpone consideration of the airport project until next year.

An initial outlay of 12 million dollars will be required for the facility, the admiral said.

While conceding an airport on the tract would cause "some inconvenience" to Gibson Island residents, he said he did not believe air traffic would be large enough to "destroy real estate values."

No other area was suitable, he emphasized, although more than half a dozen tracts had been studied.

He declared use of Patuxent Air Station for the purpose of giving midshipmen primary air instruction was not feasible because the base is too far from the Academy and because it is impossible to superimpose a primary program on a field already devoted to operational and experimental flying.

Better Care For Juveniles Recommended

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 6 (AP).—Extension and improvement of psychiatric services in children's agencies, juvenile courts, and training schools for delinquent youths were urged today in a joint report to Governor O'Conor by the State Department of Welfare and the Board of Mental Hygiene.

The report recommended that these agencies be relieved of the duty of caring for a group of unsuitable children. If this were done, they would be freed of two to 28 per cent of their present load, according to the report.

It proposed the following measures:

1. Development and expansion of the Division of Mental Hygiene in the State Department of Health.
2. Support of efforts to construct a State psychopathic hospital.
3. Encouragement of private psychiatric institutions to enter the juvenile field.
4. Establishment of psychological service at training schools for juvenile delinquents.
5. Establishment of psychiatric diagnostic facilities in local communities.
6. Central registration of all children receiving care outside their homes who require special treatment because of mental disability.
7. Prompt physical and psychiatric examination of all children who need care away from home, as soon as there is any indication of disturbance in the child's behavior.
8. Easy transfer of children between children's agencies, institutions and treatment facilities.

The report further urged consideration for a proposed removal of adult patients from Rosewood State Training School and supervision of that institution by the Department of Public Welfare, and separation of the division for feeble-minded from Crownsville State Hospital and its operation as a children's institution.

It suggested in conclusion that institutions for defective delinquent Negro boys be placed under the supervision of the State Welfare Department, and that supervision of all future children's agencies be placed in the welfare department.

The report was signed by Dr. George H. Preston, commissioner of mental hygiene, and J. Milton Patterson, director of the Department of Public Welfare.

Winner of Legion of Merit

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

UNDERSECRETARY OF THE NAVY—John L. Sullivan, left, congratulates Comdr. Raymond R. Guest, USNR, after presenting the Legion of Merit to him at the Navy Department on August 2. The award was made for hazardous missions in landing trained agents on the fortified coasts of Brittany and Norway in 1943 and 1944. Commander Guest lives at Rock Hill Farm, Bayard, Warren County, Va.

Loudoun Asks School Debt Status Review

Leesburg, Va., Aug. 6 (Spl.).—The Loudoun County Board of Supervisors, in meeting here yesterday, decided to ask the attorney general of Virginia to review the case in which he recently handed down the decision that it was his opinion that it is illegal to ask the county to assume the Town of Leesburg School District debt.

This opinion of the attorney general was given after he was asked about the matter of transferring the school debt, which the supervisors had ordered at their April meeting. The bonds for a new school building in Leesburg were issued in May, 1922, with the understanding that a special levy for Leesburg Town School District would be made to meet retirement and interest. Approximately $30,000 of this debt remains to be paid.

The supervisors took action after Superintendent of Schools O. L. Emrick said he believed the attorney general may have overlooked the fact that the building, which was formerly only for Leesburg pupils, now houses many outside of the town town district. He pointed out that of the 635 children enrolled in Leesburgh High School last year, 335 came from outside the boudaries of the Town of Leesburg School District. The superintendent said "it is unthinkable that the Town of Leesburg School District should now have to shoulder all the deft."

The supervisors accepted the offer of H. H. Kelley of Round Hill to purchase the Poor House farm for $31,500. This farm contains 420 acres and is improved by large residence, tenant houses and other outbuildings. The inmates of the farm have recently been transferred to the District Home at Manassas.

The supervisors at their meeting adopted amendments to the zoning ordinance, created the office of zoning administrator and appointed Miss Carol Cornwell to this office at a salary of $130 per month. The group also voted to give county employes a holiday on Saturday during the months of July and August. The holiday will begin this year on August 10.

Woodstock Attorney Has Jap Birthday Fete

Woodstock, Va., Aug. 6 (Spl.).—A bit of home was brought to Frank S. Tavenner, jr., of Woodstock, United States Attorney for the Western District of Virginia, now engaged in prosecuting Japanese war criminals oin Tokyo, recently when he was given a surprise party on his birthday.

Highlight of the celebration was a birthday cake bearing lighted candles. Mrs. Kiyooka, a highly educated Japanese woman, and daughter of the authoress of "Daughter of the Samurai," sang "Carry Me Back to Old Virginia" as she placed it before him, the guests joining in.

Fire Progresses Because Alarm Is Disregarded

Fredericksburg, Va., Aug. 6 (Spl.).—The blaze which partly destroyed the Roxbury Storage Co. warehouse here early yesterday morning got a 20 minute start because night watchmen at a nearby fair ground though the man who reported the fire was mistaken.

An unidentified colored man rushed into the fair grounds and shouted that the warehouse on Lafayette blvd. was aflame. The night watchmen thought the man had seen fire in the furnaces of the municipal gas plant across the Richmond Fredericksburg & Potomac Railroad tracks from the warehouse and did not turn in the alarm. Twenty minutes later the Negro reappeared, declared flames were shooting from the warehouse, a frame structure. The watchmen discovered he was right.

It was a two-alarm blaze which firemen fought for an hour. It apparently originated outside a rear door of the warehouse.

A. L. Brulle, owner of the warehouse, said he could not estimate the damage immediately.

Stoneburner Children Taken From Parents

Frederick, Md., Aug. 6 (AP).—Associate Judge Patrick M. Schnauffer ordered today that the two small children of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Stoneburner be taken from their custody, after witnesses testified in Juvenile Court their son, Billy, 2, had been found tied to a couch.

Charges of assault and battery have been placed against the Stoneburners, and they remained in jail under $2000 bond each pending action of the September term of the Washington County grand jury.

Mrs. William C. Roderick, county probation officer, testified she found Billy in a dark, damp room of the Stoneburner home near Burkettsville on July 27. She told Judge Schnauffer the boy was nude and tied to the couch in such a manner that he had little freedom of movement.

She said there were bruises on the child's face and body and he showed evidences of malnutrition.

Mrs. Stoneburner testified at the hearing today that she trussed the boy's hands to keep him from putting things into his mouth and tied him to the bed to make sure he would not fall out.

Died

BARTON, KATHLEEN C. On Sunday, August 4, 1946, KATHLEEN C. BARTON (nee Kidd), of West Virginia ave. ne., beloved wife of Mathew Barton and mother of Jackie Barton, sister of Mrs. Mary Downey, Mrs. Susan Lacey and Patrick and John Kelly. Funeral from the Timothy Hanlon funeral home, 641 N st. ne., on Thursday, August 8, at 8:30 a. m. Requiem mass at Holy Name Church at 9 a. m. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited.

CALDER, LOUIS N. On Saturday, August 3, 1946, at his residence, 2909 O st. nw., LOUIS N. CALDER, beloved husband of Marguerite B. Calder (nee Winkelman) and father of Le Roy T., Franklin D., Louis A. and James T. Calder. Prayers at the above residence on Thursday, August 8, at 9:30 a. m. Mass at St. Francis Xavier Catholic Church, 28th st. and Pa. ave. nw., at 10 a. m. Interment New Cathedral Cemetery, Baltimore, Md. Services by Chambers. (Baltimore papers, please copy.)

COLLIER, WILLIAM C. Suddenly, on Monday, August 5, 1946, at his home, 5524 Sherrier pl. nw., WILLIAM C. COLLIER, beloved husband of Mary S. Collier. Funeral services at the Ontheda-Chevy Chase funeral home of Wm. Reuben Pumphrey on Thursday, August 8, at 11 a. m. Interment Darnestown Presbyterian Church Cemetery.

SACCO, ALVERIA ELAINE. On Sunday, August 4, 1946, at Garfield Hospital, ALVERIA ELAINE SACCO, beloved wife of Fred J. Sacco, mother of Bonnie Lee Sacco, and sister of Mrs. Richard Hilton. Friends are invited to call at the Lee funeral home, 4th st. and Mass. ave. ne. Mass at St. Joseph's Catholic Church, 2d and C sts. ne., on Wednesday, August 7, at 9:30 a. m. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.

UNGER, CLAY J. On Monday, August 5, 1946, CLAY J. UNGER of 703 Allegheny ave., Takoma Park, Md., father of Mrs. Paul H. Kidder, Mrs. Browning L. Benton, Comdr. Adam C. Unger, and brother of Miss Zoe M. Unger. Services at the S. H. Elias Co. funeral home, 2901 14th st. nw., on Wednesday, August 7, at 1 p. m. Interment Rock Creek Cemetery.

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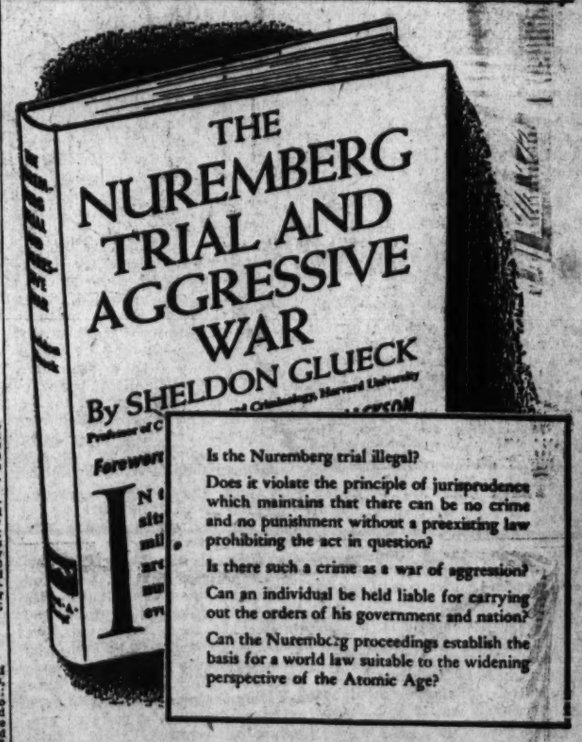
THE NUREMBERG TRIAL AND AGGRESSIVE WAR
By SHELDON GLUECK
Is the Nuremberg trial illegal?
Does it violate the principle of jurisprudence which maintains that there can be no crime and no punishment without a preexisting law prohibiting the act in question?
Is there such a crime as a war of aggression?
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Can the Nuremberg proceedings establish the basis for a world law suitable to the widening perspective of the Atomic Age?
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Livestock and Produce

Baltimore Livestock

Baltimore, Aug. 6 (AP) (U. S. Department of Agriculture).—CATTLE—Receipts, 200; market steady; all classes represented; receipts principally cows and steer bulls; medium beef cows, 12.50@13.00; common, 10.00@12.00; canners and cutters, 8.00@9.50; few medium and good sausage bulls, 12.00@14.50; odd head best type to 15.00.

CALVES—Receipts, 100; veal calf market steady, fairly active; practical top, 18.00; mixed lots good and choice, 17.00@18.00; common and medium, 12.00@16.50; culls around 10.00 down.

HOGS—Receipts, 350; all barrows, gilts and sows 25 lower than Monday, trade active at decline; good and choice barrows and gilts, 160-250 lbs., 24.25, top; 250-300 lbs., 23.75; 300 lbs. up, 2.00; 140-160 lbs., 23.85; 120-400 lbs., 23.25; good and choice sows, 21.00.

SHEEP—Spring lambs 1.00 higher than Monday; practical top, 20.00; leniently sorted lots good and choice 70-100 lb. spring lambs, 19.50@20.00; mixed lots medium and good quoted 16.50@19.00; light culls ranging down to 12.00 or below; aged slaughter ewes quoted nominally from 7.00 down.

Richmond Market

Richmond, Va., Aug. 6 (AP) (USDA).—WHITE POTATOES—Receipts moderate. Market steady. U. S. No. 1, Virginia, New Jersey and Long Island, 100 lb. sacks, 2.25@3.00.

LETTUCE—Receipts moderate. Market firm. California, 4-5 dozen crates, 2.25@3.50.

ONIONS—Receipts heavy. Market dull. 50-lb. sacks, Illinois and New Jersey, 1.75@2.25; Virginia, 1.00@2.00.

CABBAGE—Receipts moderate. Market steady. North Carolina and Virginia, 50-lb. sacks, 1.00@1.50.

SNAP BEANS—Receipts moderate. Market firm. North Carolina and Virginia hampers, 2.50@3.50.

EGGS—Receipts light. Market firm. Demand quiet. White and browns, U. S. grade A, large, 46@48; U. S. grade A, medium, 41; U. S. grade B, large, 36@40; U. S. grade C, 30@31. Nearby ungraded current receipts, 55 lbs. and up, 25@35; pullets, 29.

LIVE POULTRY—Receipts fairly liberal. Market steady. Broilers and fryers, colored, mostly 22 lbs., with some higher; Leghorns, 25@26 lb.; colored fowl, 28@30 lb.; Leghorn fowl, 20@21 lb.; old roosters, 18 lb.

HOGS—Market steady with Monday on all weights and sows. Top, 24.00 for good and choice 120-270 lb. barrows and gilts; 270-300 lbs., 23.75; 300-330 lbs., 23.50; over 330 lbs., 23.00; 100-120 lbs., 22.50. Good sows under 500 lbs., 22.00; over 500 lbs., 21.50. Good stags, 19.50.

CATTLE—Trading rather quiet early. Market about steady on represented slaughter classes. Few good heavy steer yearlings, 13.00@14.00; good fat dairy type, 11.00@12.00; common and medium, 9.00@10.00; canners and cutters, 7.00@9.00. Strictly good heavy bulls, 12.00@13.50; lightweights around 10.00@12.00. Steadier undertone on good and choice vealers, practical top, 17.00; undergrades continue draggy. Improved demand for top quality lambs, but lower grades slow; mostly 17.00 down.

Chicago Livestock

Chicago, Aug. 6 (AP) (U. S. Department of Agriculture).—SALABLE HOGS—Receipts, 7500, total, 11,500; very slow and uneven; barrows and gilts, 300 lbs. and down, 25 to 75 cents lower; few loads heavier weights and sows, 50 cents to $1 lower; good and choice 170-270 lbs., 23.50@24.00; top, 24.00, paid freely; good and choice 270-300 lbs., 23.00@23.75; few loads 300-350 lbs., 22.50@23.25; good and choice 130-160 lbs., unevenly 21.00@23.00; bulk good and choice sows, most weights, 21.25@21.75; few choice around 300 lbs. weight, 22.00.

SALABLE CATTLE—Receipts, 3000, total, 2300; salable calves, receipts, 1000, total, 1000; fed steers and yearlings including yearling heifers slow, steady; top early, 26.50, on choice 1135-lb. averages, but prime medium weights held above 27.00; choice light yearling steers, 25.00; six loads medium to good Southwest grassers, 16.90; bulk fat steers, 18.00@24.50; yearlings predominating; most heifers, 18.00@22.00, best around 23.00; all other killing classes steady to strong with cows strong to 25 cents higher; vealers steady at 18.50 down; stock cattle largely 13.00@18.50.

SALABLE SHEEP—Receipts, 2000, total, 2300; five cars native spring lambs now being yarded; market not fully established; short deck good and choice spring lambs to city butcher at 21.50, with bucks cut at 20.50; some held higher; some big packers bidding 21.00 for good and choice spring lambs and talking 6.50 down on good and choice shorn slaughter ewes.

Palestine

By Sumner Welles

A Problem For U. N. Assembly

THE PROPOSAL of the Anglo-American Cabinet Committee for the partition of Palestine, initiated by the British cabinet, should be summarily rejected. It deserves denunciation by public opinion throughout the world.

It would leave the Jewish residents of Palestine at the mercy of a British central authority for an indefinite period. It would gerrymander Palestine in such a way that the Jewish national homeland promised by the Balfour Declaration could never be established. It would eliminate the opportunities for economic development envisaged in Dr. Lowdermilk's report. It would impede the ultimate establishment of a regional economic federation in which the Arab republics and an independent Jewish state in Palestine might profitably take part.

The partition proposed would forever prevent great numbers of European Jews from finding a permanent home in Palestine. The area of 1500 square miles allotted to the Jews by this proposal is far smaller even than that suggested by the Peel commission in 1937.

Rabbi Silver's characterization of the proposal as "a plan for the ghettoization of the Jews in their own homeland" is thoroughly justified.

The British government is patently using the desperate plight of the Jewish refugees in Europe as a club over the Jewish communities to force their acceptance of this plan. Its effort to persuade this Government that the long-promised admission of 100,000 refugees into Palestine must be linked with its partition proposal should not be countenanced.

IN ITS handling of the Palestine problem the American Government has been guided by humanitarian motives. But it has rarely shown less moral courage or greater incapacity in making this Nation's influence effective. Through its agreement to take part in the Anglo-American Palestine Commission, and in the more recent Anglo-American Cabinet Committee, it was led by the British government to assume responsibility without securing in return any commensurate authority.

Secretary Byrnes has been forced to admit that the partition proposal was indorsed by the official representatives of this Government on the Anglo-American Cabinet Committee. Even if the President withholds his approval, there is no way in which the United States can now avoid moral responsibility for the proposal made.

The British government intends to summon Arab and Jewish leaders to a round-table conference to consider the partition proposal. Thereafter, it is reported from London, this solution will be "imposed" whether with, or without, American cooperation."

THE BRITISH government is thus asserting its right unilaterally to "impose" its own decisions in Palestine. Yet Palestine is not British territory. Great Britain was merely delegated mandate powers in Palestine by the League of Nations. The League has ceased to exist. An international trusteeship system has been established by the United Nations Charter. Article 77 of the Charter provides for the transfer of all mandated territories to the authority of the trusteeship council by means of individual trusteeship agreements.

The trusteeship council has not been set up by the United Nations, primarily beesuse the British government has not yet submitted such trusteeship agreements.

Now that the United Nations is functioning, Great Britain possesses no moral or legal right to impose her unilateral decisions in Palestine, particularly when those decisions will result in accomplished facts destined to have disastrous consequences for the community of nations.

Unless the solution found for the Palestine problem carries out the pledges contained in the Balfour Declaration as indorsed by repeated joint resolutions of the American Congress, a lasting peace cannot be established in the Near East. The question of Palestine is one which affects every member of the United Nations.

YET THE Government of the United States during the last 12 months has acquiesced in the assertion by the British government of its alleged right to take such action in Palestine as it sees fit. This Government has at no time insisted that the problem of Palestine was one which only the United Nations could legitimately solve. It has acted as if Great Britain and the United States were alone concerned, and as if the United States were a very junior partner in the enterprise.

No condemnation can be too severe for the outrages committed by the Irgun and Stern terrorists.

But the policies carried out by the British authorities in Palestine offer convincing evidence that the British mandate over Palestine should immediately be terminated by the Assembly of the United Nations. The British government has demonstrated that it can no longer be considered an impartial trustee for the inhabitants of Palestine.

The military orders issued by General Barker, by which he held all of the Jewish people responsible for the recent acts of terrorism and directed his troops "to show contempt" for the Jews, might have been issued by one of Hitler's lieutenants. Can we expect any fair or constructive settlement of the Palestine question, or one which will be in harmony with the principles of the four freedoms, if it is to be undertaken under such auspices as these?

MR. R. H. S. CROSSMAN, a British member of the Anglo-American Palestine Commission, stated the issue clearly when he recently said: "We may well find ourselves drifting, involuntarily, into an Anglo-Jewish war, as disastrous and as inconclusive as the hostilities in Ireland which preceded the formation of the Irish Free State."

The United States must withdraw from its present implication in the formulation of British policy concerning Palestine. It should demand that the Assembly of the United Nations at its September meeting at once assume responsibility for the administration of Palestine. At that meeting the United States should lead in securing an equitable and lasting solution for the Palestine problem by the trusteeship council.

If the British government persists in maintaining that the determination of the future of Palestine rests solely in its own hands, an exceedingly grave threat to world peace will thereby be raised.

JANE ARDEN

I HAVE A TABLE FOR YOU NOW— THIS WAY, PLEASE!
PLEASE DON'T MAKE ANY MORE SCENES, ACE—
I'LL TRY NOT TO— BUT THAT FELLER RILED ME—
?
OH NO Y'DON'T— JUDGE, I USED T' TRY T' PULL THAT ON ME—
?
ACE— YOU PROMISED
BUT HE WAS PIKIN' ON LITTLE VOICE CHANG. OUT FM UNDER YOU—I'VE HEARD ABOUT THESE PLACES—
YOU'RE THINKIN' OF NIGHT CLUBS— HE WAS JUST RUNNIN' POLITZ!

Matter Of Fact

By Joseph Alsop

Peaceful Revolution

LONDON.—The first thing to understand about Britain under the Labor Party is that a great social revolution has occurred here, peacefully but irrevocably, for good or ill. It seems silly to have to make such a statement nearly a year after the British election, but the all-important fact has been obscured in American eyes. It is noticed, for example, that the Permanent Undersecretary of Ernest Bevin's Foreign Office is the intelligent, cynical and strikingly nonproletarian Sir Orme Sargent. But it is not understood that Sir Orme Sargent has been retained simply because he has the reputation of being the best diplomatic technician since the distant days of Sir Eyre Crowe.

That is the advantage of a peaceful revolution. Instead of hustling them off to the guillotine, you can make use of the best brains of the older order to help build the new. Britain did it before, at the time of the reform bill of 1832, which transferred the power from the great land owners to the middle class. The election of the Labor government last year was a comparable but a much bigger and more radical event, transferring the power from the middle class to the mass of the people.

A PEACEFUL revolution is bound to be duller than a bloody one, and there is no doubt of the peaceful character of the revolution in Britain. Professor Harold Laski, the stormy petrel of the British Labor Party, used to predict that the British governing class would never accept socialism without violence. But he now cheerfully admits that he was wrong.

He could hardly do otherwise, when Viscount Cranborne, the wise Conservative leader of the House of Lords, genially conspires with the government chieftain, Lord Addison, to insure passage of the Labor Party measures without crippling amendments. British Conservatives can be very bitter against the Labor Party. They are most bitter against the Labor Party's measures to nationalize basic industries, which are intended to make the Socialist revolution permanent by putting the basic economic power in the hands of the state. Yet their bitterness does not make them forget the need to make the machine of government work. Thus no one is surprised that more than half of the members of the board chosen to run the nationalized coal industry are business administrators and technicians who probably voted against Labor at the last election.

Despite the absence of any taint of blood in the British revolution, political observation is exciting in Britain today, and especially so to anyone who has watched the progressive bankruptcy of the American Left since the death of Franklin Roosevelt. There are big men at the head of the new British government. Herbert Morrison, who heads up the whole domestic economy, and Ernest Bevin, who directs the foreign and imperial policy, have always been known to be big men. Clement Attlee, although he remains dim as a political figure, is emerging as a powerful head of government and coordinator. Younger leaders like Aneurin Bevan, who directs the vast British program of health and social welfare, more far-reaching than anything we have dreamed of, and John Strachey, who has the difficult assignment at the Food Ministry, are getting the opportunity to make their mark. And the lower ranks of the Labor Party are crowded with still more youthful men of promise who are beginning to gain reputations, like Attlee's former economic adviser, Douglas Jay, and Bevin's assistant, Hector MacNeil.

Furthermore, the Labor Party has need of big men to execute its immense program. The new cradle-to-grave social security bill and the national health bill socializing medicine would be adequate achievements for most governments. But establishing a minimum of well-being for every individual is only one half of the Labor program. The other half comprises the long series of equally important measures, taking control of credit, investment and the basic industries. These are intended to guide the British economy toward a continuously rising productivity. After establishing a minimum of well-being for each member of the society, it is also hoped to increase the well-being of the society as a whole.

THIS DOES not mean that the experiment will surely work, or needs to be attempted in the much richer United States. The experiment is needful in Britain because, at this moment, Britain is poor. And it may not work for that very reason, since it is difficult to do a big job on a narrow margin. Nevertheless, the American liberals, who proclaim their belief in civil liberties yet hanker after the social welfare and economic planning of the Soviet Union, would do well to study the British experiment. The British Labor Party is doing what they want to see done, and doing it without the sacrifice of any essential freedom.

They might particularly examine the remarkable series of votes by which British working men rejected the Communist Party. In certain British trade unions, such as the coal miners and the compositors, the Communists and their sympathizers had made considerable headway in the bad years between wars. The leaders advocated merger of the Communists with the Labor Party.

But when the issue was referred to the rank and file before the annual party conference, the rank and file voted the other way by huge majorities. The compositors, for example, were 8 to 1 against merger, although their executive board was 32 to 31 in favor. An American observer cannot help but suspect that part of the success of the Labor Party to date rises from the fact that British trade unions are thoroughly democratic and thoroughly British. It is easier for men of all classes to accept a peaceful revolution when these truths are in everyone's mind.

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OVER THE ATLANTIC AND ACROSS THE WORLD

Off the Record

By Ed Reed

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by David G. Wittels
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Strip Teaser in Black and White
by Collie Small
ALSO IN THIS ISSUE:
The Germans Resist "Liberation" by Ernest O. Hauser... The Lady in the Doorway by Neill C. Wilson... Don't Let the Veteran Down by Brig. Gen. Leon W. Johnson.
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Wednesday, August 7, 1946

Mr. Byrnes' Outburst

From Paris—Tuesday.

The vigorous outburst by Secretary Byrnes against Foreign Minister Molotov, which electrified the Paris Conference yesterday, is not least important because it reflects the waning patience of a very patient man. In all his past dealings with the Soviet Foreign Minister—the record is now a long one—Mr. Byrnes has never allowed his personal feelings to stand in the way of the effort to build the foundations of a durable peace. He has felt, and continues to feel, that an essential and even indispensable aspect of that endeavor must be a true working arrangement between the United States and Russia. In persuit of that goal the United States has repeatedly made concessions to Russia which only in limited degree, and then more often than not only temporarily, the Russians have reciprocated.

Mr. Molotov in particular has shown no disposition to make real concessions for the sake of harmony, or to regard any concessions that may have been made as binding when and if it does not suit Russia's purpose to carry them out. At the same time the Russian Foreign Minister has been vehement in his insistence that all other nations live punctiliously, and always in accordance with Russia's understanding, up to the letter and spirit of all agreements. He has not refrained from impugning both the motives and the veracity of those who have happened to differ with him regarding these agreements. Mr. Evatt was one who early in the present conference was the object of that kind of an attack. But the doughty Australian Foreign Minister, a pretty good rough-and-tumble fighter himself, gave at least as well as he received, with the result that Mr. Molotov has apparently decided to leave him alone. The job of baiting Mr. Evatt has been turned over to Soviet stooges.

The other day Mr. Molotov turned his particular fire on Secretary Byrnes. Discussing the Canadian proposal that the Council of Foreign Ministers meet concurrently with the peace parley to consider any recommendations that the conference may approve, Mr. Molotov made statements which, in effect, constituted charges that in approving the Canadian proposal, Mr. Byrnes had gone back on past pledges, and was also, in effect, evading the truth. As Mr. Byrnes said yesterday, at various times, whenever the Soviet representative could not have his way, he has indulged in impugning the motives of his colleagues. Mr. Byrnes in his statement to the conference at yesterday morning's meeting cited page and verse to prove that it was not he but Mr. Molotov who had been taking liberties with the truth. Significantly, Mr. Molotov made no real effort to reply to Mr. Byrnes. He contented himself with a long and rambling attack on the American and British press. In the afternoon session, when Mr. Molotov exploded a new bombshell in the form of a demand that all votes on procedural matters require a two-thirds majority, his endless capacity of distorting facts to fit a preconceived theory was further revealed. As several speakers demonstrated, Mr. Molotov's reference to the San Francisco Charter as a useful precedent was based on a careful editing of a chapter of the Charter. But, since one purpose of his maneuver was to delay action on the British amendment—the proposal to transmit to the Council of Foreign Ministers all recommendations approved by a simple majority of the conference as well as those approved by a two-thirds vote—Molotov's demarche was not without its value to Russia, regardless of the ultimate outcome.

Molotov's remarks produced the most dramatic debate which has yet taken place at the conference. It dealt with a highly technical problem of parliamentary procedure. But it threw a further disturbing light on the division in the conference between Russia (and her stooges) and the others. The great question here is now, more than ever, whether two worlds can produce one peace.

Recognition

The case for a continental policy on the recognition of new governments is again demonstrated by the ragged procession of American states which are welcoming the new Bolivian government into the American family. Venezuela seems to have led the way. On the basis of previous experience we suppose the United States will follow suit about midway in line. The situation is thus a duplicate of what has been going on for many years past. There has never been any solidarity in the matter, nor, indeed, any discernible method. It was thought that at the very least the Chapultepec Conference would formalize this question of recognition. After all, the nations formed what to all intents and purposes was a club, with rules and regulations governing the relations of members. But the first rule of a club, surely, governs admissions. What would be thought of a club in which members decided such questions without reference to the other club members?

Mr. Sumner Welles would resolve the difficulty by a continental decision providing for the automatic recognition of new regimes. This is held to be the Estrada doctrine, so-called because it was enunciated in 1934 by the Mexican General Estrada. But the Estrada doctrine did not deprive Mexico of the right to withhold recognition whenever the foreign policy of any government is deemed unfavorable to Mexico's interests. It would seem to us that a test of recognition is essential. The new charge d'affaires at the Bolivian Embassy, Raul Diez de Medina, suggests that the new revolutionary junta at La Paz has met the main requirements of recognition, viz., control of the internal situation, compliance with all international obligations, and a declaration of the intention to return to a constitutional status. Perhaps these are the right tests. At any rate, the main thing is that the American republics should get together on the issue. A common policy to be enforced at regular meetings of Foreign Ministers of this continent—as provided for under the Chapultepec resolutions—is the only way to maintain the new regional system we are seeking to create within the framework of world organization.

Truman's Problem

It would almost seem as if the British are trying to stampede the President into an agreement to use the British cabinet plan for Palestine as a basis of negotiations. At any rate, their haste is in remarkable contrast to the procrastination they have hitherto displayed. Last summer, after getting the Harrison report on refugees in Germany, the President asked for the entry of 100,000 refugees into Palestine. No notice was taken of the request, and the next development was the setting up, at Mr. Bevin's suggestion, of the Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry. At the same time the British relaxed the ban on immigration, and 1500 entries were permitted. At the end of April the joint inquiry made its report. Unanimously the members recommended immediate action on the permits for 100,000 refugees. The President, armed with this support, repeated his own suggestion of last summer, but the British hemmed and hawed, a process which fanned Arab intransigence. Then came the violence in Palestine, followed by stern repression by the British authority and a remarkable speedup in activity in Downing Street.

First business for the President when he gets back today from Missouri is what to do about the British plan for Palestine. In a kind of federal system under British auspices part of Palestine would be partitioned between Arab and Jew nonautonomously. Whether this plan has been accepted by the Grady mission in London, which will meet with the President and the American members of the Anglo-American Comitmtee of Inquiry today, is difficult to determine. There is a certain plausibility in the report, emanating from the men who went to London with Mr. Grady, that Mr. Grady was rushed into acceptance of the plan. For in international negotiations Mr. Grady is known to be on the side of complaisance. But we may be sure, whatever the facts about the Grady mission, that the President will not be similarly stampeded. At the same time we see no other alternative than the acceptance of partition in principle. Why is not this sufficient as the basis of negotiations, coupled with the carrying out of the Anglo-American Committee's recommendation for 100,000 entries and the pledge to cooperate in developing the waters of the River Jordan? On this basis, surely, there is ample ground for negotiation.

In the meantime the Palestine administration ought to be reminded that a solution will not be forthcoming unless it separates repression from suppression. Reports from Palestine indicate the probability that arriving refugees may at any time be turned back to the charnel house in Europe whence they came. In so doing the British would be technically correct. They agreed to open Palestine's doors to only 1500 persons a month, and when arrivals go beyond this figure, the excess is put into detention camps pending formal admittance. Temporary accommodation of this nature, we are told, may last as long as a month. It may be argued that lack of room justifies extrusion instead of detention, but this will not carry any weight, for the answer is that if there is room in these camps for Palestinian Jews suspected of terrorism, surely there is room for the Jews fleeing from the prisonhouse in Europe. Certainly the harshness expressed by a return of refugees to Europe would be an affront to all Jews, Zionist and non-Zionist alike. It would make it impossible to get any Jewish support for any partition plan for Palestine. We hope there will be no such attempt further to prejudice negotiations which would have a chance of success if the British and the Americans were determined on a comprehensive and a just solution.

Cradle Of Liberty

To make a public speech on historic Boston Common a license is required. Accordingly, Judge Charles L. Carr of the Boston Muhicipal Court fined five men a short while ago for speaking there without a permit. Judge Carr did this with extreme reluctance, declaring that he considered the license requirement unconstitutional, because "the right of free speech cannot be left to the caprice of a licensing officer." But the judge's hands were tied by a previous case in which the United States Supreme Court had upheld the licensing system on Boston Common. We are glad to note that the American Civil Liberties Union has decided to carry these new cases to the Supreme Court if necessary, in an effort to get a reversal of the old decision.

The licensing system has long been used by municipalities, under the pretext of maintaining law and order, to curb one of the fundamental American liberties—the right of free speech and free assembly. A few years ago it become particularly obnoxious in Jersey City under the regime of Mayor Frank Hague, where it was used repeatedly to suppress meetings of labor, liberal and even religious groups. The Jersey City ordinance was carried to the Supreme Court, where it was held invalid. Justice Roberts, ruling for the Court, said the use of streets and parks for public assembly "has, from ancient times, been a part of the privileges, immunities, rights, and liberties of citizens." But the earlier Boston decision was not overturned by the Court. It banned the denial of constitutional liberties "in the guise of regulation," but conceded the right to regulate public assembly.

The issue raised by Judge Carr in Boston is far more fundamental. It challenges the whole licensing system as a vehicle for suppression of constitutional rights. This is a subject which is discussed with much wisdom by one of America's leading authorities on the question—Prof. Zechariah Chafee, jr., of Harvard—in his book, *Free Speech in the United States*. Professor Chafee recognizes that the licensing system is based upon the theory that it is necessary to prevent disorder arising from the public expression of unpopular opinion. But he quotes from a brief submitted by a committee of the American Bar Association in the Hague case which warned that "the right to express unpopular opinions and to hold unpopular meetings is of the essence of American liberty."

Following out this philosophy, Professor Chafee contends that public authorities have the "duty to make the right of free assembly prevail over the forces of disorder if by any reasonable effort or means they can possibly do so." As an alternative to the licensing system he cites the plan used in France before the war, under which prospective speakers were merely required to notify public authorities of their intention to speak. He points out that under this system the authorities have sufficient warning to provide any police protection needed, but do not have any censorship powers. This proposal is worth consideration. It would be far more becoming to Boston, which provided much of the spark for the American revolution, than the licensing system now prevailing.

Consumer Resistance

When the butcher wraps up two very moderate-sized lamb chops, says "that will be 75 cents," and the customer promptly hands them back, that is consumer resistance. What's more, it is the kind of consumer resistance that is more to be feared by merchants than noisy or spectacular demonstrations taking the form of parades, picketing and mass meetings. These organized protests have their value, of course, as we have pointed out, as evidence of public concern over mounting living costs. They are a warning to sellers that trouble may lie ahead. But in the long run it is the passive resistance of millions of individuals who have to reduce their buying when prices skyrocket that causes high-priced foods to back up on shelves and accumulate in warehouses.

This is possibly the best safeguard against inflation. A large proportion of consumers are now spending most or all of their current income to satisfy consumption needs. Although the volume of savings held by the public is colossal, its distribution is highly uneven, most of the savings being concentrated in the high income groups. For example, it is estimated that about 50 per cent of family spending units accumulated almost no liquid assets during the war, while 30 per cent of family units saved nothing in 1945 or had to dip into their past savings to cover current consumption outlays. If estimates were available for the present year, they would undoubtedly show further declines in current savings and even heavier inroads on accumulated savings.

Here lies the evidence that millions of families simply do not have the funds that would permit them to pay the extravagant prices now ruling for many basic foodstuffs. Their resistance to price increases is a product of necessity. It does not have to be stiffened by appeals to boycott profiteers or by the placards of wrathful picketers. In addition, there are countless families able to pay more, but unwilling to abandon the habits of thrift that have been encouraged during the war years by lavish incomes and limited spending outlets. Such people will be inclined to follow the example of the housewife who refuses to pay 37½ cents for a lamb chop that would once have sold for 15 cents or thereabouts. With judicious help from the price control authorities, we believe, therefore, that the great body of consumers will be able to prevent further inflation, provided a fresh wave of strikes to enforce higher wage demands can be headed off.

WILD HONEY

Dark rich amber in translucent hexagons of wax:
this is the essence of anonymous flowers
suffused with the sunlight of unnumbered days,
sharp-sweet with the wild tang of woodland shade,
thick with the amber of time;
come upon suddenly in the busy humming silence
that is the treasure house of the golden corsairs of air,
it is more than a flavor, it is a strange season;
more than a scent, a vista of far places and hours.

FREDERICK EBRIGHT

"Never Touched Me!"

Letters To The Editor

Communications must carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters of less than 200 words will be given preference. All letters are subject to condensation.

Flight From Intolerance

Charles Jackson, author of "*Lost Weekend*," tells us in his guest column for Leonard Lyons that he has quit his home in a New Hampshire village because of the racial intolerance he found there.

Mr. Jackson, by running away, unfortunately is not helping to combat the evil of race hate in his comunity as effectively as he might. His column is a cry of frustration and impotence. What is needed, it seems to me, in Orford, N. H., and Greenville, Miss., and every other American town where race hate exists, is information and understanding, not just condemnation.

The people of Orford, those few who alarm Mr. Jackson for their intolerance, need to be told and shown again and again why race hate is a poison threatening democracy. They need to know why Jews and Negroes are entitled, like everyone else, to equality of opportunity and freedom, why Negroes and Jews and Irish and French Canadians and New Yorkers are the way they are. Tolerant understanding should be spread across the land through information, not declaration, and through the personal example of people of good will.

In 1942 in a Vermont town not far from Orford there were also alarming symptoms of anti-Semitism. There were scare spy stories circulated concerning two or three Jewish refugees from Germany, one of them a doctor, another the proprietor of a dress shop. The local editor, a Yankee, the Governor of Vermont, George D. Aiken, and Dorothy Canfield Fisher, noted author, through the paper told the people of the town about the background of the refugees, showed them that they were anti-Fascists and not, as reported, Hitler agents, and pointed out that they had been carefully checked and cleared by the FBI. The editor also ran a series of rumors about the aliens and local Jews. All of the rumors turned out to be false and many of them obviously ridiculous. The "campaign" of vilification soon collapsed.

In Greenville, Miss., Hodding Carter, a native Southerner as well as a Pulitzer Prize winner, and many others are making more and more of their neighbors conscious of the need for racial tolerance and understanding.

Carter has not, like Mr. Jackson, thrown up his hands and fled in disgust and dismay. Rather, he is week after week letting light into the land of Bilbo.

WILLIAM BUNKER.
Silver Spring, Md.

Mr. North's Reviews

If your correspondent, Milton Forrester, who so scornfully condemns Sterling North's book reviewing in your columns would have himself psychoanalyzed I think he would find that his discontent is not caused by any misstatements or misjudgments in Mr. North's reviews, but by frustration due to Mr. North not expressing the opinions Mr. Forrester would express if he had a chance.

And I further believe that a poll of your book-loving readers would show a substantial majority to hold the high opinion which I hold of Mr. North's sound literary judgment, good sense and intellectual hospitality to new ideas.

FREDERICK A. BLOSSOM.
Washington.

The subtle campaign has been going on for a sufficient time to produce the attitude that a reviewer who approves of a few books and disapproves of a few others "hugs the Communist Party line" because the Communist magazine, *New Masses*, approves or disapproves of the same books. I should like to cite a few other publications which have committed the crime of praising Howard Fast's books: the *Virginia Quarterly Review*, the Literary Guild publication, *Wings*, the *Saturday Review of Literature*, the *San Francisco Chronicle*, the *New York Herald Tribune*, the *St. Louis Post-Dispatch*, and the Readers' Club.

In regard to Mr. Bullitt and his book, Prof. Henry Steele Commager of Columbia University, wrote in the *New York Herald Tribune*, "so gross are the distortions, so fallacious the arguments, so blatant the omissions, so immoral the proposals of this book that it can only serve to promote misunderstanding." Such a man as Ambassador Dodd has called Mr. Bullitt's views on Russia "irresponsible." That would make Ambassador Dodd a "fellow traveler," wouldn't it?

The orgy of name calling has now reached a new height, indicating the growing fear of liberals that they might conceivably be branded "red." A careful reading of the works of liberals under the Weimar Republic reveals the same fear, expressed by almost identical essays. Next came Hitler.

FESTINA LENTE.
Washington.

Tennessee Machine

Senator McKellar has stated in an interview with newsmen that the Cantrell machine of Athens, Tenn., had no connection with the Crump machine of Memphis. I am, to say the least, surprised at the Senator's statement. It is known all over the State that members of the Riggs-Cantrell machine are the Crump men for east Tennessee.

Of course, the politicians would have the public believe that they had no part of the crooks which disgraced the county. Yet before Senator McKellar would consider any of these men for a Federal job they had to have the indorsement of Paul Cantrell. The Senator considered Paul Cantrell and Birch Biggs as close personal friends and has been a guest of Mr. Biggs many times.

The Cantrell machine was so slimy you really can't blame the Senator for not admitting the friendship.

H. K. MINOR.
Athens, Tenn.

Cooperative Houses

Now that Congress has failed to enact housing legislation, the cry goes up that the people will have no housing, or that they do have will be too costly, "beyond the needs (sic) of those most in need of it," as you state in your editorial of August 2.

Perhaps that will be true, if people continue to wait for others to provide houses for them.

One man alone cannot in our specialized industrial system produce all the things he wants for himself and his family. But men, cooperating, can and do produce these things for themselves and their families; not for profit, but for utility. This, of course, is free enterprise carried to its logical conclusion; enterprise not for the few, but for the many.

Why then cannot people, cooperating, build houses? There is no apparent reason, except perhaps an unfortunate lassitude, a willingness to let others do it while the people pay in taxes and profits. Of course, that is an acceptable solution, if that's the way we want it, but if that is the way we want it we should not complain if those on whom we lean don't do the job the way we think it should be done.

As a matter of fact, people are cooperating to build houses. Along the Eastern Seaboard alone there are 50 or 60 cooperative housing enterprises. Any group of Americans can do the same, if they are willing to stand up and exhibit a little of that characteristic American independence, ingenuity and forcefulness which we are reputed to have.

MEREDITH BLOSS.
Washington.

War Weapon Show

An article in *The Post* of August 3 states that the Government spent in July over one billion dollars more than it took in that month in taxes.

This leads the writer to ask why it was thought necessary to spend several thousand dollars in putting on that show of war weapons now going on on the Monument Grounds.

What good does it do? Didn't something like this go on in Rome when the authorities were trying to make a big show of what they were doing for the people?

M. H. B.
Hyattsville, Md.

Federal Anti-Poll-Tax Law

I want to offer my sincere congratulations upon your sound and eloquent editorial, "Antilynch," of August 1 in which you make the case for Federal antilynching legislation.

It seems to me that *The Post's* clearsightedness in this matter is, however, in curious contrast to its myopia in regard to Federal anti-poll-tax legislation.

The people of the South will be able to put their own house in order only when they are armed with the vote. Where there is 10 per cent democracy at the ballot box, there will continue to be 10 per cent democracy in every sector of life in the South.

Tennessee has not always been a poll-tax State. Like the other Southern States where the poll tax now exists it saw this restriction on the vote imposed—and not without opposition—at the end of the last century. The poll tax was designed to disfranchise alike the Negro and the poor white. It accomplished that purpose. It accomplished it so well that machine rule, product of the poll tax system, dominates the State and revokes the power of the people for change.

In 1943 their efforts forced the State Legislature to repeal the tax, which is permissive rather than mandatory in the constitution. The State Supreme Court, however, held this act invalid on grounds that the Legislature had power to impose but not repeal the tax. Now the people of the State are virtually powerless to help themselves, the disfranchised cannot enfranchise themselves when a constitutional amendment requires approval by two successive State Legislatures, once by a two-thirds vote, and then ratification by a referendum vote of the few, who by grace of income or the blessings of the machine, can vote.

But when Federal legislation to strike off these poll-tax shackles—legislation overwhelmingly passed by the House of Representatives—reached the Senate floor last week *The Post* was conspicuously absent from the courageous band of newspapers—such as the *Nashville Tennessean*—which urged its passage and which pointed out that only minority rule in the Senate permitted the continuation of minority rule in the poll-tax States.

A majority of the Senate, by a vote of 39 to 33, went on record in favor of bringing the poll-tax bill to a vote, but a failing of a two-thirds majority the threat of a filibuster by the minority was enough to have the bill put aside.

The opportunity was at hand to take a long step toward the restoration of democracy in the South. Federal legislation to abolish the poll tax is as equally urgent as, and I believe of more far reaching importance, the Federal antilynching legislation.

IDA ENGEMAN.
Arlington, Va.

Washington Calling

By Marquis Childs

Rockets Over Sweden

TO BE A small nation in this big-power world is a precarious business at best. To be a small nation which was neutral during the war and is still intact today is a piece of good fortune that is breath-taking.

For six long years, the Swedes walked the tight rope of neutrality. They suffered provocation and humiliation again and again. For one thing, German projectiles were fired into Sweden.

At least two such projectiles fell intact and were flown to England, where analysis of their secrets contributed to the defense of Britain. What the Nazis were doing, of course, was to try out a new secret weapon.

For the past three weeks, projectiles from an unknown source have again been falling in Sweden. Two or three have fallen across the border in Norway. It makes it seem as though this were indeed no more than a brief pause between wars.

The projectiles falling in Sweden have no explosive warhead. Most of them have fallen in the forest areas of the north and, therefore, they have done little damage.

But here, in miniature, is the pattern of the war of the future. If those same projectiles had had a warhead of atomic explosive and if they had been directed, in a war, at the industrial centers instead of the wilderness, Sweden would today be devastated and the war would be over. That is the grim reality while the gentlemen around the conference table in Paris talk of peace.

NO ONE in Sweden has ventured to speculate officially where these projectiles come from. The nervous Swedes are saying to one another, "Don't look now but there's that rocket again." The general direction from which they come is the southeast, which indicates an origin either in Russian-occupied Germany or perhaps farther to the east, in Latvia or Lithuania, now incorporated into the Soviet Union.

Some speculation puts the source on the Island of Peenemunde off the German coast, in the Baltic. On this island the Nazis concentrated all their experiments on rockets and radio-directed missiles. A dramatic and little-known chapter of the war took place there which may have had far more effect on the outcome than is generally realized.

On Peenemunde, German scientists perfected a new kind of rocket gun. The scientists, with members of the German high command, were celebrating the event in a riotous party when the RAF came over and wiped out almost everything on the island. Superb British intelligence, plus sources of information in the German resistance movement, made this possible. Winston Churchill once said that if the rocket gun had operated from the Calais area in France all Britain's cities would have been destroyed.

So far as is known, no one except the Russians have been on Peenemunde since the war ended. It is part of their zone of occupation.

When the rockets first started dropping in Sweden, the Swedish defense staff asked citizens to report them. There were frequent reports in the press of where they had fallen. One fell in a lake in Lapland, and defense experts are digging it up and will analyze it in an effort to determine the source. Now, however, the Swedish military have requested secrecy on where the rockets land. Obviously, such information would greatly aid whoever is firing the projectiles.

WHAT MAKES this all the more mysterious is that the Swedes are just now about to conclude a long-term trade agreement with the Soviets. This calls for advances up to $250,000,000, over a period of five years, to enable the Russians to buy electrical machinery. While it must be approved by the Parliament, Sweden's labor government is in favor of it.

Curiouser and curiouser, said Alice in her own simple little Wonderland.

Our own military are experimenting with German V-2 rockets, but the difference is that they are using the desert of New Mexico instead of the back yard of a small neutral.

Perhaps the difference is more important than it seems. If the competition in armaments brings on a new and more terrible war, then Sweden's high civilization will be smashed along with almost everything else that survived World War II. That is the truly sinister thing about this use of Sweden as a convenient military laboratory.

Argentine Beef

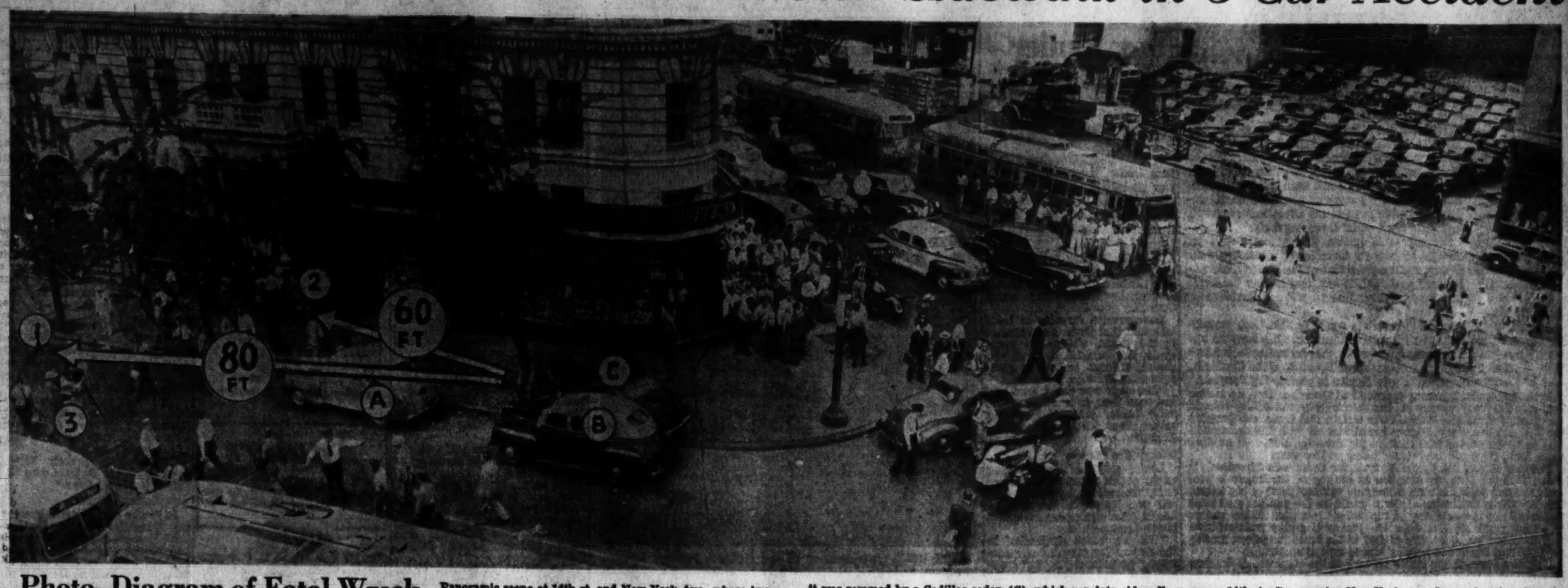
In your column of June 10 there was a letter by R. M. Stromberg in which he refers to the failure of the meat producing interests to complain about the ban against the importation of Argentine beef.

Mr. Stromberg apparently does not understand that the purpose of this barrier is to protect the herds and flocks in the United States from the devastating effect of foot-and-mouth disease. This question has been repeatedly agitated ever since the late President Roosevelt went to South America 10 years or so ago. However, after carefully investigating the circumstances, he did not move to interfere with the sanitary barrier.

We have had many costly outbreaks of the disease in years past but have fought it and conquered it. There has been no outbreak now for 17 years, while England, who under necessity has had to import beef from South America, has repeated outbreaks which cost her tremendous sums of money to handle.

F. E. MOLLIN,
Executive Secretary, American National Livestock Association.
Denver, Colo.

How Two Were Killed on Downtown Sidewalk in 3-Car Accident



Photo–Diagram of Fatal Wreck—Panoramic scene at 14th st. and New York Ave., where two pedestrians were killed and five injured yesterday. According to Accident Investigation Unit report, Skyview taxicab (A) stopped to pick up a passenger; Premier cab (B) struck first taxi when it was rammed by a Cadillac sedan (C), which ran into sidewalk crown on 14th st. after crossing New York ave. One pedestrian, Joseph A. Scannell, was tossed 80 feet into the street (1) and killed. Another, John Lowe, was knocked 60 feet (2) and killed. Bloodmark on streetcar-loading platform (3) is where injured Lillian Harris was taken in a stretcher

Wrecked Auto—Cadillac sedan involved in the fatal traffic accident yesterday at 14th and New York ave. nw., smashed into the tree near the corner. The impact tilted the tree forward

Harris & Ewing

Body—A blanket (circle) covers the body of John Loew, 52, who was knocked about 60 feet down the sidewalk. Arrow is from the seat of the auto, visible in front of the wrecked sedan in photo at left. Crowd in background is around an injured pedestrian being given first aid.

Victim—Navy Ensign Robert Marment, one of the injured pedestrians, receives first aid on the scene from an intern and nurse before being removed to Emergency Hospital

The Federal Diary

By Jerry Kluttz

Navy to Revise Upward Plans to Lay Off 140,000

NAVY: It's carefully worked out plans to lay off some 140,000 civilians by next June 30 have been dumped into the ash can. A new set of plans are up for study that would require far greater lay-offs.

Kluttz

In a word, the Navy has been ordered — subject to appeal — to pay the cost of the 14 per cent pay raise out of available money. The White House, in an economy mood, has told Navy that it won't support a deficiency appropriation to pay the higher salaries. Similar word has been given the War Department.

The new reduction threat comes at a time when Navy bureaus here estimate they need upward of 500 additional new employes to help operate new chores ordered by Congress. Among these new duties are surplus property disposal, the payment of terminal leave to enlisted men and women, and the payment of back overtime pay to some per diem workers.

Very likely this will happen: the Washington offices will be exempted temporarily from any over-all reduction, and deeper cuts will be made in the field force. Navy had planned to reduce its civilian staff from 440,000 to 300,000 by June 30. Now it will go down to a point under 300,000, but just where is a matter of negotiation at this time.

AGRICULTURE: Bob Shields, director of Production and Marketing Administration, is considering a very good offer from private industry. He's likely to accept it by early fall. This is the third offer he has had since he stepped into the PMA job. . . . **SOCIAL SECURITY:** Gordon Wagenet has returned to this agency as director of its Bureau of Employment Security.

COMMERCE: Its new programs which were authorized by Congress are imperiled by the economy ax. Congress gave the department a record budget, but it may not be able to spend the added money because it may not be able to hire the people to carry out the new projects. This will give you an idea of what's involved:

Commerce requested a first-quarter personnel ceiling of about 36,000 employes. The Budget Bureau has approved a ceiling of 32,200. The department is appealing. But if the budget figure stands, the airport construction program, expansion of field offices, and enlargement of the Patent Office and Bureau of Standards—all approved by Congress—will be either wiped out or sharply curtailed.

WAAC: The night it adjourned, Congress approved and sent to the White House S. 1560 which gives reemployment rights to members of the old Women's Army Auxiliary Corps who did not become members of the WAC.

NAVY: It has abolished its officer courier service due to the shortage of officers here. Secret material which was taken by hand by officers between key points in this country will now be carried by the Navy's air transport system.

NOTES: Congress refused to approve those bills that would have given both Agriculture and Commerce two additional assistant secretaries. . . . Commerce has given 30-day dismissal notices to 50 more employes in its office of International Trade. . . . The President has signed the bill that will create a new Office of Naval Research in Navy. This office will take over the Office of Research and Inventions.

CPA: Don Dawson, personnel chief at RFC, is the new chairman of the veterans' affairs committee of the Council of Personnel Administration. He has mapped out a vigorous program. . . . **NHA:** David K. Kadane is slated to resign as assistant to Administrator Wilson Wyatt . . . **AGRICULTURE:** It first estimated that 300 pages of the Federal Register would be required to publish all its rules, regulations and other data required on September 11 by the new Administrative Procedure Act. The department has been told it must cut down the mass of material to a maximum of 70 pages.

DRONES

From Page 1

the mother ship takes over. On landing, the mother ship passes control to the ground when the drone descends to about 800 feet and is making approximately 135 miles an hour.

The B-17 operation was conceived by Maj. Gen. Curtis E. Lemay, Army Air Forces experimental and research head, shortly after the first atomic bomb test at Bikini. He designed it to prove the feasibility of guided missiles.

Although one plane dropped a bomb today, in actual warfare a drone, heavily laden with bombs, would be crashed into its target while the mother ship operated at a safe range.

Grasshoppers Imperil Shepherdstown Crops

Shepherdstown, W. Va., Aug. 6 (Spl.).—Farmers in this area report a serious invasion of grasshoppers, particularly on the late corn and the alfalfa. They do not remember so serious an invasion in years.

The farmers think the first crop of corn is too near maturity to be damaged and also that the growth is perhaps too tough for the hoppers. In any event it has not been seriously damaged. The second alfalfa cutting this year in some cases was almost ruined, they say.

County agents are working on a bran mixed with poison which it is hopew would attract the hoppers and kill them.

TRAFFIC

From Page 1

Premier Cab about 10 feet behind Braxton's when he saw him pull into the curb.

"Just then there was a terrific crash—it sounded like an explosion—and all of a sudden it seemed as though it were raining people and leaves," police quoted O'Neil as saying.

Private Nicholson said that investigation showed that Patterson's car grazed O'Neil's cab, swerved to the sidewalk, driving a trash can before it. The trash can was struck with such force that it partially collared a tree, which was bent at a 60 degree angle, Nicholson said. (The tree was subsequently removed, its trunk having been snapped).

Eyewitnesses told police that Miss Harris was thrown about 30 feet in the air and landed against Braxton's cab, striking Marmet.

The door of Braxton's cab was bent inward by the two bodies.

Miss Harris' body careened off the cab and skidded 10 feet along the street pavement, witnesses related to police.

Church Conference Opening In Winchester

Winchester, Va., Aug. 6 (Spl.).—The ninty-eighth annual session of the Virginia Valley Central Conference of Christian Churches will open tomorrow for a two-day session at the New Hope Church near Harrisonburg. Roy A Larrick of Winchester, will preside.

Negotiations Start On Ferry Purchase

Richmond, Va., Aug. 6 (AP).—Negotiations were opened today in the State Highway Building for the State to purchase the Chesapeake Ferry Corp.'s property in the Hampton Roads area.

A committee representing the State Highway Department made up of R. P. Ellison, executive assistant to the commissioner, and A. H. Pettigrew, right-of-way engineer, met wit ha committee from the ferry corporation comprising Arthur Hitch, president, and M. E. Worthington, treasurer. Also present at the informal conference were F. L. Holland, marine appraiser for the highway department, and E. A. Harvey, marine appraiser for the ferry corporation.

Not in Senate Race, Robertson Says

Representative A. Willis Robertson of the Seventh Virginia District in a formal statement yesterday declared that he will not be a candidate for the unexpired term of the late Senator Carter Glass and referred to his June 15 statement that congressional duties would not permit him to engage in a campaign for the nomination.

Virginia Democrats will make their nomination for the Glass Senate seat at a State Democratic convention called for September 5 at Richmond.

He added that the office "in view of the position I now hold in the House," will not "be worth to me such a price."

CHASE

From Page 1

ave. to 15th st., south on 15th st. to K st., and east on K st.

At 14th and K, the GI driver sideswiped a car operated by Hans Hoffman, 28, of 1404 Quincy st. nw., Hoffman was uninjured.

The car continued east on K st. to 11 th st., then swung south on 11th st. to New York ave. where it struck another car, this one operated by Roy Free, 26, of 910 6th st. ne. Free was not injured.

Motorcycle Joins In

The soldier driver raced east on New York ave. to 9th st., then south on 9th st. to I st., east on I st. to 5th st. where Motorcycle Policeman Elmer J. Couture joined the chase.

The car continued east on I st. to 1st st. ne., knocking down a stop sign at 4th and I sts. nw. At 1st st. ne. the car turned left to Floriad ave. ne., then west on Florida ave.

During the race across Florida ave., the civilian dropped off at Floriad ave. and Bohrer st. ne. He was seized by a civilian at 1st st. and Rhode Island ave. ne. and held until police arrived.

At Florida ave. and 5th st. nw., one of the three soldiers jumped from the car. He escaped.

Tries Squeeze Play

When the car reached Florida ave. and U st. nw., it swung west on U. Nearing the intersection of 13th and U sts. nw., the driver attempted to squeeze his car between the curb and two cars which had stopped by a streetcar loading platform for a red light.

Both of the waiting cars were sideswiped. The cars were operated by Dominic T. Henry, 35, or 5210 Jay st. ne., and James A. Battle, 35, of 842 20th st. ne.

The chase car hit a fifth car, one driven by Bernard C. Thorpe, 26, of 3308 N. Pershing dr., Arlington, as it careened around the corner into 13th st. None of the drivers was hurt.

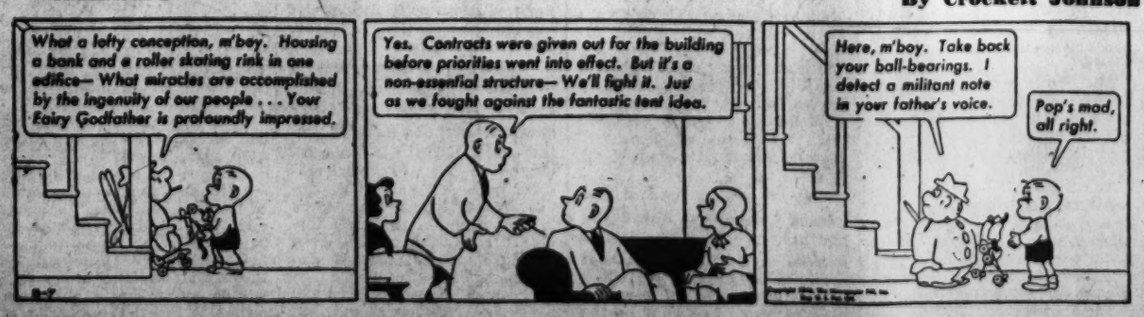
Police, close on the heels of the stolen auto, pulled the two stunned GIs from the car. The soldiers and the civilian were taken to the 13th Precinct.

At 12th and E sts. nw., a police scout car which was speeding to join the chase struck Welton Adams, 27, of 1235 Duncan st. ne., an employe of O'Donnell's Restaurant. Adams told police he was uninjured and would see his own doctor.

End of the Chase . . .

Motorcycle Policeman Elmer J. Couchner (left) of the Traffic Division, who with Arlington Policemen Russell Runyon (center) and Robert Banton chased the stolen car through Washington from Virginia, compile their report at the 13th Precinct stationhouse

BARNABY By Crockett Johnson


What a lofty conception, m'boy. Housing a bank and a roller skating rink in one edifice— What miracles are accomplished by the ingenuity of our people . . . Your Fairy Godfather is profoundly impressed.
Yes. Contracts were given out for the building before priorities went into effect. But it's a non-essential structure— We'll fight it. Just as we fought against the fantastic tent idea.
Here, m'boy. Take back your ball-bearings. I detect a militant note in your father's voice.
Pop's mad, all right.

5 Arrested In Romney In Illegal Liquor Raids

Romney, W. Va., Aug. 6 (Spl.).—State troopers and county peace officers raided places suspected of engaging in the illegal liquor business here over the weekend and five persons were arrested with another still being sought, fines amounting to $950 paid, and two persons held under $1000 bond for hearings.

Berryville Rites Held For Miss Copenhaver, 99

Berryville, Va., Aug. 6 (Spl.).—Funeral services were held here today for Miss Julia Copenhaver, 99, who died Saturday near Rippon, W. Va. The deceased was born in Clarke County on March 3, 1847. She was the last surviving member of her immediate family.

Owen Back, Eager to Rejoin 'Bums'

This Morning

With Shirley Povich

Mickey Owen's Mexican hayride has ended with a jounce that has landed him in the lap of Baseball Commissioner Happy Chandler who now is faced with the choice of eating his words of last April or leaving Owen in baseball exile.

POVICH

For Chandler, it's the toughest spot since he moved into the exalted chair of the late Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis as high commissioner of the game. There would be little speculation as to Owen's fate if Landis were still the commissioner. Landis' statement would be short, undoubtedly pithy, and to the effect that organized baseball wasn't owin' Owen anything.

Already it is known that pressure will be brought to bear on Chandler to reinstate Owen. Branch Rickey, president of the Dodgers, has announced that "I'll do anything to help the boy," and it is apparent that he will ask Chandler to reinstate him.

Against the temptation to reinstate Owen, is Chandler's temptation to reinstate himself as a man of decision. He drew no applause last week when it became known that he had collected and then remitted a $5000 fine to Owner Sam Breadon, of the Cardinals, who took an unauthorized trip to Mexico to placate the Pasquels.

The prospect of regaining a catcher of Owen's calibre, no matter how dim the prospect may be, has seemingly moved Rickey himself to a change of heart. When it was certain that Owen was jumping the Dodgers last April, Rickey kissed him off with the declaration that he never wanted him back on the Brooklyn club. "If he does come back, I'll trade him," said Rickey at that time.

But now Rickey has agreed to front for Owen with Chandler. It seems that the Dodgers' situation at the top of the league is precarious, what with the club owning no catcher worth a big league salary. The reacquisition of Owen would be the greatest guarantee that the Dodgers would stay on top and get into what Rickey visions as a vrey profitable World Series. Rickey is a very practical man and doubtless would be able to find in his heart the purest motive for forgiving Owen and helping him to repatriate himself.

Chandler's spot is the hotter because of the emphatic declaration he made when he announced that all players who did not return to American baseball from their Mexican adventures before the 1946 season started, would be suspended for five years. Originally, he had issued that decree while on a junket to Cuba in March. He repeated it in April.

At the time, Chandler pointed out also that the man who was content to wait out his five-year suspension and then seek reinstatement, would not necessarily be granted it. "You'll notice," he said, "that we merely have ruled that a player has to wait five years before he can apply. That doesn't mean he'll be acceptable, even then."

If Chandler does find it in his heart to forgive Owen, the chances are he will take advantage of one small loophole that may be available to him. That concerns the fact that Owen jumped to the Mexican League before signing with the Dodgers this season, and following his discharge from the Navy. Technically, he violated only the reserve clause in his Brooklyn contract. It is significant that Chandler's office had to reinstate him, as a former service man, before it could act to suspend Owen.

However, on May 9, Owen's name topped a list of suspended players issued by Chandler's office. That made it clear-cut. It may be the nice thing for Chandler to do, if he reinstates Owens, and it would be difficult to criticize him for an act of kindness. Of the bigness of such an act there would be no doubt, inasmuch as Chandler would be sacrificing some of the sterness of the job that elevated Landis to such high esteem.

It's not certain, though, that the reinstatement of Owen at this time would set well with the ball players who turned down offers to jump to Mexico and then battled for the contract reforms they are about to win.

One thing that is certain, however, is that a refusal to reinstate Owen and thus drive home Chandler's warning that ball players who jump are kaput, will discourage the temptation to jump. The Mexican League is losing its appeal anyway, it seems. And with contract reforms heading off the union movement, the owners are more comfy at this time than since the season opened.

Max Lanier Won't Jump Mexican Job

St. Petersburg, Fla., Aug. 6 (AP).—Max Lanier, the erstwhile southpaw pitching ace of the St. Louis Cardinals, says he has no intention of following the example of Mickey Owen and jumping the Mexican League.

In St. Petersburg for treatment of an ailing elbow on his pitching arm, Lanier said "they have treated me just as well, even a little better, than they promised."

He expressed surprise on being informed that Owen had returned to the United States and would apply for reinstatement in organized baseball so that he could rejoin the Brooklyn Dodgers.

"The club was going good and had won four in a row when I left," Lanier said. "Why, Owen batted about .700 himself in those games."

Mickey Has Chance

Lanier said he thought Owen might obtain reinstatement more easily than other players like himself who jumped to the Mexican League after signing contracts with Major League clubs.

"We are under suspension in the majors for jumping our contracts," he pointed out, "but Owen had just been released from the service and had not been reinstated from the inactive list when he went to Mexico.

"Of course, they might suspend him for playing with us (referring to players who went to the Mexican League after signing contracts for the current season with big league clubs)." Lanier said that he is not even under contract to the Mexican League.

"They paid me a bonus for going to Mexico and have paid my entire salary for the season," he said. "In addition they provied my living expenses and I have quarters in a hotel in Mexico City comparable with the hotel in New York in which the Cardinals stay while there. And next year I'm to receive my salary for the entire season before leaving the United States and reporting in Mexico."

His Record Good

The former Redbird pitcher has a record of six games won and one lost in the Mexican League and says he has pitched as effectively as he did in his first six starts for St. Louis.

"Except for the ball parks, which do not have clubhouses, making it necessary to dress in our hotels, conditions for the players are just about as good as in this country. We travel by air altogether, get good hotel accommodations and good food."

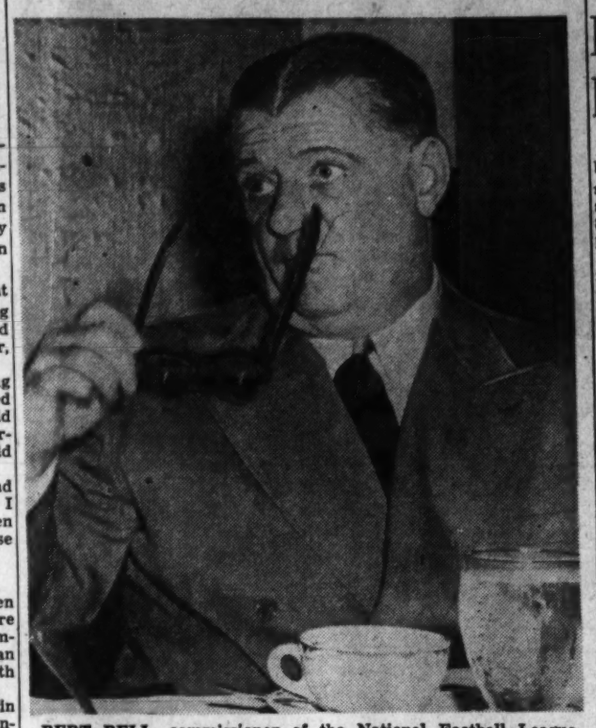
Lanier says he believes baseball has a bright future in Mexico, with the fans enthusiastic, the crowds good and new, modern ball parks to be built.

Playing with Lanier on the Vera Cruz club are Luis Olmo, Lou Klein, Danny Gardella, Ace Adams and Harry Feldman, all former big leaguers.

Lanier said some of the players liked it and some didn't, but "after all, it's a matter of dollars and cents, and no big league club would pay me what (Jorge) Pasquel is paying."

The veteran pitcher will remain in St. Petersburg for another week or ten days before flying back to Mexico.

Mr. Commissioner



BERT BELL, commissioner of the National Football League, made his first public appearance here yesterday since his appointment last January. This candid picture of him was taken as he talked (of all things) football at a press conference at Hotel Statler

Owen Given a Loud 'No' by Pro Football

By Al Costello
Post Reporter

If a Mickey Owen case ever came up for Bert Bell to settle, he'd have the answer in no time. In fact, he has it ready now. It's "no reinstatement," emphatically.

Matter of fact the portly Bell, National Football League's counterpart of Baseball Commissioner A. B. (Happy) Chandler, already has had eight such "jumping" cases before him. His rulings speak for themselves: None of the eight is playing or will play with or against any N.F.L. teams or its affiliates until their five-year suspensions are served.

Bell, here yesterday as guest of honor of the Redskins in a "meet the people" luncheon before the Redskins hie themselves west tomorrow night for their Los Angeles training camp, refused to comment or predict what Chandler's action would be if Owen or the Brooklyn Dodgers requested his reinstatement. Instead, he drew a parallel.

Wanted to Return

"Several years ago a rival league was started on the West Coast. Eight players from the National Football League "jumped" contracts with our clubs to play. The league folded and those players wanted to come back to our league. I've had letters on each one asking me to lift their suspension, but until their time is up they are definitely out.

"Maybe it is tough on those chaps, but remember we must be loyal to the fellows who do not jump. If we took eight fellows back it would mean eight who remained with us would have to go. That would hardly be fair to them."

(One of the players Bell was referring to is Halfback Dean McAdams, who came to the Redskins in 1943 from the Brooklyn Dodgers in the trade which brought Joe Ungerer and Merlyn Condit here and sent Bob Masterson, Ray Hare and George Smith to the Dodgers. McAdams never donned a Redskin uniform.)

Beat Baseball

Bell, who succeeded Elmer Layden as NFL commissioner last January, predicted the National Football League would enjoy its "greatest season in history" this fall. He explained the new player contracts at great length. He is particularly enthused at the mutual consideration" clause which guarantees players such protection as hospitalization for injuries and pays them for signing the reserve and release clause. He said these considerations, drawn up before the baseball club owners decided to give players a voice in dealings, would eliminate any such player-owner discussions in his league like those now going on in baseball ranks.

Bell, former player, coach and pro owner before taking over as the NFL pooh-bah, declined to discuss the rival All-America Conference, except to say there is no scarcity of football talent.

Bosox Beat Macks, 5-0; Pesky Hurt

Boston, Aug. 6 (AP).—Yielding but five hits, all singles, Tex Hughson won his 12th game of the season today for the Boston Red Sox, who vanquished the eighth place Philadelphia Athletics 5-0.

The shutout was Hughson's fourth of the season and was accomplished without the services of Ted Williams and, for part of the game, without Johnny Pesky, who suffered a slight ankle sprain.

Williams, who suffered a stomach upset in Detroit over the weekend, was in uniform, but sat out the game after taking a couple of swings in batting practice.

Bobby Doerr once again took up the slack of Ted's absence by belting his 15th home run of the season over the left field wall and screen in the first inning. He scored Wall Moses, who had singled.

Bobby's blast was made off no-hit Dick Fowler, the starting and losing pitcher.

The league leaders scored their third run in the third inning. Johnny Pesky singled, stole second, went to third on an infield out and crossed the plate after Hank Majeski booted Doerr's grounder.

Don Gutteridge doubled to the left field corner in the fifth and took third as Pesky tried desperately to beat out an infield grounder. It was on this play that Pesky turned his ankle.

Philadelphia	AB	H	O	A	Boston	AB	H	O	A
St'back,rf	4	0	3	0	G'ridge,3b	5	1	0	2
Grimes,2b	3	0	1	2	Pesky,ss	3	1	1	4
*Valo	1	0	0	0	P'grini,ss	1	1	2	3
Griffith,lf	0	0	0	0	Moses,rf	4	1	0	0
McCosky,cf	4	1	1	0	Doerr,2b	4	1	1	0
Rosar,c	4	1	4	0	York,1b	4	1	12	1
†Caulfield	0	0	0	0	McBride,lf	3	0	1	0
Suder,ss	4	1	2	5	DiMaggio,cf	4	2	4	0
Chapman,lf	4	0	1	0	Wagner,c	3	1	5	0
McQuinn,1b	3	1	10	0	Hughson,p	3	0	0	1
Majeski,3b	3	0	1	1					
Fowler,p	2	0	0	0	Totals	34	9	27	14
Handley,2b	1	1	1	1					
Totals	33	5	24	12					

*Batted for Grimes in eighth.
†Ran for Rosar in ninth.

Philadelphia	000	000	000—0
Boston	201	010	01x—5

Runs—Gutteridge, Pesky, Moses, Doerr, York. Errors—Majeski, Gutteridge (2). Runs batted in—Doerr (2), Moses, Hughson. Two-base hits—Pellagrini, Gutteridge. Home run—Doerr. Stolen base—Pesky. Double play—York to Pesky. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 6; Boston, 8. Base on balls—Griffith, 2. Strikeouts—Fowler, 4; Hughson, 4. Hits—Fowler, 8 in 7; Griffith, 1 in 1. Hit by pitched ball—Griffith (Wagner). Losing pitcher—Fowler. Attendance—17,132.

Jockey Banned On 'Fix' Charge

Chicago, Aug. 6 (AP).—The Illinois Racing Board today barred Jockey Robert L. (Bud) Vedder, 26, of Nickerson, Kans., from the track for life on a charge of attempted bribery in a race at Arlington Park July 13.

The suspension was tantamount to a ban at all tracks in the country since other State racing associations comply with individual State rulings.

The board, completing an investigation launched July 20, also indefinitely suspended B. R. Johnston of Chicago Heights, a jockey's valet, and Edward Skirvin of Chicago, Vedder's agent, for complicity in the case.

Vedder was charged with propositioning, through Johnston, Jockeys Doug Dodson, Calumet Farms' rider, and Larry Hansman to "pull in" their mounts, both favorites, in the eighth race at Arlington Park on July 13.

Hansman and Dodson testified they spurned the approach in which Vedder was said to have asked them if they wanted to bet $500 "on another horse" in the race.

Albert J. Meserow, assistant State's attorney general, told the board that K. Dorko, a long shot, was the horse Vedder wanted to win, although he did not have a mount in the race. K. Dorko finished eighth.

Meserow also disclosed he was investigating charges that a horse entered as "Joe S" at Fairmount Park, Collinsville, Ill., this summer was a "ringere" believed to be "Charley," not a registered thoroughbred.

Midgets Delayed, Will Race Tonight

Rain washed out last night's midget auto racing at West Lanham Speedway, forcing postponement until tonight when the complete program will start at 8:30.

George Robson, winner of the 500-mile Indianapolis race this year, remains on the card, as do Larry Bloomer, Shorty Andrews, George Fonder and other stars. Robson will have his big Indianapolis winner on display and will also drive a midget against the 25-man field in small car events.

At Saratoga

Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, the former Joanne Murray, watches the races at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., where the horses are running for the first time in four years

Anglers Get Break

By Jack Bell

TIME was when a D. C. angler was looked upon as a "furriner" by Maryland sportsmen. Since 1940, however, it has been apparent Marylanders are becoming more agreeable toward Washingtonians.

Recognition of this fact became apparent in 1942 when a move was started to provide a special Potomac River license for Washingtonians. Virginia and West Virginia fishermen were included in the movement.

But when hte "smoke cleared" Virginians and West Virginians had their cards and Washingtonians were left out in the cold.

Recently, (June 14, 15 and 16) at Ocean City, Md., a resolution was adopted by the League of Maryland Sportsmen endorsing the extension of Potomac River fishing licenses to include Washingtonians. Delegates of the Izaak Walton League of America from Washington helped.

LAST month the Maryland Game and Inland Fish Commission acted favorably on the resolution.

This special license costs $1.75 annually and is good for fishing in the Potomac above Little Falls, boundary of tidewater. No license is required below tidewater.

Thus fresh water fishing is brought within reach of hundreds of D. C. anglers, especially those without autos. Also those who did not care to pay $5.50 for a state-wide non-resident license for a few days of fishing annually.

In keeping with the directive originating at the Ocean City, Md., meeting the resolution was presented to the Commission by F. Wallace Taber, J. Hammond Brown, Director of the Outdoor Writers Association of America, Columbus K. "Jack" Oakley, of the Swan Creek Rod and Gun Club, and Peter C. Chambliss of the Anne Arundel County Fish and Game Protective Association, and Outdoor Editor of the Baltimore Sun.

We are now testing the joys of visions realized.

Definitely Through With Setup In Mexico

"If I Explain Why I Jumped, It'll Mean Trouble for Others," Says Mickey

Brownsville, Tex., Aug. 6 (AP).—Mickey Owen, former Brooklyn catcher who jumped the Dodgers to play in the Mexican League, said here today he was definitely through with Jorge Pasquel's Mexican baseball setup and would like to rejoin the Dodgers and help them win the World Series.

"If I can't get back into organized baseball, I'll operate my Springfield, Mo., farm for a living before I return to Pasquel's Mexican League," he said.

In Brooklyn, Branch Rickey, president of the Dodgers, said "I'll help that boy all I can."

Says Contract Broken

In Mexico City, Gerardo Pasquel, one of the five brothers who dominate Mexican baseball, said Owen had broken a five-year contract. He said Owen had not said anything in advance about leaving. His secretary hinted at legal action and could not be reached for comment.

Owen, who arrived here unexpectedly last night, said he would take a train tonight and go straight home to his folks in Springfield. He is accompanied by his wife.

The colorful catcher said he was "highly dissatisfied" with the Mexican League. He said he could explain why he left Mexico but if he did, "it would get a lot of good guys still playing down there in trouble."

"Ain't the United States"

"Didn't you like Mexico itself?" he was asked.

"Mexico's okay," he said, "but it ain't the United States."

He said he would like to be reinstated with organized baseball if possible.

"As far as I have been able to learn, I was never put on a suspended list in the United States," he said.

He said he had not contacted either Branch Rickey or A. B. "Happy" Chandler, baseball's high commissioner.

"I believe I could still help the Dodgers win the National League pennant and I'd like to get a shot at the Boston Red Sox in the World Series this fall," he said.

He said he did not think he had broken his Mexican League contract.

"I signed as playing manager of the Torreon Club," he explained. "When I arrived in Mexico, I was put on the Vera Cruz Blues."

Fired, He Says

He said that he had been "fired" as manager of the Torreon club and he considered that cancelled his contract.

"New York is interested in knowing if you got any financial settlement since you reportedly got $12,500 cash bonus for signing with the Pasquels," he was told.

"You tell New York it ain't none of their business," he said promptly.

It was generally understood in Mexico City that Owen got a bonus when he signed with Pasquel, but it was never absolutely confirmed.

Owen arrived here last night and spent some time clearing customs. He brought back to the States a large assortment of items. He asked officials to keep his identity secret until today.

When Gerardo Pasquel was first notified that Owen was in Brownsville, Pasquel said it was "impossible" for him to be in the United States.

He said Owen was in Mexico City yesterday. He said Owen was not listed as an airline passenger, and that if he drove by car, he could not possibly have made it in that time.

"You're talking to me, ain't you?" was Owen's only comment to that. He said he preferred not to explain how he got from Mexico City to Brownsville.

He said he was dissatisfied "with the whole thing" in Mexico.

At first he said he wanted to get a sfar away from Mexico as possible—away from Mexican food and Mexican customs.

"I figure I've given all I should give to the Mexican League," he said. "I don't owe them nothing."

Net Play Postponed

Third seeded Tut Bartzen defeated David Smith, 6—2, 6—2, yesterday in the third round of singles play in the Middle-Atlantic Tennis Championships at Kenwood Country Club. All other matches were postponed until today because of rain.

His Name Taps Suspended List

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Aug. 6 (AP).—(Although Mickey Owen said he did not believe he was among players suspended for jumping to the Mexican League, his name topped the list of suspended players in Commissioner A. B. (Happy) Chandler's Bulletin No. 7 on May 9.

(Owen and 11 other former National Leaguers and Murray Franklin, the lone American Leaguer were listed. On June 13, in Bulletin No. 11, Cardinals Lou Klein, Max Lanier and Fred Martin were added to the list).

Bel Air Case Hearing Today

Bel Air, Md., Aug. 6 (AP).—Hearings for two Wilmington, Del., horsemen on charges of conspiracy to defraud in connection with the alleged substitution of horses at Bel Air will be held tomorrow before Magistrate Stanley Spencer.

Paul E. Middleton and William F. Mink fo Wilmington were taken into custody after a two-day investigation that followed the scratching of a horse entered as All Flo in the first race at Bel Air July 24.

Stewards ordered the horse scratched after receiving information from Chairman George P. Mahoney of the State Racing Commission that the horse actually was Don't Delay. Mink is the owner of All Flo; Middleton owns Don't Delay.

Whatta Ya Know! Sox in the Series

Boston, Aug. 7 (AP).—Red Sox vice president Edward T. Collins today received permission to construct additional Fenway Park facilities costing $20,000 "to provide for representation of the press assigned to cover the World Sries."

In a letter to William P. Homans, Relional Director of the Civilian Defense Industrial Advisory Committee of the Civilian Defense Administration requesting an enlarged press box, Collins said:

"In view of the present standing of the Red Sox in the American League, we think it is incumbent on us to make reasonable plans for adequate press representation at the World Series, to cover the possibility that the Red Sox may win the pennant."

Bee Bee's Foe Asks Check-up

The District Boving Commission got an invitation yesterday for a "thorough checkup" on Ossie (Bulldog) Harris, Pittsburgh middleweight who will mee Foggy Bottom's Bee Bee Washington in a 10-round bout Monday night at Griffith Stadium.

Harris, who will arrive here tonight and take his first public drill at Turner's Arena tomorrow, issued the invitation. In his last local appearance, the Bulldog was at first turned down as an opponent for Cecil Hudson, but later was allowed to go on. He lost in a good fight.

Harris and Washington tangled a year ago, and afterward Harris said "I beat Bee Bee, and they called it a draw."

Duffy's Nine Wins

Martinsburg, W. Va., Aug. 6—Manager Ed McDonough held Westphal Hose Co. No. 5 to two hits as his Duffy's nine, of Washington, rode on his pitching to a 4—0 victory here before a crowd of 500 fans.

The Majors

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.	G.B.
Boston	73	31	.702	....
New York	59	42	.584	12
*Detroit	57	43	.570	13½
WASHINGTON	51	51	.500	20½
*Cleveland	49	53	.480	22½
*St. Louis	45	56	.434	26½
*Chicago	43	59	.422	28½
Philadelphia	30	72	.294	42

*Playing night game.

Yesterday's Results

Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 0.
Detroit at St. Louis, night.
Cleveland at Chicago, night.
New York at WASHINGTON, rain.

Games Today

New York at Washington (night).
Gumbert (6-1) vs. Newsom (8-9).
Detroit at St. Louis (night).
Trout (9-10) vs. Kramer (11-6) or Potter (7-6).
Cleveland at Chicago.
Reynolds (8-10) or Embree (6-8) vs. Rigney (3-3).
Philadelphia at Boston (2).
Savage (1-9) and Marchildon (7-10) vs. Ferriss (18-4) and Dobson (10-5).

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.	G.B.
*Brooklyn	62	39	.614	....
St. Louis	59	41	.590	2½
*Chicago	52	46	.531	8½
*Boston	48	50	.490	12½
*Cincinnati	48	50	.490	12½
*New York	46	55	.455	16
*Philadelphia	42	55	.433	18
Pittsburgh	38	59	.392	22

*Playing night game.

Yesterday's Results

St. Louis at Pittsburgh, rain.
Boston at Philadelphia, night.
Brooklyn at New York, night.
Chicago at Cincinnati, night.

Games Today

Brooklyn at New York.
Lombardie (10-6) vs. Trinkle (5-7).
St. Louis at Pittsburgh (night).
Brecheen (8-10) vs. Ostermuller (9-6).
Boston at Philadelphia (2).
Spahn (4-1) and Johnson (1-4) vs. Judd (619) and Hughes (1-8).
(Only games scheduled.)

Walter Johnson Still in Coma

The grave condition of Walter Johnson, seriously ill since early spring, shows little change, Georgetown Hospital attaches said today.

His physicians have reported no significant developments in recent weeks. The former big league pitcher suffered a stroke in mid-April and subsequently lapsed into a coma from which he has rallied only temporarily from time to time. Johnson is 58.

Gaithersburg Bows

Martinsburg, W. Va., Aug. 6—Blair scored all their runs in the seventh and eighth innings at Blair today to defeat Gaithersburg, Md., 4 to 3.

Shoot Listed Saturday

The Washington Gun Club will hold its weekly 50-target event Saturday, 2 p. m., at the club grounds, 34th and Benning rd., ne.

Brown Flies Home, Wins

South Orange, N. J., Aug. 6 (AP).—Young Tom Brown, San Francisco tennis star, arrived today by plane from Europe where he reached the semi-finals of the Wimbledon Championships and immediately breezed past his initial opponent in the Eastern Grass Court Tournament.

The 23-year-old Californian seeded second behind Billy Talbert who has withdrawn from singles play, downed Ed Gilbert of Huntington, N. Y., 6-2, 6-1, to advance to the second round.

Fourth seeded Gardner Mulloy of Miami, Fla., encountered the least difficulty of all the racket men to gain the round of 32. Mulloy whipped Barclay Kingman of Orange, N. J., 6-0, 6-2.

Sixth seeded Robert Falkenburg of Hollywood, Cal., defeated George Pero of Miami, 6-4, 7-5. Frank Guernsey of East Orange, N. J., rated No. 10, was forced to play 36 games before he won over Emery Neale of Portland, Oregon, 4-6, 9-7, 6-4.

Another three-set battle saw Herbie Flam of Beverly Hills, Calif., national junior champion, defeat Robert Barnes of Sidney, Australia, 6-4, 4-6, 6-4.

Two California women, sixth-seeded rMs. Mary Arnold Prentiss of Los Angeles and Barbara Scofield of San Francisco, made their way to the women's singles quarter-finals. Mrs. Prentiss defeated Gloria Barnett of New York City, 6-1, 6-0, while Miss Scofield had to play three sets before nosing out Barbara Krase of San Francisco, 1-6, 6-2, 7-5.

Variety Fight Heads to Meet

The all-star amateur boxing carnival which the Variety club will sponsor on Friday night, August 16, at Griffith stadium with Champion Joe Louis as the featured referee, will pick up added momentum after two important meetings tonight.

Variety Co-chairmen Bill Hoyle and Clark Davis announced that members of the Matchmaking Committee will gather at 8:30 at the Liberty Athletic club to arrange pairings for five of the 10 matches, three of which Louis will referee.

Of particular interest will be the meeting of the entertainment committee headed by Gene Ford, Capital theater manager, who will outline plans to bring in some top entertainers and celebrities.

The show is 100 per cent for charity, with everything going to the Junior Police and Citizens' Corps. Tickets, priced at $1, $2, and $3, are on sale at Griffith Stadium, Shoreham, and Willard hotels; Capital Pleasure club, 1228 U st. nw., and at the Sport Center, 8th and D st. nw.

Newsom Faces Yanks Tonight

THE NATS hastily revised their week's schedule during last night's downpour which forced postponement of ladies' night at Griffith Stadium until Friday.

Buck Newsom will go against the New York Yankees tonight, putting off Dutch Leonard's turn on the mound until Thursday. Then the Dutchman will probably be the starter in one end of a doubleheader starting at 1:30 o'clock.

After Friday night's meeting the Yankees move out and Philadelphia comes in for a single game Saturday and a doubleheader Sunday.

Brooklyn Boys Face 'The World' In Game Tonight

Brooklyn, Aug. 6 (AP).—Forty of the foremost amateur baseball players in the United States will inaugurate an annual Brooklyn-against-the-World Series tomorrow night at Ebbets Field, with picked sandlot and schoolboy stars from Brooklyn and Long Island opposing an equal number culled from the rest of the nation, and Canada.

The contest, which is expected to draw more than 20,000 spectators, will be the first of three to be staged on successive evenings under the Ebbets arclights. The series is sponsored jointly by the Brooklyn Eagle and Brooklyn Baseball Club, both of which have raised a fund of $50,000 to defray all the expenses.

The proceeds of the three games will be devoted to fostering amateur athletics throughout the United Staets.

Leo Durocher, manager of the Brooklyn Dodgers, will handle the Brooklyn Eagle All Stars, George Sisler, the famous ballplayer of other years, is pilot of the "World" Nine.

Blue Sox Sag

Martinsburg, W. Va., Aug. 6.—Leading 3—2 at the end of four innings, the Martinsburg Blue Sox couldn't maintain the pace and the Chambers Goodwills took a 12—4 victory at Oatesdale Park.

Stranahan Ties Ward With 141

Duluth, Minn., Aug. 6 (AP).—Marvin (Bud) Ward of Spokane, Wash., and Frank Stranahan of Toledo, Ohio, tangled today in a battle for medalist honors in the forty-fourth Western Amateur golf tournament by carding identical 141s for their 36 holes of qualifying play.

Stranahan scored a one-over-par 73 today after touring the hilly Northland course yesterday in 68.

Ward, who had a par 72 yesterday, stroked to a 69 today.

Right behind them among the early finishers was Bob Cochran of St. Louis, with a 142. He had a 70 yesterday and a 72 today.

League Told to End Ump Attacks or Disband

Bramham Warns Florida Loop as Arbiters Resign En Masse

Fans Stream Onto Field in Assaults

Daytona Beach, Fla., Aug. 6 (AP).—The Florida State League was ordered today to end a series of attacks on umpires in its ball parks or run the risk of being disbanded.

The threat came from W. G. Bramham, czar of minor league baseball, after the circuit's staff of umpires tendered a mass resignation to League President Ernest L. Padgett.

The bombastic Class D loop in recent weeks has witnessed repeated assaults on umpires by players, with fans backing them up in some instances by swarming over the field and threatening the serge-suited arbiters.

The wave of disturbances started when President Homer Smith of the Deland club slapped Umpire Ross Crucilla after the latter, according to Smith, thumbed his nose at the grandstand. The Deland club was fined $250 for the fracas.

Since then several outbreaks have occurred with players attacking umpires over what they contended were "bum" decisions. The latest demonstration occurred Saturday night when fans at Leesburg streamed onto the playing field to hurl abuse and threats at the ball-and-strike callers.

"We are getting tired of fans coming out of the stands and abusing us with profanity and threats," said umpire-in-chief Dick McLaughlin. "The situation is out of control now and unless it can be rectified by the league directors, the umpires are resigning, effective August 16."

From his home in Durham, N. C., President Bramham of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues announced that swift action was impending unless things changed. He wired Padgett:

"The situation as it relates to assaults on umpires by officials, players and fans, the latter swarming over the fields in protest over decisions and necessitating police escort to protect umpires, is so deplorable I am determined to take drastic action to the extent of declaring forfeiture of club franchises, even though it means enforced disbandment of the league.

"Payment of fines by fans will not relieve players of payment of such fines, and taking up collections for such purposes must not be permitted."

Meanwhile, Padgett announced that he had called a meeting of the league's club presidents and that seven of the eight clubs had given assurances "that they will take all necessary police precautions."

Only Leesburg has not replied and he expects word from that club soon, he said.

"I know the league will settle its troubles to the satisfaction of Judge Bramham," Padgett added. "We will do just what he says. We are not going to have any repetitions of umpire assaults. I am sure that every club will do everything that Bramham orders to insure the security of the umpires."

Seven Clubs Give Pledges, 8th Mum

Blue Sox Sag

Martinsburg, W. Va., Aug. 6.—Leading 3—2 at the end of four innings, the Martinsburg Blue Sox couldn't maintain the pace and the Chambers Goodwills took a 12—4 victory at Oatesdale Park.

Martinez Rides Looter to Victory in Hagerstown Inaugural

Virginia Roundup

NEWPORT NEWS, Va. (AP).—Drewry (Doc) Holloway, William and Mary grid captain and second string all-Southern guard last year, has been signed to play the Dixie Pro Football League, it with the Newport News Builders in was announced today. Herbert Morewitz, secretary of the local club, pointed out that while Holloway will be back at W. and M. in the fall, he will not be eligible for college competition.

WINCHESTER, VA.—Final match in the bi-State golf league will be played on a neutral course at Staunton August 18. Winchester and Martinsburg are tide for first place with 56 points each. Alexandria is third with 48¼, trailed by Front Royal with 19½.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., (AP).—The Brokklyn Dodgers National League Baseball Club yesterday signed William Leonidas Watts, jr., a young southpaw from Gladstone. Watts, who was given a contract during the Dodgers baseball camp at the high school here, will report to the club here next spring. He is a graduate of Amherst High School.

WINCHESTER, Va.—A late rally yesterday gave White Post a 6-1 win over the Winchester White Sox. Purtlebaugh pitched on even terms with Oliver until he split his finger in the seventh. Kendall, who took over the mound chores, was hopped on for the four runs that decided the game.

RICHMOND (AP).—The champion golfer among Virginia legionaires will be crowned in a golf tournament of the Virginia Department, American Legion, at the Hermitage Country Club course here August 19. Gus Tebell, chairman of the Legion Athletic Committee, said yesterday the winner of the tourney will be eligible to compete in San Francisco, September 29-October 4.

WINCHESTER, Va.—An effective pitching performance by Settles gave Washington, Va., an 8-2 victory over Stephens City. Settles also helped his teams cause by connecting for a home run.

WINCHESTER, Va.—Winchester Park split a pair of games with the Lakewood (N. J.) American Legion nine, winning 15-8, and losing 7-2. The Heurich Brewers of Washington will play here this Sunday.

WINCHESTER, VA., Opequon will play the Front Royal Dodgers at Front Royal Sunday.

8000 See 2½ Length Triumph

Hagerstown, Md., Aug. 6.—Jockey A. F. Martinez returned successfully to the saddle today after a lapse of four years when he piloted Edward B. Lee's 7-2 hazard, Looter, to win the Bester Purse as racing returned to the Hagerstown Fair Grounds for a 10-day stay.

Suspended indefinitely the summer of 1942 for alleged malpractices at Bel Air, Martinez put up a good ride o nthe speedy Looter. He got the Hi-Jack gelding off fast, and in short order the eight-year-old opened up daylight to coast home two and one-half lengths to the good while completing the Mason-Dixon Course, 150 feet more than five furlongs, in 1:05 2/5 and over a sloppy track.

Roman Boy Third

Counter put on a belated stretch run to take down second honors and the favored Roman Boy wound up third after showing not too much at any stage of the sprint. He tried to run with the early pace but dropped back after about five sixteenths of a mile.

In spite of rain a gathering of 8000 were on hand to welcome return of racing to this Western Maryland city.

The daily double combination of Mrs. Guy Needy's Paula Grier, winner of the opener and at odds of $16.70 for $2 and Big Ado who captured the second for Owner G. E. Martin returned $120.30.

Two Lengths to Spare

Big Ado also got to the front fast and stayed there. At the end of that six and one half furlongs stint covered in 1:24 3/5, he had two lengths to spare over Roma Grand with Dondale third.

A winner ticket worth $14.20 for this, his third victory of the year Looter rather (toyed) with the opposition. After quickly shaking free of Roman Boy the gelding went on about the business of holding safe his lead and the others just followed.

With the exception of next Monday wheen the plant will be dark, racing will be offered daily through August 17. Post time for the first event is 2 p. m.

Hagerstown

1—About 5 fur.; $800; 3-yr.-olds up; elng.

Happy Hostess	108	Water Ace	118
Star Runner	118	Amuse	108
Can Can	113	Carlucho	118
Rolling Water	118	Laugh and Play	118
Gallop A Mile	113	Black Bass	113
May Pop	113	Prison Ship	113
Moose Party	113	Brave Warrior	113

2—About 5 fur.; $800; 3-yr.-olds up; elng.

Quick Ann	108	Edreiland	113
Peaky	113	Murray Hill	118
Schley Pete	113	Miss Economy	108
Happy Stroller	114	Mid Knight	108
Joe Smokey	113	Blablah	102
Lady Spartan	113	Molasses Belts	114
Noelsh	119	Mitza	114

3—About 5 fur.; $800; maiden, 2-year-olds.

†Syphan	118	Bennik	118
Aharon	118	Mazok	118
Clam Chowder	118	One Leg	110
Shuffler	118	Mile. Gino	113
Barbys Baby	113	Mabel Barbara	118
Moveable Type	118	Macadonia	118
Roving Moose	118	Fenaire	115

†Flamingo Farm entry.

4—About 5 fur.; $800; 3-yr.-olds up; elng.

Tie Me	114	Fandoramint	114
Marwrack	114	Mac Briar	119
V. Drthy	110	Big Boy Blue	119
Sir Mvley	114	Mabel	114
Animadora	104	Kid O'Sullivan	108
Rayllght	114	Pal	119
Buck Thirteen	114	Way Lass	108

5—6½ furlongs; $800; 3-yr.-olds up; claiming.

Johns Teddy	106	Thornlet	107
Satellite	115	Bugler	112
Clymnalita	104	Exploit	114
Mr. Ike	114	Mabel W.	109

6—About 5 fur.; $1000; 3-yr.-olds; all ages.

Essie May	106	Meet Me Now	111
Doo Dad	114	Hip Hop	108
Kitty Kilts	106	Bullcold	108
Ask My Ma	111	Cedar Bunnie	101
Gallant Rube	113	Sure Gift	113
†Flora Way	106	Dalnger Girl	115
Outlet	108		

†Crowell and Beach entry.

7—1 1-16; $800; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Strolling Jim	114	Mr. Secretary	119
Big Sneene	119	Scotch Flag	114
Jack Horner	119	Boiled Brisket	119
Blake's Boy	114	Over Gold	114
Silver Whisk	108		

8—1½; $800; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Tsheran	104	Bastinago	109
Hair Cut	109	Scotts Own	104
Neutrality	110	Fine and Dandy	115
Roll Eleven	114	Idle Night	119
La Casica	104		

1—6½; $800; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Paula Grier, 107 (Keller)		16.70	7.00	5.50
Fesse Biff, 117 (Walters)			5.00	4.00
Nobby Boy, 113 (Bauer)				7.00

The Porter, Jessie K. W., Little Knight, Birth Lee, Lady Timarole.

2—4½; $800; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Big Ado, 113 (Tammaro)		14.20	6.00	4.70
Bella Grand, 113 (Palumbo)			7.10	4.30
Dawndale, 108 (Grant)				5.20

Preflight, Lucky Penny, Rose of Dawn, Co Print and Mighty Bolo.

DAILY DOUBLE PAID $120.30.

3—1½; $800; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Yellow Silk, 112 (Sarno)		5.40	3.20	2.60
Bare Wings, 114 (Walters)			4.10	2.50
Bonnie Ina, 112 (Tammaro)				2.80

Timely Miss, Lovely Lucille, True Lass, Willwin and Sunny Town.

4—6½; $800; 3-year-olds up; allowances.

Ray Learson, 126 (Tammaro)		7.90	3.80	3.00
Double Duty, 108 (Edens)			3.70	2.50
Tazare Ideuty, 108 (Arduini)				5.90

Intermission, Carstings, Grey Prince, Pollys Pet, Road Scraper.

5—6½; $800; 3-year-olds up; allowances.

Marandan, 113 (Sarno)		26.40	9.30	5.30
Sun Target, 115 (Tammaro)			4.90	3.80
Red Wrack, 113 (Austin)				3.40

Gallant, Mr. Elmer, Ship Signal, General Knight, Sticky Fussy.

6—⅝; $1600; 3-year-olds up; allowances.

Looter, 108 (Casimeno)		5.00	4.50	3.50
Counsler, 106 (Grant)			10.50	6.00
Roman Boy, 108 (Madral)				3.50

Grand Surprise, Golden Media, Army Belle, Bu'rushes, Our Damsel.

7—1 1-16; $800; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Balloon, 115 (Walters)		7.40	5.00	2.70
Grandma C., 108 (Edens)			3.50	2.80
Honoured, 108 (Sarno)				3.30

On the Line, Charfoot, Geralds Polly, Infinite Girl.

Atlantic City

1—⅝; $2500; maiden 3-year-olds.

Grand Actress	118	Lonsadle	118
Lilac Lady	118	Ali's Over	113
Doon Well	118	Goose Feather	118
Twenty Knots	113	Germanode	
Hush Hush	118	Asyouis	118
Picolas	118	Prescience	113
Ardfinlata	108	Kelsey Royce	118
Arianna	113	My Esther	118

2—¾; $2500; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

East B.	104	Pappy Boy	114
Blarney Stone	114	Ardent Miss	107
Thorn Patch	110	Easy Chair	107
Home Front	120	Fourth Estate	120
Stray Winds	115	Farmer's Girl	115
Fancy Risk	114	Porsda	104
Beauzar	115	Wild Asent	115
Nedion	118	Good Nite	118

3—⅝; $2500; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Miss Neddie	107	Graymar Ann	103
Gold Day	112	Fanday	107
Graymar Lassie	104		

4—⅝; $2500; 3-year-olds; allowances.

Irenic	122	Post Time	117
Noble Cyclone	117	Cadonoda	115
Flag of Truce	119	Comely Baby	113

5—⅝; $3000; 3-year-olds; claiming.

Casement	109	Rains Came	111
Juder	110	Stanley	116
Flying Weather	111	Oreline	119
My Lass	111	Little Betsy	111
Naval Base	119	Galaxy	116
Black Tea	111	Cock Feather	116
Bull Perin	109	Angry Cohert	116

6—⅝; $2500; 3-year-olds up; allowances.

Sunhelio	112	Safe Guard	107
Cherry Pop	119	Alexis	112
Balcarrow	107		

7—1 1-16; $2500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Night Porter	112	Bully Gusher	122
Preoccassing	112	Caesar B.	122
Merry Angel	114	Jaygirl	114
Daisy Chance	114	Diah	112
Ribazan	114	Dizzy Heights	117
Bellclasper	118	Solid Sender	118
Conrad Mann	119		

8—1 1-16; $3000; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Santa Candida	112	Major Jimmy	104
Geronimo	117	Shettie	114
Cross Bayou	104	He Rolls	114
Sarawak	117	Red Cannon	109
Grey Hood	114	March Chick	114

Saratoga

1—⅝; $3500; maiden 2-year-olds.

Bright Kid	116	Jacksnapes	116
High Trend	116	Hi Zero Boy	116
Columna	116	Busy Count	116
Scotch Secret	116	Lucky Reward	116
Hy-Blaze	116	No Man's Land	116
Hawthorn			

2—¾; $3000; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Jack Madigan	112	Naval Station	103
Freeland's Lad	107	Albatross	107
Ariel Shores	105	Arbeen	117
†Unquitable	108	Crater Lake	103
Night Strike	111	†Phescia	116
Conenow	112	Cocogrande	101
Taravara	121	Malachi	117
Grandee Jim	117		

†Mrs. E. D. Jacobs and I. Bieber entry.

3—4½ fur.; $3000; 2-year-olds; chase.

Picture Prince	144	Our Arms	132
Cuckoo	135	Ringaway	130
Mamie's Lad	142	George Corn	135
Similar	142	Stewardide	137
Frederic II	149		

4—1 1-16; $4500; 3-year-olds; class D.

Nosatiner	116	Lion Rampant	116
Stingtime	116	Matruh	116
New Challenge	111		

5—¾; $4500; 3-year-olds; the Seneca.

†Ruling Time	113	Dodge	122
†Twenty Thirty	108	Count Speed	113
†Buy and Sell	118	Be Courageous	115
†Dna Pastone	108	Pere Markette	113

W. S. Jacobs entry.

†H. K. Bradley entry.

6—8½ fur.; $7500; 2-year-old fillies; allowances.

Short Reign	112	With Honor	115
Reynolds	108	Miss Weed	112
Cleverette	115	Rhodelin	112
Blendale	112	Bright Song	112
Dark Venus	112	†Frantic's Bid	115
Hat Girl	107	Rose Sail	112
Bidding Time	107	Devil May Care	112
†L'Oiseau Bleu	112	Anniesopsquotch	112
Pinette	112	†By Sea	112
Miss Kimo	122	†Arrogance	112
Sweet Fegotty	112	†Maid of Harlem	112
Dorothy B. Jr.	112		

†O. Phipps, Wheatley Stable and Mrs. W. Snow entry.

†Brookmeade Stable entry.

†J. M. Roebling entry.

7—8½; $3500; maiden 3-year-olds up.

Sea Wolf	113	Helen's Girl	108
Abigail	113	Pedagogue	113
Liquidity	113	Aero Jack	113
Pegasus	113	Nanalan	113
Cyrus	113	Afreet	113

8—1⅛; $3000; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Nebraska	116	Flight Nurse	114
Indian Pet	108	Gullah	108
Back Attack	113	Gin and It	113
Bobby's First	113	Awashonks	109
Ding Ping	108		

SARATOGA SELECTIONS

1—Hyblize, Leadership, No Man's Land.
2—Unequitable, Tarawa, Ariel Show.
3—No selections.
4—Hippodrome, Matruh, New Challenge.
5—Sir Conrad, Count Speed, Degart.
6—Miss Kimo, Pipette, Keynote.
7—Sea Wolf, Abigail, Pedagogue.
8—Nebraska, Flight Nurse, Back Attack.

—Louisville Times (AP).

1—⅝; $3000; claiming; 4-year-olds up.

Rosy Edith, 109 (James)		8.10	4.30	3.80
†Wee Ossie, 114 (Guerin)			5.90	4.60
Paula Negri, 102 (Kline)				5.60

†Stellas Sun, Lawyersville, Ole Dumlins Night, Lawrinson, Merrimac, Westmist.

H. F. Hart entry.

2—8½ fur.; $3500; 2-year-old maidens.

Tee Olive, 115 (Wright)		3.90	3.10	3.40
†Farfallina, 115 (Delara)			6.90	4.90
Flat Girl, 115 (Wilson)				5.00
†Now and Again, 115 (Donso)				4.30

Magic Lily, Conniver, †Esperance Made Good, †Roman Candle, †Squiffie, Cantana, Miss Agnes, Grindella, Lady Hamilton, Going Airy.

†Field entry.

†Dondi Boat for third.

3—1 1-16 mi.; $3000; 3-year-old maidens.

Mahan, 140 (Meyer)		11.30	4.60	3.50
Rich Rate, 135 (Slate)			4.30	3.30
Grey King, 140 (Jennings)				3.30

Check Check, Sun Bath, Roving Spirit, Paid Pays, Ace Blair.

4—Wilson mi.; $3000; claiming; 3-year-olds

Sander, 118 (Atkinson)		7.40	4.50	3.70
Love Story, 111 (James)			5.60	3.80
Four Oaks, 118 (McCreary)				5.50

Musical Comedy, Bonnie Flag, Queen of May, Ratment, Pondshen.

5—¾; $3500; 3-year-old maidens.

Akron Gal, 115 (Guerin)		9.70	5.60	4.50
Risks Off, 115 (Mehrtens)			20.60	11.10
Miss Viking, 115 (Delara)				13.00

Zigzing, Benign, Flame of India, Lilly, Tee O'Sullivan, Lately, Frosty Hill, Slade's Star, Stevenslab.

6—8½ fur.; $10,000; 2-year-olds.

Gestapo, 112 (Wright)		29.00	13.50	5.60
Liberty Road, 115 (James)			11.90	5.80
Jubilerra, 112 (Clark)				5.00

Upclear, †Gold Bull, †Eternal War, Owners Choice, War Glance, Marble Arch, Nassau, Shaffie, Uncle Remus.

J. W. Simmons entry.

7—⅞; $4000; 3-year-olds up.

Roundshaw, 113 (Delara)		27.50	8.90	5.90
Kildare Peter, 116 (Scotti)			4.30	3.50
†First Time, 112 (Guerin)				5.90

Quarter Moon, †Fair Jester, Sea Fare, Miss Blackout, Nomadic, †Sweep Gold, Manipur, Perry Pilot.

†O. Howard entry.

†J. Fink entry.

8—1 1-16 mi.; $4500; 4-year-olds up.

Flareback, 117 (Tiernin)		3.50	2.80	2.60
First Table, 106 (Swarthsham)			9.20	3.60
Oasman, 117 (Atkinson)				3.00

Opening Bid, Damos, His Jewel.

Hambletonian Horses, Odds

Goshen, N. Y., Aug. 6 (AP).—Following is the field for tomorrow's twenty-first running of the Hambletonian showing post positions, horses, owners, drivers and probable odds:

PP.	Horse	Owner	Driver	Prob. Odds
1.	Scotch Fez	S. A. Waten	Wendell Wathen	40-1
2.	Locomotive	Octave Blake	Del Cameron	25-1
3.	Victory Song	Mrs. J. Johnson, jr.	Sep Palin	7-2
4.	†Don Scott	Will N. Reynolds	Del Miller	6-1
5.	†Deanna	White-Sheppard	Ben White	6-1
6	Westfield Girl	E. J. Baker	Harry Whitney	5-2
7.	Walter Spencer	E. R. Harriman	Harry Pownall	15-1
8.	Onolee Hanover	C. M. Saunders	Frank Safford	15-1
9.	Chestertown	Walter E. Smith	Tom Berry	2-1
10.	Van Riddell	Earl Rowe	Earl Rowe	60-1
11.	Argyle	Mrs. Daryl Parshall	Hugh Bell	60-1

†White Stable entry.

'Hard Luck' Player Gets $100 Check

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 6 (AP).—Hub Freeman, the Memphis baseball player who has been termed "the Southern's hard-luck player," got a break in his luck today.

Physicians advised him he could leave Baptist Hospital, where he has been under observation since Sunday when he was struck in the head with a pitched ball and knocked unconscious. The doctors said no concussion developed.

And a Chick fan, Nat Buring, sent the Memphis Press-Scimitar a check for $100 fro the infielder.

Davis Cup Play Delayed

New York, Aug. 6 (AP).—Walter Merrill Hall, chairman of the U. S. Davis Cup Committee, officially announced today that the interzone Davis Cup final between Sweden and the United States has been postponed from mid-August to September 13-15, at the West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hills, N. Y.

WASHINGTON PARK SELECTIONS

1—Fairsmith, Asy's Sis, Expectation.
2—Attrition, Patter, Leida.
3—Malicnian, Journal, Yanow.
4—Tracy, Flyweight, War Date.
5—Denemark entry, Operator, Balsamar.
6—BEAU GAY, Headley entry, Endlade.
7—Clover Lea, Rosy Morn, Rococo Goose.
8—Three Clovers, Devils Island, Pukka Gin.

—Louisville Times (AP).

Racing Chart at Atlantic City

By the Associated Press

TUESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1946.
WEATHER CLOUDY. TRACK FAST.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2500. For maiden 2-year-olds. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 2:24. Off at once. Winner, b. f. (3) by Bull Lea—Mademoura by Troutbeck. Owner, O. Bilekemeyer. Trainer, F. Mitchell. Values to winner, $1650; second, $500; third, $250; fourth, $100. Time, 1:13⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	⅝	Str.	Fin.	Straight
VALHALLA	(Padgett)	117	6	2	2½	2½	1½	1½	1½	$4.60
ROCKWOOD BILL	(Basuria)	115	8	4	4½	1½	2°	2°	2°	1.30
CHILDERIC	(Stout)	120	4	11	8½	6½	3½	3½	3½	3.15
CLIFFAHANHOCK	(C. Kirk)	120	1	6	5°	5°	4½	5°	4½	7.00
FLAME DURBAR	(LeBlanc)	120	7	5	3½	5°	5½	6°	5½	10.90
SISSIE G.	(Mora)	117	3	7	8°	8°	6°	4½	6½	27.50
CAMARGO	(Carroll)	117	5	8	9½	9°	8°	8°	7°	43.80
YANKEE	(Lynch)	120	2	3	1°	3°	3½	2½	8°	58.40
RINGOLETTE	(Gonzales)	117	7	1	1°	1°	2°	7½	9°	55.00
ETHEL MORSE	(Strange)	117	10	9	10½	10½	10½	10°	10½	90.95
EMJAYBEE	(Rudert)	120	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	135.80

VALHALLA, $11.20, $4.80, $3.00; ROCKWOOD BILL, $2.80, $2.40; CHILDERIC, $2.80.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2500; claiming. For 3-year-olds. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 3:02. Off at 3:04½. Winner, b. f. (3) by Bottle Cap—True Tune by Da Dend. Owner, A. Massimiano. Trainer, Don Yates. Values to winner, $1650; second, $250; third, $250; fourth, $100. Time, 1:13⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	⅝	Str.	Fin.	Straight
AIRILY	(Padgett)	110	1	2	2½	1½	1½	1½	1°	$4.80
KEYSTONIER	(Stout)	110	6	6	4½	3°	2°	2°	2°	2.60
LITTLE GRIP	(Bernhardt)	113	12	7	8°	6°	4½	3½	3°	2.40
TWIRL GIRL	(Pannell)	103	2	7	8½	8°	8½	8°	4½	91.25
CAROLINA KING	(Byrd)	116	3	4	6½	5°	5°	4½	5°	38.60
STAGE SONG	(Bisgrove)	109	4	3	1½	2°	4½	6°	6°	.85
FERNLEY	(Moe)	115	9	5	3½	4°	6½	7½	7½	4.70
WINKS FORT	(Eye)	113	11	9	9°	8°	8°	9½	8°	196.10
PRIMUS	(Stout)	115	8	8	7½	7°	7°	10°	9½	18.80
SKEAN	(Stout)	115	5	10	10°	10°	10°	10°	10°	108.05
OWN FLAK	(Hooper)	115	6	11	11	11	11	11	11	117.85
FLYING JIM	(Lullo)	108	7	7						18.95

†Fell.

AIRILY, $11.60, $6.10, $4.50; HYPNOTIZER, $26.60, $13.90; LITTLE GRIP, $56.70.

Daily Double, VALHALLA and AIRILY, Paid $176.80

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2500; claiming. For 2-year-olds. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 3:35. Off at 3:38½. Winner, b. c. (3) by Bahram—Nouveau Riche by Display. Owner, C. T. Chenery. Trainer, T. M. Waller. Values to winner, $1650; second, $500; third, $250; fourth, $100. Time, 1:13⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	⅝	Str.	Fin.	Straight
RAPPAHANNOCK	(C. Kirk)	119	5	1	4°	2hd	1½	1½	1hd	$2.05
ROYAL CHAP	(G. Martin)	119	3	2	3½	3½	1hd	2½	2°	15.70
CHALLY MALLY	(Gonsales)	119	4	1	2hd	4°	3°	3°	3°	.70
SEND OFF	(Basuris)	113	2	5	5°	5°	5°	4°	4°	10.45
REGAINED	(Padgett)	117	1	4	1°	1½	4½	5°	5°	6.15

RAPPAHANNOCK, $6.10, $4.60, $2.60; ROYAL CHAP, $10.80, $3.20; CHALLY MALLY, $2.40.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $3000; the Sea Spray (second division); claiming. For 3-year-olds up. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 4:06. Off at 4:07. Winner, b. g. (6) by Malcyon—Pompilose by Pompey. Owner, Miss Mary E. Fox. Trainer, G. Fox. Values to winner, $1850; second, $700; third, $300; fourth, $150. Time, 1:13⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	⅝	Str.	Fin.	Straight
BLUE POM	(Puglisi)	114	7	4	4½	3½	1½	3½	1½	$2.40
WISE BOB	(Basuris)	113	4	1	1°	1½	1°	1°	2°	2.75
MILKSTONE	(Onorato)	109	2	2	2½	2°	2½	2½	3½	2.00
MILKBOAT	(Quattlebaum)	112	3	5	5°	4½	4°	4°	4°	28.50
CHANCE GAME	(Padgett)	111	8	7	6½	6°	5½	5°	5°	27.85
DON MILLER	(Hooper)	110	1	3	3°	3°	3½	6°	6½	16.15
QUAERE CALL	(Erickson)	118	6	6	7½	8	7hd	7½	7½	39.50
BLUE CROSS	(Bernhardt)	113	5	8	8	7½	8	8	8	12.85

BLUE POM, $6.80, $3.50, $2.50; WISE BOB, $3.90, $2.90; MILKSTONE, $2.60.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $3000; the Sea Spray (second division); claiming. For 3-year-olds up. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post at 4:38. Off at 4:38. Winner, dk. br. f. (4) by Bull Mouse—Bungalow by Claptrap. Owner, Mrs. O. Fox. Trainer, O. Fox. Values to winner, $1850; second, $700; third, $300; fourth, $150. Time, 1:13⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	⅝	Str.	Fin.	Straight
BUNGALESE	(Puglisi)	110½	8	2	1½	1°	1°	1°	1°	$3.40
LICTOR	(Gonsales)	116	6	3	6°	6°	5½	2hd	2hd	35.80
PRINCE BEILTRO	(Lynch)	113	4	8	7½	7°	7°	3hd	3hd	12.00
BOHEMIA	(Stout)	113	2	5	4½	2½	2hd	2hd	4hd	17.60
BLUE STEEL	(Basuris)	116	1	7	5½	3hd	3½	3½	5½	.90
McVARRESE	(Padgett)	116	7	9	9	8hd	6½	6°	6°	6.50
SEA RAFT	(Root)	110	3	6	3hd	4½	4°	7°	7°	32.75
ABIEL	(Phelps)	116	9	4	2½	5°	8°	8°	8°	60.65
FIRE POWER	(Pannell)	105	9	1	2°	5½	9	9	9	31.35

BUNGALESE, $8.80, $5.00, $4.40; LICTOR, $21.30, $10.90; PRINCE BEILTRO, $5.70.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $3500; the Talking Picture Anniversary. For 4-year-olds up (grade D). Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 5:07. Off at 5:09½. Winner, ch. h. (7) by Epithet—Chicago Girl by Ladkin. Owner, J. W. Heinicke. Trainer, C. F. Heinicke. Value to winner, $2300; second, $750; third, $350; fourth, $300. Time, 1:12.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	⅝	Str.	Fin.	Straight
CHICAGO DR.	(Stout)	119	5	3	3hd	2½	1hd	1hd	1°	$7.45
HARRIET SUE	(Pannell)	106	9	1	1°	1½	2°	2½	2hd	2.70
SNAKO	(Puglisi)	114	7	2	4½	3hd	4½	3hd	3hd	39.50
MACHINA	(Mora)	103	6	2	2°	2½	3½	4°	4°	18.55
HORNBEAM	(C. Kirk)	116	8	7	8°	4°	5½	5°	5°	1.15
WIT'S END	(Bernhardt)	116	2	8	8½	8½	7°	6°	6°	7.65
TEDIOUS MISS	(Padgett)	111	4	4	5½	5°	6°	8°	7°	16.60
BALBURNIE	(Malley)	112	4	6	7hd	7°	8½	9½	8°	231.30
FIRE STICKY	(Onorato)	104	10	10	10	10	10	10	9hd	169.90
BARDIA	(Fowley)	107	7	9	9°	9°	9°	9°	10	130.60

CHICAGO DR., $16.90, $6.80, $4.80; HARRIET SUE, $4.20, $3.50; SNAKO, $9.70.

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles. Purse, $2500; claiming. For 4-year-olds up. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 5:39. Off at 5:39½. Winner, ch. g. (4) by Strolling Player—Halicoce by Sir Martin. Owner, Marise Stable. Trainer, S. W. Shapoff. Value to winner, $1650; second, $500; third, $250; fourth, $100. Time, 1:53⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	½	⅝	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
I CONQUER	(Strange)	116	4	3	3°	1hd	1½	1½	1hd	$5.35
GRAND DESTINY	(Stout)	119	3	2	1½	2½	2½	2°	2°	30.40
DOUBLE BRAD	(Adair)	116	7	7	6½	3½	4½	3½	3°	7.25
MIKE K.	(Yager)	116	5	4	4°	5½	3°	4°	4°	27.80
MYSTERY BOOK	(Pannell)	117	1	5	5°	6°	5°	5°	5½	1.75
WELL REPAID	(LeBlanc)	112	6	1	2°	8°	6°	6°	6°	13.45
WINNPEARL	(Padgett)	114	2	6	7	7	7	7	7	1.95

I CONQUER, $12.70, $5.90, $4.20; GRAND DESTINY, $14.00, $5.80; DOUBLE BRAD, $4.80.

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-fourth miles. Purse, $2500; claiming. For 4-year-olds up. Off at 6:09. Time, 2:09 (new track record).

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	½	⅝	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
GREMLIN	(Bernhardt)	115	6	2	1½	1°	1hd	1½	1hd	$4.20
GOLDEN MESSAGE	(Stout)	110	5	5	3°	3°	2°	2°	2hd	4.00
BE

Light Selling Pushes Stocks Downward

New York, Aug. 6 (AP).—The stock market averages continued to decline today on relatively light selling although scattered favorites ignored the trend and established fairly good advances.

Further trimming of accounts again was attributed by brokers to the feeling that the list had achieved a substantial technical correction of the recent downswing

WHAT STOCKS DID	Tues.	Mon.
Advances	220	280
Declines	'51	424
Unchanged	170	181
Total issues	902	885

and would have to find new reasons for resuming the climb. Doubts regarding industrial production persisted as bearish factors. Pleasing dividends, earnings and special situations attracted timid bidding.

Prices softened for steels and motors after a slightly uneven start. Dealings expanded for a while, then slowed as initial losses running to 2 or more points were reduced in cost cases. Casualties predominated at the close. Transfers of 730,000 shares compared with 700,000 Monday.

The Associated Press 60-stock composite was off .3 of a point at 76.5. Of 902 issues registering, 512 fell and 220 rose.

American Woolen common was up 3⅛ at $63.37 and the preferred was up 4¾ at $175.25 following the hoisting of textile ceilings. The concern later declared a $1.75 dividend on arrears and reported a jump in net. General Public Utilities tacken on ⅝ at $20.75 in reflection of an initial dividend and plans to distribute stock of a subsidiary.

Curtiss-Wright "A" added 3½ at $23.75 when directors voted a $1 payment on this stock. No dividend was paid in the first two quarters while 50 cents quarterly was disbursed in 1945. The common was up ⅜ at $7.62.

General Motors attracted bids at the start in the wake of the 50-cent dividend but the stock finally backed away and ended off ⅜ at $66.37. The Chrysler six months' statement was viewed a bit pessimistically and the issue lost a point at $118.

On the downside were United States Steel, Bethlehem, Goodrich, Montgomery Ward, Deere, Electric Power & Light, Consolidated Edison, Anaconda, Westinghouse, Allied Chemical, Philip Morris, U. S. Gypsum, Johns-Manville, Santa Fé, Southern Pacific and National Distillers. Union Pacific yielded 3¼ at $146.25 on 300 shares.

Improved were Great Northern, Baltimore & Ohio, Northern Pacific, Woolworth, United Aircraft, Boeing, American Telephone, Owens-Illinois, Paramount Pictures, American News, Wyandotte Worsted and G. C. Murphy (on a raised dividend). U. S. Lines was up ⅞ at $24.37 at a 1946 h igh.

Local Produce

EGGS—Market firm; demand good for better quality large eggs, fair on undergrades and smaller sizes. Whites, browns, mixed colors: U. S. grade A, extra large, 48; large, 45; mediums, 41; U. S. grade B, large, 41; commercial, graded A, large, 45; medium, 42@42½; grade B, large, 41; grade C, 30.

LIVE POULTRY—Market weak; receipts light, demand dull. Prices paid f. o. b. Washington: Fowl, colored, 28; Leghorn, 22@23; heavy breed roasters, fryers and broilers, 33½@35.

DRESSED POULTRY (Iced and Western box packed)—Market about steady; receipts light. Prices paid f. o. b. Washington: Fowl, grade A, heavy, 35; roasters, fryers and broilers, 40@41.

Fruits and Vegetables

APPLES—Supplies liberal; market very dull for small stock and cheaper grades; demand moderate, market about steady for better grades. Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia, bushel baskets and Eastern crates, Rambos, U. S. 1, 2¼-inch min., 2.25@2.50; 2½-inch min., 2.75@3.00; 2¾-inch min., 3.00@3.25; Wealthys, U. S. 1, 2-inch min., 1.25@1.50; 2¼-inch min., 2.00@2.25; 2½-inch min., 3.25@3.50; Williams, U. S. 1, 2-inch min., 2.25@2.75; 2¼-inch min., 3.25@3.75; 2½-inch min., 4.00@4.25; Delicious, parents, U. S. 1, 2-inch min., 2.75@3.00; 2¼-inch min., 3.25@3.50; Oldenburgs, U. S. 1, 2-inch min., 1.25@1.50; 2½-inch min., 2.00@2.50; 2¾-inch min., 3.00@3.50; various varieties, utility and unclassified, 2-inch min., 75@1.00; 2¼ inches and larger, wide range in prices, quality and condition, 2.00; fair quality, 1.00; California, Gravenstines, bushel baskets, all sizes, 5.19.

BRANS (Snap)—Supplies liberal; market about steady; Eastern Shore Maryland, bushel hampers, Black Valentines and Tendergreens, 3.50; Pennsylvania, bushel hampers, Bountiful, 2.75; Black Valentines, 2.50@3.00; New Jersey, bushel hampers, Bountifuls, 2.00@2.50.

Lima Beans—Market steady; New Jersey, bushel hampers, best, 4.75; fair quality, some, 4.00.

CABBAGE—Supplies liberal; market about steady; 50-lb. sacks, domestic round type, Pennsylvania, packed locally, 1.15@1.25; local, 1.25.

CARROTS—Supplies moderate; market about steady; bushel baskets, Eastern Shore Maryland, fancy, 5.00; choice, 3.50@4.00; Pennsylvania, 6.00.

ONIONS—Supplies liberal; market dull; New Jersey, 50-lb. sacks, yellows, large size, 1.25@1.50; California, 50-lb. sacks, Babosas Jumbos, 1.75@1.85; 25-lb. sacks, white boilers, New Jersey and Oklahoma, 2.05.

PEACHES—Supplies liberal; market about steady; New Jersey, bushel baskets, Golden Jubilees, U. S. 1, 2-inch min., 2.25@2.75; 2½-inch min., 2.50@3.00; 2¾-inch min., 3.00; Golden Globes, 2¼-inch and 2½-inch min., bushel baskets, 3.50@3.75; Eclipse, 2¼-inch min., 2.50@2.75; North Carolina and Virginia, bushel baskets, Elbertas, U. S. 1, 2-inch and 2½-inch min., 3.50@4.00; Pennsylvania, bushel baskets, Hales, no grade mark, 2½-inch min., 2.00@2.50; Virginia, bushel baskets, Elbertas, U. S. 1, 2 inches and up, 3.00@3.25, very few high as 3.50.

POTATOES—Supplies liberal; market about steady; Idaho, 100-lb. sacks, Russet Burbanks, U. S. 1, 3.75@4.00. (Correction: Yesterday Idaho should read Russet Burbanks instead Long Whites.) California, 100-lb. sacks, Long Whites, U. S. 1, 4.00@4.25; Pennsylvania, 100-lb. sacks, Katahdins, U. S. 1, size A, 2.25@2.50; 100-lb. sacks, Cobblers, U. S. 1, Eastern Shore Maryland and Eastern Shore Virginia, 2.25@2.50; New Jersey, 2.25@2.35, very few sales high as 2.50.

TOMATOES—Supplies liberal; market steady; New Jersey, 12-quart climax baskets, ripes and turning, wrapped, 1.50; nearby, ⅝-bushel baskets, wide range in prices, quality and condition, 1.75; fair quality, 1.50, some low as 1.00.

WATERMELONS—Supplies moderate; market about steady; Georgia, U. S. 1, per melon, Garrisons, 35-40 lb. average, 1.25@1.40; 28-30 lb. average, 90@1.00; South Carolina, various varieties, 3c per lb.

CANTALOUPES—Supplies liberal; market dull; California, Jumbo crates, all sizes, 5.89@7.37; Eastern Shore Maryland, Hales Best, bushel hampers, 1.25@1.50; flats, 75@1.00; ½ crates, 1.00@1.25.

BERRIES—Bushel baskets, topped, washed, Pennsylvania, 24 bunches, 1.25@1.50.

PARSLEY—Nearby, per bunch, 5c; bushel baskets, 2.50; Ohio, 12-quart baskets, 75.

TURNIPS—Loose, supplies liberal; bushel baskets, supplies moderate; bushel baskets, New Jersey, Virginia and Pennsylvania, topped, washed, 1.25@1.50.

D. C. Securities

The Washington Stock Exchange list is published in full on Tuesday. Thereafter quotations are published when there are sales or changes in the bid and asked prices. Quotations below:

After Call

Woodward & Lothrop com., 8 at 78.

Public Utility Stocks	Bid	Asked
Amer Tel & Tel (9)	198	.....
Pot Elec Pow 5½% pf (5.50)	109	110
Wash Gas Lt com (1.50)	33¼	34
Wash Gas Lt cum pf (4.25)	•109	110½
Wash Gas Lt cum cv pf(4.50)	•110	.....
National Bank Stock		
Lincoln (h5)	310	.....
Miscellaneous Stocks		
Carpel Corp (2.00)	48	.....
Mergenthaler Lino (a1.00)	65½	69
Nat'l Mtge & Inv pf (g40)	7½	7¾
Tay Ref & Wh Corp (3)	39	.....

•Ex dividend. (a) Paid so far this year. (h) $8 extra. (p) Paid in 1945.

Quotations on N. Y. Stock Exchange

Total sales, 730,000 shares; previous day, 700,000; week ago, 807,280; year ago, 978,310; two years ago, 1,270,810; January 1 to date, 218,423,003; year ago, 223,912,809; two years ago, 165,830,470.

Dow-Jones Stocks

New York, August 6.—

	Open.	High.	Low	Close.	Ch'ge.
30 indus.	201.62	202.03	200.47	201.35	—0.58
20 rails.	62.36	62.50	62.08	62.31	—0.22
15 utils.	41.44	41.52	41.16	41.32	—0.16
65 stocks.	74.71	74.86	74.30	74.60	—0.25

Transactions in stocks used in averages Tuesday: industrials, 65,400; railroads, 25,230; utilities, 31,200; 65 stocks, 121,830.

	Sales. Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
Abbott Lab	7	67⅞	67½	67⅞	— ⅛
Abbott Lab pf	330	⅛	⅛	⅛	— ⅛
ACF-Brill Mot	3	14½	13¾	14½	— ⅛
Adams Exp	3	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
Adams-Millis	2	60	59	59	—1¼
Addressog-Mult.	4	32	31½	32	+ ⅛
Admiral Corp	6	14½	13½	13½	— ⅛
Air Reduction	12	51⅞	51⅝	51⅝	— ⅛
Alaska-Juneau	32	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
Alleghany Corp.	18	6	5¾	5¾	— ⅛
Alleghany pf	1	56½	56½	56½	— ⅛
Allegheny pr pf	1	67½	67½	67½	— ⅛
Alleg Lud Stl	4	55¼	54⅝	55¼	+ ⅛
Allen Industries	2	25	25	25	— ¼
Al Chem & Dye	5	194	192	193	—1
Allied Kid	1	26¾	26¾	26¾	— ⅛
Allied Mills	2	36¼	36¼	36¼	— ⅛
Allis-Ch Mfg	30	47⅛	46⅞	47⅛	— ⅛
Allied Strs	21	51¼	50½	50½	— ⅛
Alpha P Cem	2	33½	33½	33½	— ⅛
Am Ag Ch Del	7	47¼	46½	47¼	—1
Amal Leather	2	10	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
Am Airlines	35	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝	— ⅛
Am Bank Note	4	40½	40	40½	— ⅛
Am Bosch	3	20½	20½	20½	— ⅛
Am Brake Shoe	2	56	55¾	56	— ⅛
Am Cable & R.	11	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
Am Can	7	100¼	100	100	— ⅛
Am Car & Fdy	1	69¾	69¾	69¾	— ⅛
Am Ch & Cable	7	31½	31	31	— ⅛
Am Ch & Chl pf	1	27	27	27	—1¼
Am Colortype	2	27¼	27	27¼	— ⅛
Am Distill	1	68	67⅞	67⅞	— ⅛
Am Encaus Til	1	8¼	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
Am Export L	17	27½	26½	27½	+ ⅛
Am & For Pow	14	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
Am & F P 2 pf	3	34¼	34	34¼	— ⅛
Am Hide & Lea	3	9⅞	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
Am Home Prod	25	99¼	98	99¼	— ⅛
Am Home Prd rt	331	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
Am Ice	1	13½	13½	13½	— ⅛
Am Locomot	10	34⅞	34½	34⅞	+ ⅛
Am M & Fdy	6	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅛
Am M & Met	2	20¼	20¼	20¼	—1
Am Metal	2	36½	36½	36½	— ⅛
Am News Co	18	48½	45½	48½	+ ⅛
Am Pow & Li	34	18⅛	18	18⅛	— ⅛
Am P & L $6 pf	7	127	125	127	+ 1
Am P & L $5 pf	7	117¼	116½	117¼	— ⅛
Am Rad & St S	55	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝	— ⅛
Am Roll Mill	29	39	38¾	39	— ⅛
Am Safety Razor	1	57¾	57¾	57¾	— ⅛
Am Seating	2	27	26½	27	— ⅛
Am Smelt & R	7	64	63	63⅞	— ⅛
Am Snuff	1	44¼	44¼	44¼	— ⅛
Am Stl Fdrs	3	42	41½	42	— ⅛
Am Stores	6	38½	37¼	38½	— ⅛
Am Stove	3	35½	35½	35½	— ⅛
Am Sugar Ref	3	40½	40½	40½	— ⅛
Am Sumatra Tob	1	60	60	60	— ⅛
Am Tel & Tel	198	198¼	198	198¼	+ ⅛
Am Tobacco	3	93½	92¾	93½	— ⅛
Am Tob B	4	94¾	94	94¾	+ ⅛
Am Viscose pf	1	118	118	118	— ⅛
Am Wat Wks	16	23¾	22¾	23¼	— ⅛
Am W Wks pf	1	105½	105½	105½	— ⅛
Am Woolen	75	63⅜	60	63⅜	+ ⅛
Am Wol pf	15	175½	170	175½	+ 4¾
Am Zinc L&S	1	11	11	11	— ⅛
Anaconda Cop	23	46⅞	45¾	45⅞	— ⅛
Anchor Hock Gl	3	54	54	54½	— ⅛
Anderson Clayt	6	50½	50	50½	— ⅛
Ander-Prich Oil	3	22¾	22½	22¾	+ ⅛
Arch-Dan-Mid	2	36⅜	36⅛	36⅜	+ ⅛
Armour & Co.	22	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
Armour pr pf	1	134	134	134	— ⅛
Armstrong Cork	4	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛	— ⅛
Artloom Corp	4	22	21¾	21¾	— ⅛
Ard Dry Goods	15	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛
Atl Inc	2	22	22	22	— ⅛
Atch T & S F	3	111⅛	111	111¼	— ⅛
Atch T&S F pf	8	119½	119½	119½	— ⅛
Atl Refining	8	46½	46	46½	—1
Atlas Corp	7	28½	27¾	28½	+ ⅛
Atlas Tack	3	33	32¾	33	+1⅛
Aust Nichols	9	18½	18	18⅛	— ⅛
Aust Nich 1st pf	1	21¼	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
Aust Nich pf	1	21¼	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
Autom Canteen	6	28½	28	28½	—1
Aviation Corp	26	10	9¾	10	— ⅛
Avlation Corp pf	1	59	59	59	— ⅛
Bald Loco	14	29¾	29¼	29½	— ⅛
Balt & Ohio	15	23½	23¼	23¼	— ⅛
Balt & Ohio pf	2	34¼	34	34	— ⅛
Bangor & Aro	3	22⅜	22⅛	22⅜	— ⅛
Barber Asph	12	59¾	58½	59¼	— ⅛
Barker Bros	1	36¼	36¼	36¼	— ⅛
Barnsdall Oil	13	29¾	29½	29¾	— ⅛
Bath Ir Wks	3	27¾	27¾	28½	— ⅛
Bayuk Cigars	3	59¼	59	59	— ⅛
Bell Aire	1	25¾	25¾	25¾	— ⅛
Bell & Howell	3	27¼	27¼	27½	— ⅛
Bendix Aviat	3	45¾	45¾	45¾	— ⅛
Benef Ind Ln	6	30	29¾	29¾	— ⅛
Benef Ind L pf	21	112½	112½	112½	— ⅛
Best & Co	6	39	38	39	— ⅛
Best Foods	3	30½	30½	30½	— ⅛
Beth Steel	23	112¾	110½	111¾	— ⅛
Bigelow-Sanf	3	69	69	69	+3
Blaw-Knox	6	26½	25½	26	— ⅛
Bliss & Laugh	2	27¾	27¾	27¾	— ⅛
Bliss (E W)	2	30¾	30¾	30¾	— ⅛
Bliss (E W) pf	1	54	54	52½	—2½
Boeing Airpl	16	28⅛	28	28½	+ ⅛
Bohn Al & Br	1	58	58	57½	— ⅛
Bond Strs	3	40½	40	40½	+ ⅛
Borden Co	11	52½	52	52¾	+ ⅛
Borg-Warner	4	51	50¾	50¾	— ⅛
Braniff Airw	7	25¼	24¾	24¾	— ⅛
Bridgeport Br	6	18	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
Briggs Mfg	4	45	45	45	— ⅛
Briggs & Strat	2	34½	34½	34½	— ⅛
Bristol-Myers	3	64½	64½	64½	— ⅛
Brlyn Up Gas	3	32¼	32	32¼	— ⅛
Brunswick Bal	3	23½	23	23½	+⅛
Bucyrus-Erie	6	21¾	21½	21½	— ⅛
Budd Co	11	18	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
Buffalo Forge	1	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅛
Bulova Watch	2	47⅜	47⅛	47⅛	— ⅛
Burling Mills	28	26	25½	25¾	— ⅛
Burr Add Mach	8	18½	18¼	18⅜	— ⅛
Bus Term Inv	1	10½	10½	10½	— ⅛
Butler Bros	3	33	33	33	— ⅛
Butte Cop&Zinc	2	6⅞	6¾	6⅞	+⅛
Byers (A M)	2	26¼	26	26¼	— ⅛
Calif Packing	8	41¾	41	41	— ⅛
Callahan Zinc-Lead	11	4¾	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
Calumet & Hec	7	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
Campbell Wyant	3	34½	33½	33½	— ⅛
Can Dry G Ale	19	17¾	17½	17½	— ⅛
Canada Dry	1	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
Cannon Mills	2	66½	66½	66½	—1½
Capital Adm A	2	17¼	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
Carrier Corp	7	26	25½	25½	— ⅛
Carriers & Gen	1	82	82	82	— ⅛
Caterpil Tractor	5	72½	72	72½	— ⅛
Celanese Corp	9	67	66	67	— ⅛
Celanese 1st pf	2	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	— ⅛
Celanese pf	22	103¼	103	103¼	— ⅛
Cent Aguirre	10	24	23	24	— ⅛
Cent Foundry	6	15¾	15½	15¾	+ ⅛
Cen Hud G & E	10	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
Cen Ill Lt pf	2	109	109	109	— ⅛
Cerro de Pas	3	45	45	45	— ⅛
Cert-teed Prod	33	24⅞	24⅜	24¾	— ⅛
Champ Pap & F	1	55⅛	55½	55½	— ⅛
Checker Cab	2	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
Chicago Corp	25	13	12¾	13	+ ⅛
Chi & E Ill	4	10¼	10	10	— ⅛
Chi & E Ill A	4	16¾	16¼	16¼	— ⅛
Chi Corp	4	11½	11½	11½	— ⅛
Chi Grt W pf	1	18¾	18¾	18¾	— ⅛
Chi Ind&L A ct	2	14	14	14	+ ⅛
C M S P&Pac	22	23½	23	23½	— ⅛
C M S P&P pf	3	66¾	66¾	66¾	— ⅛
Chi & N W	2	27¾	27¾	27¾	+ ⅛
Chi & N W pf	2	57	56¾	56¾	— ⅛
Chi Pneu Tool	2	30½	30½	30½	+ ⅛
Chi Rock Isl	2	30¼	30¼	30¼	— ⅛
Childs Co	17	11¾	11¼	11¼	— ⅛
Chrysler Corp	23	118¼	117⅝	118	—1
Cin Mill Mch	4	36	35½	35⅞	— ⅛
Cities Service	58	58	57¾	58	— ⅛
City Ice&Fuel	1	36¼	36¼	36¼	— ⅛
City Invest	1	28¾	28¾	28¾	— ⅛
City Stores o.	1	88	88	88	— ⅛
Clark Equip	1	55⅞	55¾	55⅞	— ⅛
Clev Elec Ill	2	30¼	30¼	30¼	— ⅛
Climax Moly	5	33¼	33¼	33¼	— ⅛
Clinton Ind	6	33¾	33⅛	33¾	+ ⅛
Cluet Peabody	7	92¾	92	92¾	— ⅛
Coca-Cola	173	173	173	173	— ⅛
Colgate-Palm-P	5	56	55¼	56	+ ⅛
Colgate-PalmPpf	1	57	57	57	.....
Col Fuel & Ir	15	15¾	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
Col Gas & Elec	15	20½	20½	20½	+ ⅛
Colum Br cast A	4	38¼	37½	38	— ⅛
Colum Br cast B	4	38¼	38¼	38¼	+1⅛
Colum Br cast B pf	2	111¼	111¼	111¼	— ⅛
Colum G&E 6% pf	2	110	110	110	.....
Colum Pict	4	29¼	29¼	29⅝	— ⅛
Colum Carbon	1	40	40	40	+ ⅛
Coml Credit	1	51¼	51¼	51¼	— ⅛
Coml Cred Con pf	1	117	117	117	— ⅛
Coml Solvents	12	27½	26⅝	26⅝	+ ⅛
Com'with Edis	38	35½	35¼	35½	+ ⅛
Com'wlth&Sou	156	5	4¾	5	— ⅛
Comw & South pf	2	127½	127½	127½	— ⅛
Conde Nast	1	62	62	62	.....
Congoleum-Nairn	1	33¾	33¾	33¾	— ⅛
Consol Cigar	1	49¼	49¼	49¼	— ⅛
Cons Coppermin	6	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
Cons Edison	51	33¼	33	33¼	— ⅛
Cons Edison pf	3	107½	107½	107½	— ⅛
Cons Grocers	1	23½	23½	23⅝	— ⅛
Cons Laundries	9	19¾	19¾	19¾	— ⅛
Cons Vultee	5	24	23¾	24	— ⅛
Container Corp	22	45¾	46¾	46⅝	— ⅛
Container Corp 2¼	1	41	41	41	.....
Cont Bak	9	19⅝	19½	19½	— ⅛
Cont Can	8	43¾	43	43¾	+ ⅛
Cont Diam Fib	5	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
Cont Ins	16	55½	54⅝	55⅛	+ ⅛
Cont Motors	14	16⅛	15¾	15⅞	— ⅛
Cont Oil Del	6	44	43½	43⅝	— ⅛
Cooper-Bess	4	22¾	22½	22¾	—1⅛
Copperweld Stl	3	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
Corn Prod	22	67	66½	66½	+ ⅛
Cornell-Dub El	1	19	19	19	.....
Corning Glass	4	37½	37½	37½	+ ⅛
Coty Inc	3	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
Coty Internat	5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
Crane Co	8	44¼	43¾	43¾	— ⅛
Crown C & S	1	46	46	46	.....
Crown Ck pf	3	54	53¾	54	+ ⅛
Crown Zellerb	5	34⅛	34¼	34⅛	— ⅛
Crown Zel pf	2	109	109	109	—1
Crucible Steel	7	49⅝	48¾	49	— ⅛
Cuban-Am Sug	6	25	24½	24½	— ⅛
Cudahy Pack	2	57	56¾	57	— ⅛
Cuneo Press	3	23⅞	23¾	23¾	— ⅛
Curtis Pub	18	16	16	16	— ⅛
Curtis P pr pf	1	71⅞	71⅞	71⅞	— ⅛
Curtiss-Wright	114	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛
Curtiss-Wr A	146	23⅛	23	23¼	+ ⅛
Cutler-Hammer	2	36½	36¼	36½	+ ⅛
Dana Corp	1	26½	26½	26½	+ ⅛
Davega Stores	1	25	25	25	—1
Davison Chem	1	26¼	25¼	26⅛	— ⅛
Dayton P & L	8	36⅛	36⅛	36¼	+ ⅛
Dayton Rub	1	28	28	28	—2
Decca Records	4	55	54	54	.....
Deere & Co	6	52	51	51⅞	— ⅛
Deere & Co pf	4	41¼	41¼	41¼	— ⅛
Del & Hudson	2	44¼	44¼	44½	— ⅛
Del Lack & W	14	10	9⅞	10	— ⅛
Detroit Edison	7	27	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅛
Devoe & R A	4	34	33¾	34	— ⅛
Diamond Match	2	43	42½	43	— ⅛
Diam T Mot	2	25½	25½	25¾	— ⅛
Dist Corp-Seag	14	26¾	26½	26⅝	.....
1st Corp-S pf	1	106¾	106¼	106¼	— ⅛
Dr Pepper	1	37	37	37	— ⅛
Doehler-Jarvis	3	32¾	32½	32½	—1⅛
Dome Mines	25	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
Douglas Aircr	4	89¾	89	89¾	— ⅛
Dresser Ind	13	25½	25¼	25½	— ⅛
Dunhill Int	2	29	28	28	—2
duPont de N	6	214½	214	214	— ⅛
D W G Cigar	3	18¾	18¼	18¼	+ ⅛
Eagle-Pich	10	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞	+ ⅛
Eastern Air L	10	29	28¾	29	+ ¼
East S Bit	2	56	56	56	.....
Eastman Kodak	2	235¼	235¼	235½	— ⅛
Edis Bros Strs	3	35	35	35	.....
Elec Prod	4	48	47¾	48	— ⅛
Elastic Stop N	9	10½	10	10½	— ⅛
El Auto-Lite	38	60	59	59¾	— ⅛
Elec Boat	7	22	21¾	21⅞	— ⅛
El Boat pf	4	44	44	44	— ⅛
El & Mus Ind	3	5¼	5	5¼	— ⅛
El Power & Lt	32	25½	24½	24½	—1⅛
El Storage Bat	2	62	61¾	62	+1⅛
El Pow & Lt	6	56¼	54	54	—3¼

	Sales. Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
Emerson El M	2	21¾	21½	21½	— ⅛
Emer Rad & Ph	7	28½	28¼	28½	— ⅛
Eng Pub Serv	9	34	33½	33½	— ⅛
Equit Off Bldg	18	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
Erie RR	9	16	15⅞	16	— ⅛
Eureka Wms	2	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
Evans Products	2	28½	28½	28½	— ⅛
Eversharp	9	44	43½	43½	— ⅛
Exchange Buf	1	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
Fairbanks M	4	74½	73	73	—1
Fajardo Sugar	2	25½	25	25¼	+ ⅛
Farns Tel & R	21	12⅝	12⅜	12⅜	— ⅛
Fed L&Tract	3	24⅝	24⅜	24⅝	— ⅛
Fed Mng & Sm	1	44¾	44¾	44¾	— ⅛
Fed Mot Truck	1	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
Federal D Strs	2	66⅝	65¾	65¾	— ⅛
Fid P Fire Ins	1	50	50	50	— ⅛
Firestone T&R	3	70¼	69⅞	70	—1⅛
Firest T&R pf	2	107	106⅞	106⅞	— ⅛
Firth Carpet	15	26½	25½	26½	— ⅛
Flintkote	1	26¼	25¾	26¼	— ⅛
Florence Stove	1	45½	45½	45½	—1½
Florida Pow	9	19	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
Follansbee Stl	15	16½	15¾	16⅛	— ⅛
Food Fair Strs	30	20	19¾	19¾	— ⅛
Food Machine	3	91	90½	91	+ ⅛
Foster Wheeler	1	29½	29½	29½	+ ⅛
Francisco Sug	1	29½	29½	29½	+ ⅛
Freeport Sulph	1	29½	29½	29½	+ ⅛
Froedt G&M	1	21¼	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
Fruehauf Tra	6	41¾	41	41¾	+ ⅛
Gabriel Co	2	14½	14¼	14½	— ⅛
Gair (Robert)	23	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝	— ⅛
Galvin Mfg	9	18	17¾	17¾	— ⅛
Gar Wood Ind	6	14	14	14	— ⅛
Gar Wood pf	1	56¾	56¾	56¾	— ⅛
Gayiord Cont	9	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
Gen Baking	4	12¾	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
Gen Bronze	4	21¼	20¾	21	—

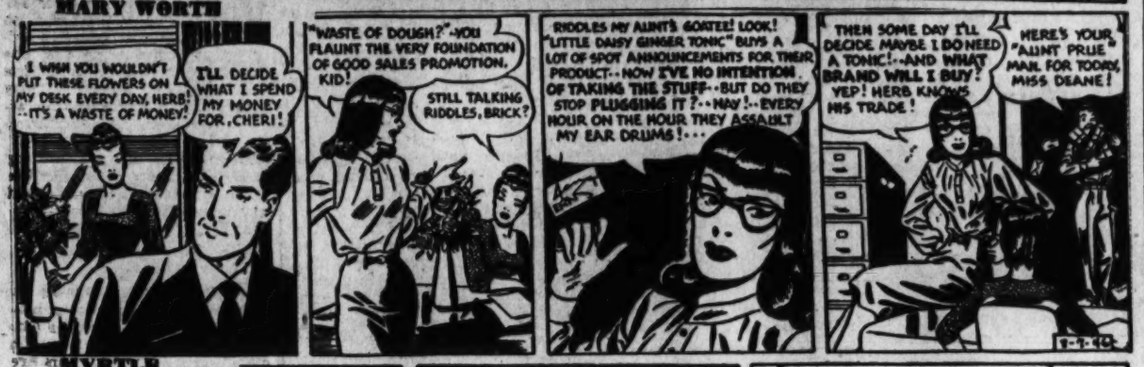
TERRY

YOU LOOK BASHED, HOTSHOT! HOW DOES IT SO GIVING FLYING LESSONS TO NASTY SMYTHE-HEATHERSTONE?
NEVER FELT BETTER, FRIEND TERRY! OL' HOTSHOT'S JUST EASING THE FIGMENTS OUT OF THE LIGAMENTS!
OH—YOU HAVE AN A.A.F. PILOT TRAINING MANUAL FOR THAT TYPE AIRPLANE NASTY'S DAD RENTED FOR HER INSTRUCTION...
YEAH! —I FOUND IT IN THE AIRCRAFT! I'M USING IT AS A TEXTBOOK FOR NASTALTRA!
IS THIS MARKER AS FAR AS SHE'S GONE?
YEAH...
...AND THE SLIGHTLY TURNED DOWN CORNER OF THE NEXT PAGE IS AS FAR AS OL' HOTSHOT HAS GONE! HMMM?

JOE PALOOKA

WELL, GOSH, HONEY, WE HAD A SWELL EVENING, BELIEVE ME.
MY GOODNESS... IT'S SEVEN A'CLOCK IN THE MORNING. MY, HOW TIME FLIES. TEMPUS FUGIT, DON'T IT? TUSE A FIGGER OF SPEECH.
NO ROOM
BOY, WHAT A PEACH! SENSIBLE AN' BEAUTIFUL. I NEVER REALIZED WE DROVE ALL NITE... JUST TALKIN'... AIN'T MANY GIRLS INTERESTED IN PRIZE-FIGHTIN' AN' OTHER REAL DOWN TEARTH TALK. THAT'S TH' REAL KIND THARRY.
HEY LOOK WHERE YOU'RE GOING!
FINE TIME TO GET IN. MISTER LEENY'D BEEN CALLIN'... WHERE YA BEEN?
FUH-LEEZE, MISSIS MULROONEY. I DON'T THINK IT'S NO CONCERN OF YOURN. AN' IF MR. LEENY CALLS AGAIN, PLEASE HAVE ME PASSED.

MARY WORTH


I WISH YOU WOULDN'T PUT THESE FLOWERS ON MY DESK EVERY DAY, HERB! ...IT'S A WASTE OF MONEY!
I'LL DECIDE WHAT I SPEND MY MONEY FOR, CHERI!
"WASTE OF DOUGH?"—YOU PLAUNT THE VERY FOUNDATION OF GOOD SALES PROMOTION, KID!
STILL TALKING RIDDLES, BRICK?
RIDDLES MY AUNT'S GORTEE! LOOK! "LITTLE DAISY GINGER TONIC" BUYS A LOT OF SPOT ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR THEIR PRODUCT—NOW I'VE NO INTENTION OF TAKING THE STUFF—BUT DO THEY STOP PLUGGING IT?—NAY!—EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR THEY ASSAULT MY EAR DRUMS!...
THEN SOME DAY I'LL DECIDE MAYBE I DO NEED A TONIC!—AND WHAT BRAND WILL I BUY? YEP! HERB KNOWS HIS TRADE!
HERE'S YOUR "AUNT PRUE" MAIL FOR TODAY, MISS DEANE!

MYRTLE

I'M REAL PROUD OF YOU, MYRTLE!
"HOW'S THAT FOR LICKING THE PLATTER CLEAN, POP?
OH NO, YOU DON'T!
MY TABOO AGAINST DUNKING APPLIES TO DOUGHNUTS—NOT DISHES!
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MICKEY FINN

I WANTA SEE YOU, DIPSY! —OUTSIDE!
OKAY!
AND THE BOSS WANTS TO KNOW WHEN HE LEAVES —AND ON WHAT PLANE—OR TRAIN!
THAT AIN'T GONNA BE EASY, TONY —THERE'S A LOT OF TRAINS AND PLANES!
HE CAN ONLY TAKE ONE—AND WE'RE GONNA KNOW WHAT ONE!
YOU AND ME, ALONE?
NO—THREE OF THE BOYS ARE WATCHIN' HIS OFFICE NOW—WE'RE GONNA WATCH HIS HOUSE
OH—THAT'S BETTER!

DIXIE DUGAN

THANK MR. LAFTON AGAIN FOR ME, JITTERS, BUT I HAVE AN ENGAGEMENT THIS EVENING
VERY WELL, MISS DUGAN—
I'VE TURNED HIM DOWN SO MUCH I'M BEGINNING TO BE A LITTLE EMBARRASSED
THEN AGAIN YOU MIGHT BE MORE EMBARRASSED IF YOU WENT UP THERE AGAIN
YOU'RE STILL CARRYING THAT CHIP ON YOUR SHOULDER —WHY DON'T YOU GO UP THERE AND TALK IT OVER —? STEPS ON TO STEPFATHER
AND SEE WHO STEPS ON WHOM?
YOU KNOW, IF YOU BROUGHT OUT IN THE OPEN WHATEVER IS BOTHERING YOU ABOUT HIM, I WOULDN'T BOTHER YOU ANY MORE
WHEN ARE YOU GOING TO HANG OUT YOUR "SHINGLE," DOCTOR?!

CHIEF WAHOO and STEVE ROPER

TAKE MISS KNIGHT DOWN TO HEADQUARTERS AND— BOOK HER FOR MURDER, BRODPHY!
—SORRY, SIR! WE HAVE NO OTHER CHOICE!
NOW, ROPER! YOU SEEM TO KNOW A LOT ABOUT THIS THING! —SPILL IT! HOW WAS WHIP FORCING SABLE TO MARRY HIM?
I'M NOT TELLING! IT WOULD ONLY ADD TO OLD SILENT KNIGHT'S GRIEF!
BUT I WILL TESTIFY THAT OTHERS COULD HAVE KILLED WHIP! SABLE'S FATHER AND CHUCK FELLON WERE BOTH UPSTAIRS AROUND THE TIME OF THE MURDER! WHY NOT GRILL CHUCK?
I INTEND TO!
CONSTITUTION OF A HORSE!—STILL ALIVE! —BUT HE MAY NEVER REGAIN CONSCIOUSNESS!
PREPARE HIM FOR A BLOOD TRANSFUSION!

WINNIE WINKLE

WHERE ARE YOU GOING, FAWTHAW?
OH, OUT TO LOOK OVER TH' CRUMBS OF TH' UPPER CRUST!
WELL, DID YOU MEET ANY IMPORTANT PEOPLE WHILE YOU WERE OUT?
YEP! MET TH' LEAD AN' ZINC MAGNATE AN' HIS FAMILY, FROM ACROSS TH' ROAD!
OH, YOU MEAN THE DE BUNKS? THEY'RE VERY WELL KNOWN! WHAT KIND OF PEOPLE ARE THEY?
HMMMM! A SNAPPY HUSBAND— A SNOOPY WIFE— AN' THREE SNIPPY DAUGHTERS!

KING OF THE ROYAL MOUNTED

WHOOPEE! "CYCLONE" WON THE FIRST SEMI-FINAL!
WITH A TRACK RECORD, TOO! 3 MINUTES AND 19 SECONDS FOR 15 LAPS!
THAT TIME WILL GIVE HIM POLE POSITION IN THE FEATURE! HE'S A CINCH TO WIN THE CHAMPIONSHIP AGAIN!
THAT'S WHAT YOU THINK, SONNY!—BUT I KNOW HE WON'T!
SHORTY SPAIN

DOTTY

MARK TRAIL

THE FOREST SERVICE PLANE SEARCHES THE AREA FOR SOME TIME AND FINALLY...
HEY, BOB, WE'VE LOCATED YOUR MAN DIRECTLY WEST ABOUT A MILE BUT HE'S SURROUNDED BY FIRE...IT WOULD BE SURE DEATH TO GO IN THERE!!
IT'S OKAY, CHERRY, ...THEY SAY I CAN GET HIM WITHOUT ANY TROUBLE AT ALL....
...BE BACK IN A FEW MINUTES!!
PLEASE HURRY, BOB!
ED DODD

PENNY

YOU WERE SIMPLY SUPERB, NO END, BANCROFT, I MEAN, ACTUALLY!
SHUCKS, PENNY, IT WAS NOTHING!
DID YOU HAVE A GOOD TIME AT THE DANCE, DEAR?
IT WAS SUPER MOTHER. WE HAD A CONTEST FOR THE MOST POPULAR COUPLE.
HOW DID YOU MAKE OUT?
FIRST, WE LOST—
BUT NOT AFTER BANCROFT GOT THROUGH WITH THE RECOUNT.

DONALD DUCK

YOU GOIN' INTO BUSINESS AGAIN, UNCA DONALD?
YEP! A NEW IDEA WITH NO COMPETITION!
BUZZ, MUMBLE .... AND YOU CAN BE MY LOOKOUT!
GET READY...HE'S LEAVIN' ON A CALL!
ACME PLUMBING CO.
TOOLS RENTED SIDE WRENCHES OUR SPECIALTY

SUPERMAN

HO! HO! SO YOUR LITTLE SCHEME BACK-FIRED! NOW ISN'T THAT TOO BAD!
YOWLP!
WHAT A DIRTY...
...TRICK! OW-WCH!
SUPERMAN HAS GONE TOO FAR! THIS IS WAR!

NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY

Today's Radio Programs

THE WASHINGTON POST
Wednesday, August 7, 1946

WEDNESDAY — WASHINGTON — E.S.T.

	WMAL 630	WRC 980	WOL 1260	WINX 1340	WWDC 1450	WTOP 1500
	News, 6, 7, 8:30. Prelude, 6:05. Town Clock, 7:10-9. David Wills, 7:45.	WRC Almanac, 5:30. Holly Wright, 6:05-9. News, 6, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:30. Weather forecast, 6:30.	Sign on, 5:30; Top o' the Morning, 5:32; News, 6; Musical Clock, Cliff Allen, News, 6:30, 7, 7:30	News, 6, 7, 8. Jerry Strong, Wake Up With WINX, 6:05-9.	Hunnicutt, 6-9. News, 6:30, 7, 8:15. Devotions, 6:45.	Corn Squeezing Time, 5:30-6:45; News, 6:45, 7, 7:30, Arthur Godfrey from 7:05
9	:00 Breakfast Club :15 Don McNeill :30 Jack Owen :45 Nancy Martin	Lone Journey Lora Lawton Road of Life Joyce Jordan	Song Shop Anniversary Waltz Singing Strings Jackie Hill's Show	News; Music in the Air Music in the Air " Pat Griffith	The Tune Shop: Willis Conover " Alice Lane	Godfrey, Mahoney Home Service Daily Evelyn Winters Bachelors Children
10	:00 My True Story :15 " " :30 Church Hymns :45 The Listening Post	Fred Waring " Barry Cameron David Harum	Cecil Brown Tell Your Neighbors Lorenzo Fuller Sings Victor Lindlahr	News; Music Hall Music Hall " "	Open House " " "	Valiant Lady Light of the World Time to Remember Rosemary
11	:00 Tom Breneman's :15 Breakf't in Hollyw'd :30 Ruth Crane :45 The Modern Woman	Matinee Today " Nancy Osgood "	George Putnam Morton Downey Rhythm Frolics Musical Comedy Qutz	News; Symphony Symphony Hour Prokfief Violin Concerto	Tuffy Topics Crosby Time Pin-up Tunes "	Kate Smith Speaks Aunt Jenny Romance Helen Trent Our Gal Sunday
12	:00 News, Evans :15 Ted Malone :30 Glamor Manor :45 Eddie Dunn	News; Improvisations Look to This Day California Time Robert McCormick	News: Cliff Allen The Spice in Life Frances Paige John Anthony	WINX News Star Time Lunch with Tony Pastor	Tello Test " News; Remember Police News; Music	News of High Hoss Ma Perkins Young Dr. Malone Road of Life
1	:00 Baukhage Talking :15 Charm School :30 Music Box :45 Jim Gibbons	Guiding Light Today's Children Woman in White Masquerade	News, Foster Finders Keepers Queen for a Day "	News; Music Musical Bouquets Navy Band "	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Second Mrs. Burton Perry Mason Arthur Godfrey Big Sister
2	:00 and Ida Clark :15 Boys' Nation :30 Bride and Groom :45 John Nelson	Life Beautiful Ma Perkins Pepper Young Right to Happiness	True Confessions " Myrt and Marge Easy Aces	News: Rhythm Spotlight on Rhythm " "	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Aunt Mary Dr. Paul Janice Gray Arthur Godfrey
3	:00 Al Pearce's Gang :15 " :30 Accent on Music :45 Ladies Be Seated	Backstage Wife Stella Dallas Lorenzo Jones Young Widow Brown	Erskine Johnson So the Story Goes It's a Fact Bob Hannon	News; Tea for Two Tea for Two " "	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	G. E. House Party House Party & News Give and Take "
4	:00 Jack Barch Show :15 Accent on Music :30 News; Evans :45 Our Singing Land	When a Girl Marries Portia Faces Life Just Plain Bill Front Page Farrell	"Easy Does It" With Easy Gwynn " "	News; Band Wagon Band Wagon Music Hall "	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Stumpus " Top Tune Inn "
5	:00 Terry and Pirates :15 Dick Tracy :30 Jack Armstrong :45 Tennessee Jed	News; Leif Eid Musicade Music: Bergman Lowell Thomas	The Sea Hound Superman Captain Midnight Tom Mix	News; Music Hall Music Hall " "	Band of the Day Battle of Crooners Sports; Theater of the Air	" " News; John Cramer Robert Trout, News
6	:00 Evans, Edwards :15 Stardust-Sports :30 Earl Godwin :45 Singing Sam	Supper Club News of the World Man at a Grand H. V. Kaltenborn	News, Warner Congress Today The Johnson Family Inside of Sports	WINX News Bob Wolff, Sports Romantic Serenade Dinner Concert	Melody Lane " Sports; Wakeman Supper Club	Top News, Burdette Speaking of Sports Ellery Queen "
7	:00 Louise Massey :15 Raymond Swing :30 The Lone Ranger :45	Mr. and Mrs. North " Music of Tomorrow "	Fulton Lewis, Jr. Good Cheer Songs Beatrice Kay's Show "	News; Frooba's Piano Tommy Dorsey Show Time "	Romantic Rendezvous Lee Castle Orch. News by Austad Sammy Kaye's Orch.	The Whistler " Dr. Christian and Henry, News
8	:00 Lum 'n' Abner :15 The Wheels Turn :30 Frankie Carle's Orchestra :45	McGarry and His Mouse Mr. District Attorney "	Gabriel Heatter Real Life Stories Spotlight Bands Xavier Cugat's	News; at 8:10 Sir Edward Elgar's "The Dream	YMCA Program Dugout Chatter Baseball Game: "	The Sad Sack " Intrigue "
9	:00 Fishing and Hunting Club :15 Tempo Tunes :30 Music by Adlam :45	Kollege of Musical Knowledge Kay Kyser	Bulldog Drummond " I Am An American Travel Time	of Geronttius" Huddersfield Choral Society, Liverpool Symphony	Washington vs New York " " "	Academy Award Theater " Holiday for Music "
10	:00 Listen to LaGuardia :15 Here's to Veterans :30 Voices in the Evening :45	News; Swoon Singers Stringtime Tommy Tucker's Orchestra	News, Eaton Sports—Brundige Quiz of Two Cities "	News; Jan Savitt Blue Mirror Music for Dreaming "	" " News; Around Town	Waitin' for Clayton You and the Atom The Factfinder Word from Country
11	:00 News, Evans :15 Hour of Dreams :30 Leo Dayton :45 Ray Michael	News; Dance Music Harkness of Wash. Three Suns Trio Leo Sims; News	Voice of Washington Fulton Lewis, Jr. Sweet Music; News "	News; Post Preview Music for the Years "	1450 Club Super Session " Rhythm Roundup	News, Daly & Hornik Eddie Gallaher's Moondial Music to Midnight

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and Jerry Strong

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6:00 to 9:00 a.m. each weekday

WINX
The Washington Post Station
1340 ON YOUR DIAL

Mary Haworth's Mail

Mother, Once Fine Professional Musician, Wants Daughter, 15, to Excel at Piano and Threatens Suicide if Girl Doesn't Practice All the Time

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I am a girl 15 years old and I have two sisters, ages 11 and 2 years old, respectively. I have taken piano lessons for several years and have received many compliments on my playing, plus a gold medal for musical accomplishment when I graduated from junior high school.

My mother is a fine musician and was once a professional pianiste. She isn't satisfied with the practising I do and she is taking drastic steps to relieve her disappointment. She has given me the following choice: Either I quit my piano lessons, and also stop going to the movies and the beach or anywhere at all with any of my friends,—or she commits suicide.

I couldn't possibly stop my piano lessons. They have become almost a part of me. And how can I break off all relations with my friends? The second choice—of her committing suicide—speaks for itself. Naturally I don't need to explain how I would feel about that. Mother is already trying to sell the piano, and she has spoken about suicide many times before, so you see she isn't kidding. Today she spoke about it very seriously and she has made her will. I am desperate, so please answer quickly. D. P.

Mother's Trifling With Frankenstein

DEAR D. P.: It is possible that your mother may eventually talk herself into a suicidal act. But if she ever does that crazy thing, I want you to know beforehand that your life performance was not responsible for it. And I want you to feel no remorse about it, but rather a healthy concern to secure for yourself such a good grasp on mental hygiene—with psychiatric help,—that you can discard and completely outgrow any hurtful ideas that her sick minded example and long-time nagging may have needled into you.

She may never execute her threat. The fact that she talks so much about it is the more favorable indication that she won't,—since people with a morbid genuine impulse to self destruction are, almost invariably, afraid to mention it. People who deliberately destroy themselves,—who court premature death as relief from a life they find unbearably cruel or disappointing,—usually do so without warning to friends or relatives. They have fought a long lone battle with despair,—and in secret session with themselves, they finally let fear of tomorrow triumph over fear of death.

On the other hand, one can talk himself into almost anything. Idle chatter, mischievously indulged, can engender mighty powers of auto-suggestion, unknown to the speaker, which later rise like Frankenstein to destroy him. Thus whereas your mother's chronic threat is in all probability bluff so far, a hysterical hold-up demand for her family's abject surrender to her purposes, it may carry her over the precipice into the fate she pictures, one day,—unless she cuts out this line of talk and lays hold on a more reasonable philosophy of life, beginning at once.

Maybe Her Mind's Already Unhinged

NOW for her specific quarrel with you: If we are to take her attitude seriously, if she is bitterly outraged at your teen-age failure to rival Paderewski at musical genius and piano drill, and would either kill herself or strip you of piano, friends and all other recreations, to punish you for favoring a balanced repertory of interests, then her mind is already unhinged,—and it's time for the doctor and other adult relatives to step in and take over.

On the other hand, there is some possibility that this piano fight is only symptomatic of a determination on her part to block your development as an independent character. Perhaps she isn't so much disappointed by your failure to rate as a musical prodigy, as she is (1) worried by your latterday choice of friends or (2) by a sturdy inclination on your part to engineer your activities to suit yourself, rather than to please her in every detail, this last year or two.

She may be, at worst, only an acutely neurotic, socially frustrated woman, who in a hopelessly confused sort of way wants (1) to keep a stranglehold on her children's lifelong obedience and exclusive devotion and (2) also would like to furbish them into famous members of select society, to assuage her starved appetite for glory. Whatever the meaning of her behavior, she needs help as much as you do,—and since you are a minor, nobody can help you except by working through the family. Which makes this a problem for the social welfare agency giving family service to your community. A psychiatric social worker would closely investigate the whole situation in a friendly way, if you turn there with an S O S.

Mary Haworth counsels through her column, not by mail or personal interview. Write her in care of The Post.

Be Smart . . .

FASHION-WISE and important . . . fur trims on casual coats of all lengths. Adjustable cuffs and belts that can be fastened close or removed for the easy, flowing line, add practicality as well as smartness.

Suzy Says . . .

WHEN in spite of all precautions, hot dishes, alcohol spots or the acids of fruit juices or perfume leave a mark on your furniture, buy a small quantity of rubbing oil at your paint store and rub the furniture.

If the finish is varnish or lacquer, your chances of rubbing out the damage are good. If you don't have success it is usually because the surface is shellac finish. Even on shellac you may be able to rub

out a very light ring. But if the mark is deep and has cut through the protective shellac film, then you'll rub to no avail and professional refinishing is the only remedy.

When white rings appear on the top of your mahogany table because of carelessness with hot dishes, which causes moisture condensation in the lacquer or varnish finishes, they can often be removed. Apply a little wood alcohol, cover with a clean cloth and place a hot iron on the cloth. Use both heat and alcohol sparingly. Lastly rub down furniture with good wax.

POLISH pewter pitchers and bowls on the outside but NOT on the inside, if they are used to hold food. Pewter is an alloy of various metals with tin as the chief ingredient. Old pewter, the kind valued by antique collectors, often contains considerable lead which may be dissolved into food that stands in it, especially acid food.

Fortunately, pewter gradually takes on a coating of film which helps protect against this solution of lead into food. Because bright pewter looks more attractive than that which is dulled or darkened by film, many homemakers shine it regularly. Polishing on the outside, does no harm. It is wise not to let food stand long in pewter. Much, but not all, modern pewter contains very little lead.

Since pewter is soft compared to many metals, it should be polished with a fine powder or silver polish. Harsh abrasive such as steel wool may scar it permanently.

Swink-Williams

Petworth Methodist Church was the scene July 29 of the wedding of **Miss Dorothea Lucille Williams**, daughter of Mrs. James Williams, Des Moines, Iowa, and **George Carlton Swink**, son of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Swink, Washington. The Rev. John C. Million performed the ceremony.

Costumed in white crepe with shoulder-length veil, the bride was given in marriage by Maj. Henry J. Coy. Her bouquet was of white roses, orchids and lilies of the valley. Her only attendant was Mrs. Jean Coy, in blue lace, with mixed flowers.

The bride, who attended school in Des Moines, has been associated with the Department of Justice. A graduate of Central High School, Mr. Swink is employed by Engineering & Research in Riverdale, Md. He was discharged from the Navy last December. After a honeymoon in Canada, the couple will be at home here.

Willingham-Eubank

September 1 is the wedding date set by Miss Betty Michel Willingham, Cochran, Ga., and Washington, whose brother Wallace Albert Willingham, Ocala, Fla., announces her engagement to Charles Stuart Eubank, son of Mr. and Mrs. Carlyle C. Eubank, Ogden, Utah.

Miss Willingham, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Albert N. Willingham, Cochran, is associated with the United States Chamber of Commerce in Washington. Mr. Eubank, who attended Utah State University before entering the Navy, now is a student at George Washington University. He is a member of Sigma Chi.

Van Hise—Twidwell

Miss Betty Lou Twidwell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Truman S. Twidwell, Greenville, Mo., and **Lieut. (j. g.) Edward P. Van Hise, jr.**, son of Mrs. Lottie A. Van Hise, Washington, were married August 3 in the chapel at Anacostia Naval Air Station. Chaplain N. L. Blythe officiated.

Wearing a net gown with fingertip veil, the bride was given in marriage by her brother-in-law, Glenn L. Johnson. Mrs. Chester C. Montgomery was matron of honor; her husband, Lieut. (j. g.) C. C. Montgomery, best man. A reception followe dat the home of Mr. and Mrs. Glenn L. Johnson.

After a honeymoon in Poconos and Missouri, the couple will live in Washington.

You Need Exercise to Thrive—To Laugh, Sing and Feel Alive!

By Ida Jean Kain

EXERCISE is most popularly known as a muscle builder, which makes it unpopular because no woman cares about bulging biceps anyway. And since there is no proof that exercise adds years to life, why exercise? Because a little every day makes you glad to be alive. A retired Army officer says that lack of regular exercise is probably the greatest cause of that tired feeling.

It's true that a small amount of regular exercise helps to keep vital organs tuned up and muscles in tone. And with improved muscle tone the nervous system works smoothly. Then you have that million dollar feeling of well being.

All this doesn't mean you should take up weight lifting or huff and puff through calisthenics. Take it easy. But take a little exercise. A slow, steady stretch, rhythmically contracting, stretching and releasing the muscles, increases the flow of blood through the heart, veins and arteries. And easy exercise helps you to relax completely. But if there is any doubt as to whether you should take setting-up exercises, ask your doctor.

Follow the rules. Do not take calisthenics within one to two hours after eating and avoid eating within 15 minutes after exercise. The reason is simple: in exercise the blood is drawn into the muscles and at mealtime it is needed in the stomach to help digest the food.

It's exercise of the big trunk muscles that helps keep vital organs in tone. Ten to twelve minutes of proper exercise are a great help, and almost anyone can devote that amount of time daily. Try this:

Lie flat on back on floor, knees bent, feet on floor. Pull in with the abdominal muscles and get the small of the back flat against the floor. From that position bring alternate knees toward chest and at the same time strentch arms up on floor overhead. Pull lazily. Repeat half a dozen times, later a dozen, but slowly and easily.

Prop feet up on a low bench and take same exercise from that position. Then lift hips off floor in straight line, pulling up firmly with abdominal muscles.

If you have nothing wrong with your lower back, put the squeeze on the waistline. O nback, knees bent, twist firmly at waist and lower thighs to floor at one side, then slowly twist toward the other side.

Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

Awesomely Beautiful New A-Bomb Films Will Scare You Pink

THE NEWSREELS' REPORT of the "A-Bomb No. 5" underwater tests at Bikini Lagoon provides the most awesome and most spectacular views of destructive power ever beheld by the eyes of man.

Previewed yesterday and to go on public view tomorrow, this reel is overwhelming in its implications.

Jennifer Jones

Science and the cameraman evidently learned a great deal and profited enormously from the first Bikini experiment. The unbelievable power and beauty of the most recent "show" is infinitely more illuminating and terrifying than its predecessor. The photographic deficiencies of the "A-Bomb No. 4" test, imposed by distance and lack of experience, are conspicuously lacking from the current reels.

The Navy, Army, Coast Guard, Air Force, newsreel and scientific photographers caught the underwater test from every angle, from both sea level and the air. So vivid are their pictorial records that many of them seem to be in closeup.

Those who deemed the first Bikini test a bit of a "fizzle"—and that was rather less than giving the devilish thing its due—will find these later studies of a cataclysmic power staggering to the senses and numbing to any thoughtful mind.

Earlier in the day we had previewed another screen subject of quite a different flavor. "Cluny Brown," as picturized by Twentieth Century-Fox from the Margery Sharp novel, you may rest assured, poses none of the problems suggested by the A-bomb. Never is there anything explosive about it, but under the sly and subtle direction of Ernst Lubitsch and playing of Jennifer Jones and Charles Boyer, the pithy tale of the underprivileged and uninhibited girl with a passion for plumbing, and Professor Belinski, the liberal whose inclinations knew no curb, either, comes alive as one of the most amusingly delightful releases of the season. It will be coming along in due course to the screen at Loew's Capitol.

In as clever a job of mimeographing as ever came to light in the guise of a personal letter, Peter Lawrence, executive manager of the Ballet Theater, has this, in part, to say under London date line of July 18: "Greetings from London! Just a few words of remembrance from Ballet Theater as we enter our third week at this lovely Royal Opera House. It is with great pride that I am able to tell you that our work thus far has been received with higher praise than we had dared hope for. Stolid English audiences have stood and cheered their approval of the classical works and their enthusiasm for American ballets. Our administrative director, Miss Lucia Chase, was honored by being made a member of the Royal Academy of Dancing." Nice going, as you might say.

"Continued Next Week"

Whatever the strictly metropolitan view of the matter may be, the "chapter play" has not lost its potency as an item of screen entertainment.

For the first time in the history of Columbia Pictures, a major stage has been turned over for the exclusive use of a serial. Sam Katzman's multiple-part production of "Son of the Guardsman" calls for the sprawling interior of a vast medieval castle, and the set, correct in historical detail, occupies all the available space and is kept standing on Stage 11.

Probably we don't get around enough, but we somehow have felt for a long time now that the serial film was a dead pigeon.

Not when they turn a huge sound stage over to it exclusively, let the big-budget feature prdouctions flower where they may!

Incidentally, there was a time in an earlier incarnation when the names of Dorothy Phillips, Wyndham Standing and Franklin Farnum, singly or in combination, were all that was needed to magnetize a silent-film box-office. It was so long ago that I had forgotten all about them. And now here they come again—not as stars, but as "bit" players, impersonating night club patrons in the Humphrey Bogart-Lisabeth Scott costarrer "Dead Reckoning" being directed by John Cromwell for Columbia. Mr. Cromwell, by the way, recently turned out a little thing called "Anna and the King of Siam."

J. Raymood Bell—Ray to most people and still no relation—who learned about publicity as chief stentor for Loew's Washington theaters a few years back, has been elected chairman of the Public Relations Advisory Committee for the Air Transport Association. Mr. Bell presently is director of public relations and advertising for Capital Airlines-CPA. Henceforth he will head the committee which includes public relations representatives of 22 certificated airlines, operating domestically and internationally. Should be a help in getting a reservation to Hains Point!

English-Is-Tricky Note

Concerning those atomic bombs, I was about to say it would be nice if they'd just let the whole thing drop. But, come to think of it, that is what they did at Hiroshima!

Mr. Solomon Visits Daughter

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Lulley have visiting them at their country home in Bowie, Md., Mrs. Lulley's father and sister, S. Solomon and Miss Mildred Solomon, of New York.

VALID SUGAR STAMPS

Sugar Stamp 49, good for five pounds until August 31.

Spare Stamps 9 and 10, each good for five pounds canning sugar until October 31.

Martha Ellyn's Platter Chatter

Vary Your Green Bean Recipes And Make Most of Season

TENDER and crisp green beans are in the markets. They are also hanging heavy on the vines in Victory gardens. Not only should this vegetable be eaten because it is plentiful, but because it is good for us.

But it becomes monotonous to both cook and diner to always eat green beans served in the same way. The green bean can easily be graduated from the plain class to something special if properly cooked and deftly seasoned.

It's good seasoning that makes a dish as well as a cook's fame. Let's see how green beans will take to different seasonings. But first they must be cooked in good fashion.

Wash beans thoroughly. Use a saucepan whose lid fits tightly. In it put water ¼ inch depth. Brong to boil, then add beans, add cover to pan and let come to boil again. Reduce heat so there is enough to just maintain boiling. Cook covered for 15 minutes. Season to taste.

This is the modern way to cook beans. The traditional way is to simmer them with ham bone, salt pork or bason for several hours.

If you have a pressure sauce pan you can prepare hte bean in record time by this recipe:

STRING BEANS

Wash 1½ pounds green beans, cut in 1 inch lengths. Add 1 cup peeled and diced onion, 4 slices of bacon cut fine, ¾ teaspoon salt, a few grains of pepper and cook under pressure for 2 to 4 minutes. Reduce pressure with cool water. Simmer uncovered to concentrate juices to about one-half. Serves 6.

Everyone to her choice as to how to cook beans—but the following ways will insure interesting flavor. It may be a dash of marjoram or thyme or slivered almonds, added just before serving time, or seasoning cooked with the beans may make hte difference between just plain green beans and extra good ones.

BEAN SALAD

In medium-size bowl marinate for ½ hour 3 cups cooked green beans and ¼ cup French dressing. Add and toss together 4 diced hard-cooked eggs, 3 medium sized tomatoes diced, 1 cup chopped celery, 1/3 cup thinly sliced small onions and ¼ cup French dressing. Serve on salad greens. Serves six.

GREEN BEANS AND MUSHROOMS

In a frying pan heat 3 tablespoons fat or salad oil. Add and saute until tender 1/3 cup minced onions and ¼ pound sliced mushrooms. Stir in 3 cups cooked green beans, ¼ cup chili sauce, 1 teaspoon salt and a dash of pepper. Heat thoroughly, stirring occasionally. Serves six.

BEANS AU GRATIN

Turn on oven and set regulator at moderate, 375 degrees. In 1 quart baking dish place 3 cups cooked beans in three layers, sprinkling 1 tablespoon Parmesan-style cheese and salt and pepper on top of each layer. Combine ¾ cup light cream and ¼ teaspoon prepared mustard and pour over beans. Bake 15 minutes or until beans are heated through. Serves six.

Portraits

By James J. Metcalfe

I want to help you

I want to be the kind of friend . . . That means so much to you . . . That you will always think of me . . . In everything you do . . . That you will always call on me . . . When I might be of aid . . . To help you out or keep your heart . . . From being too afraid . . . I want you to remember that . . . Wherever I may be . . . I am prepared to serve you in . . . The least capacity . . . That I will use my knowledge and . . . What strength I may possess . . . To make each day along your way . . . A time of happiness . . . And that it is a joy to me . . . Whenever I can do . . . Some favor that may pave the path . . . Where all your dreams come true.

Lieutenant Stetson To Wed Floridian

The wedding of Miss Nancy James Martin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fletcher Martin, Jacksonville, Fla., to Lieut. John Bradford Stetson, son of Mrs. Bradford Stetson, Washington, will take place Saturday, August 17, at 8:30 p. m., in the Riverside Presbyterian Church, Jacksonville. A reception will follow at the Florida Yacht Club.

Miss Martin is a graduate of Brenau College, Gainsville, Ga., Lieutenant Stetson was graduated from the United States Military Academy in 1944.

Offeman-Dulin

Walter Reed Memorial Chapel was the setting yesterday for the wedding of **Miss Irene Fletcher Dulin**, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stinemetz Dulin, Washington, and **Lieut. Richard Emil Offeman**, USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Offeman, Hollywood, Calif. Chaplain Eugene Frien officiated.

Gowned in white satin and carrying white roses, bouvardia and gardenias, the bride wore a veil of antique Brussels lace which had been worn by her mother. Maid of honor was the bride's sister, Miss Jeannette Dulin, who wore pink silk persey and carried roses and delphinium. Costumed in light gray crepe with a bouquet to match, the maid of honor's Miss Dorothy Wright served as bridesmaid. Cable Wagner was best man. Ushers were Lieut. Donald Lacey, Lieut. Jack Eyler, William Van Allen and Dr. Frank Gibson, jr. A reception followed at the bride's home.

The bride attended Ohio Wesleyan University and is a graduate of the School for Medical Technicians at Graduate Hospital, University of Pennsylvania. Lieutenant Offeman, recently discharged from the Navy after three years' service, is an alumnus of California Institute of Technology.

After a week at Chateau Frontenac in Quebec, the newlyweds will travel through Canada to California. They will live in Hollywood.

Gas on Stomach

Relieved in 5 minutes or double your money back

When excess stomach acid causes painful, suffocating gas, sour stomach and heartburn, doctors usually prescribe the fastest-acting medicines known for symptomatic relief—medicines like those in Bell-ans Tablets. No laxative. Bell-ans bring comfort in a jiffy or double your money back on return of bottle to us. 25c at all druggists.

YOUNGER LOOKING SKIN?

MERCOLIZED WAX CREAM

If your spirit is young, you should seek ways and means to appear as young as you feel. A more even-toned fresher complexion aids in creating the impression of looking younger and more attractive. An effective way to help obtain this result is to use **Mercolized Wax Cream** faithfully. **Mercolized Wax Cream** will aid in making and keeping your skin looking as young and lovely as your skin can look. Use only as directed.

THE NEW SAXOLITE ASTRINGENT CREAM

is a delightful experience. Relax while this cool smooth cream temporarily tightens the outer layer of skin. Enjoy that glorious astringent sensation. Then look. Your skin may appear years younger.

Sold at cosmetic counters everywhere

"LASSIE COME HOME" Big!
"SON OF LASSIE" Bigger!
"COURAGE OF LASSIE" Biggest!
M-G-M's NEW TECHNICOLOR THRILL with Elizabeth Taylor, The "National Velvet" Girl, Frank Morgan and Tom Drake. The "Green Years" Lad.
WATCH FOR IT!

KIDNEYS MUST REMOVE EXCESS ACIDS

Help 15 Miles of Kidney Tubes Flush Out Poisonous Waste

If you have an excess of acids in your blood, your 15 miles of kidney tubes may be overworked. These tiny filters and tubes are working day and night to help Nature rid your system of excess acids and poisonous waste.

When disorder of kidney function permits poisonous matter to remain in your blood, it may cause nagging backache, rheumatic pains, leg pains, loss of pep and energy, getting up nights, swelling, puffiness under the eyes, headaches and dizziness. Frequent or scanty passages with smarting and burning sometimes shows there is something wrong with your kidneys or bladder.

Kidneys may need help the same as bowels, so ask your druggist for Doan's Pills, a stimulant diuretic, used successfully by millions for over 40 years. Doan's give happy relief and will help the 15 miles of kidney tubes flush out poisonous waste from your blood. Get Doan's Pills.

A "Scratching" Dog Is in Torment

Thousands of dog owners have found this good way to keep their pets from constant scratching, biting, rubbing and digging. Once a week give them a dose of Rex Hunters Dog Powders. These powders usually help to bring prompt ease from an intense itching irritation that has centered in the nerve endings of the dog's skin. The urge to scratch abates—the dog is happier, more contented. No wonder a purchaser writes: "Rex Hunters Dog Powders have given my dog great relief. Many thanks from 'Chink' and self." Why not try them on your own scratching dog. 25c at Schmid's Pet Shop, 712 Twelfth St. N.W., and leading dealers everywhere. (Economy size box for $1.00 only.)

Eyes Sore? Tired?

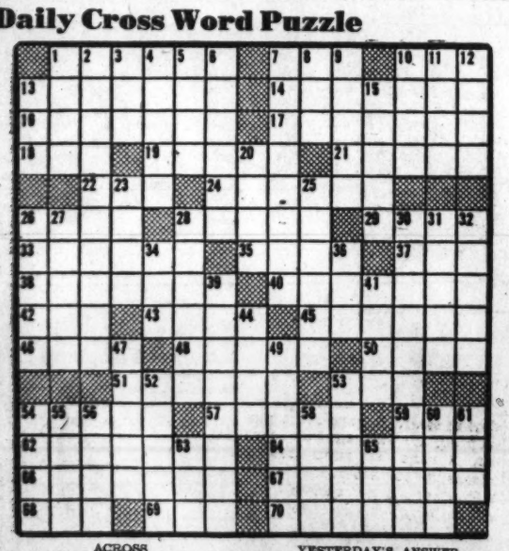
Here's prompt relief! Bathe eyes with Lavoptik. Burning, inflammation, soreness, tired feeling, itching from local irritations all relieved. Cools, soothes, refreshes or money refunded. 30 years success. Praised by thousands. Get Lavoptik today. (Eye-cup included). At all druggists.

HOUSEWIVES!!

This great medicine is *famous* to relieve pain, nervous distress and weak, tired, cranky feelings, of 'certain days'—when due to female functional monthly disturbances. Also great stomachic tonic! *Worth trying!*

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE

Daily Cross Word Puzzle



ACROSS

1 Emergence
7 Border
10 Secured
13 Wandering
14 Discipline
16 River between New York and Ontario
17 Wing membranes
18 Hebrew tribe
19 Blue
21 Upright
22 Owing
24 Enroll
26 Decline to bid
28 Russian mountains
29 Poses
33 Groups of eight
35 Nobleman
37 Prosecute
38 Athletic inclosure
40 Having two colors
42 Japanese money
43 Stuff
45 Let
46 Whirlpool
48 Decree
50 Fewer
51 Printer's mistakes
53 Portuguese money
54 Oleoresin
57 Simpletons
59 Mineral spring
62 Free
64 East Indian herbs
66 One who corrects
67 Friendships
68 Inventor of one of the wind instruments
69 Affirmative
70 Stow away a second time

DOWN

1 Silkworm
2 Spectators' section
3 Shred of cloth
4 Halting place
5 Father
6 Alarmist
7 Drove back
8 Mountain in Asia Minor
9 Devices to muffle tone
10 Stipend
11 Auricular
12 Deft
13 Goal
15 Twowheeled vehicles
20 A hook or catch
23 Consumed
25 Wagner heroin
26 Armed band
27 Performed
28 Moneylender
30 Affected with equal intensity in an earthquake shock
31 Airs
32 Plant grains
34 Twitching
36 Fish eggs
39 Directors
41 Narrative
44 One of a pair
47 Country in Arabia
49 Roman general
52 Available
53 Taste again
54 Armenian river
55 Thread: Greek
56 Holm oak
58 Covered with stars: her
60 Glance slyly
61 Equine quadruped
63 Decree
65 Roman notive

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER

Susie Q.

"You must have the wrong number . . . there's no Cuddle-Cookie here!"